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Division of Waste Management Bureau of Land and Waste Management 2600 Bull Street, Columbia, S.C.

CERTIFIED MAIL

May 13, 2025

Mr. Robert A. Kerr, Jr. Kerr Law Group, LLC 496 Bramson Court, Suite 100 Mt. Pleasant, SC 29464

Re: Final Hazardous Waste Permit Decision Pinewood Site Custodial Trust Pinewood, Sumter County, South Carolina SCD 070 375 985

Dear Mr. Kerr:

The South Carolina Department of Environmental Services (SCDES) has made a decision to issue a hazardous waste management permit to the Pinewood Site Custodial Trust for post-closure activities at the Pinewood Site. Please find the hazardous waste permit in Attachment 1 to this letter. A response to comments summary is also enclosed which was prepared as a result of the public comment period.

This action constitutes a final permit decision for the Pinewood Site. The permit is effective as of the date of this correspondence. This decision may be appealed within 30 days in accordance with the S.C. Code Ann. § 48-6-30(D)(2).

SCDES is committed to the protection of human health and the environment. SCDES appreciates all comments that were submitted during public comment period and has taken each on into consideration in making the final permit decision.



info@des.sc.gov | des.sc.gov | 803.898.3432

If you have any questions, please contact Jim Bowman at (803) 898-0259.

Sincerely,

lit M. This

Kent Krieg, Director Division of Waste Management Bureau of Land & Waste Management

Attachment 1 – Final Permit Attachment 2 – Response to Comments

cc: Leigh Plummer, Deputy Director, Pee Dee Sumter Office Jim Bowman, P.G. Bureau File #51700

Attachment 1 – Final Permit



BUREAU OF LAND AND WASTE MANAGEMENT HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT PERMIT SCD 070 375 985

Permit Effective Date:	May 13, 2025
Last Modification Effective Date:	
Permit Expiration Date:	May 13, 2035

This Permit is hereby issued to:

Facility Name:	Pinewood Site Custodial Trust (PSCT)
Facility Address:	8430 Camp Mac Boykin Road Pinewood, South Carolina 29125
Facility Contact:	Robert A. Kerr, President, Pinewood Trustee, Inc (843) 709-9804
Legal Owner Address:	496 Bramson Court, Suite 100 Mount Pleasant, South Carolina 29464

This Permit is for post-closure care of a hazardous waste disposal facility and corrective action for all solid waste management units (SWMUs) and areas of concern (AOCs) located at 8430 Camp Mac Boykin Road in Sumter County, South Carolina.

This Permit is issued pursuant to Section 44-56-10 et seq. and Regulation 61-79 of the 1976 South Carolina Code of Laws, as amended. The authority granted hereunder is subject to the requirements of the aforementioned laws and regulations and the attached conditions.

Kent Krieg, Director Division of Waste Management Bureau of Land and Waste Management

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SCD 070 375 985

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TABLE OF PERMIT MODIFICATIONS

SCD 070 375 985

Effective Date	ective Class Permit Condition		Description of Change

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Pinewood Landfill (the Site) received hazardous waste for disposal in lined cells from 1980 until 2000 when the site owner/operator entered bankruptcy and ceased all operations. There are three landfill Sections at the Pinewood Site, Sections I, II, and III. Each Section has been closed and capped. Post-closure care of the Site is conducted under the authority of this Hazardous Waste Management Post-Closure Care Permit.

On December 24, 2003, the Pinewood Site Custodial Trust (PSCT) was created by a Trust Agreement that is part of the bankruptcy settlement agreement with the previous owner. The Trust Agreement transferred management of the Pinewood Landfill to the PSCT for the closure and continued maintenance of the Site during the post-closure care period. The Trust Agreement establishes a unique relationship between the Department and the Trustee; the Trustee holds the Site permit and performs measures necessary to comply with the Site environmental permits on behalf of the State of South Carolina. However, the Department has regulatory oversite to ensure the site is managed to protect human health and the environment.

This permit requires PSCT to perform post-closure care at the site including:

- 1) Maintenance of the engineered covers over the three hazardous waste management units (Sections, I, II, and III) and institutional controls (security fencing, deed restrictions, etc.) to prevent disturbance of the three hazardous waste management units.
- 2) Management and treatment of leachate collected from the three landfill units as a remediation waste.
- 3) Operation and maintenance of a groundwater detection monitoring system designed to detect a release of leachate from the landfill. To date, the groundwater monitoring system has not detected a release of leachate into groundwater.
- 4) Identification of solid waste management units (SWMUs) and areas of concern (AOCs) and proposed corrective action for those units.

MODULE I. STANDARD CONDITIONS

I.A. <u>EFFECT OF PERMIT</u>

This Permit is issued pursuant to the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), as amended. Issuance of this Permit does not convey property rights of any sort or any exclusive privilege; nor does it authorize any injury to persons or property, any invasion of other private rights, or any infringement of state or local law or regulations. Compliance with the terms of this Permit does not constitute a defense to any order issued or any action brought under Sections 3008(a), 3008(h), 3013, or 7003 of RCRA; Sections 106(a), 104, or 107 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq., commonly known as CERCLA), or any other law providing for protection of public health or the environment. [R.61-79.270.4, 270.30(g)]

The Permittee shall perform post-closure care and corrective action in accordance with the Conditions of this Permit and any enforceable documents referenced in this Permit. Any storage, treatment, and/or disposal of hazardous waste not authorized in this Permit is prohibited, except as allowed by the South Carolina Hazardous Waste Management Regulations, R.61-79.

I.B. <u>PERMIT ACTIONS</u>

I.B.1 <u>Permit Modification, Revocation and Reissuance, and Termination</u>

This Permit may be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated for cause as specified in R.61-79.270.41, 270.42, and 270.43. The filing of a request for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or the notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance on the part of the Permittee does not stay the applicability or enforceability of any Permit Condition. [R.61-79.270.30(f)]

I.B.2 <u>Permit Renewal</u>

This Permit may be renewed as specified in Permit Condition I.E.2. Review of any application for a new permit shall consider improvements in the state of control and measurement technology, as well as changes in applicable regulations. [R.61-79.270.30(b)]

I.B.3 <u>Permit Expiration</u>

Pursuant to R.61-79.270.50, this Permit shall be effective for a fixed term not to exceed ten (10) years. This Permit and all Conditions herein will remain in effect beyond the Permit's expiration date, if the Permittee has submitted a timely,

complete application (see R.61-79.270.10, 270.13 through 270.29) and, through no fault of the Permittee, the Department has not issued a new permit, as set forth in R.61-79.270.51.

I.C. <u>SEVERABILITY</u>

The provisions of this Permit are severable, and if any provision of this Permit, or the application of any provision of this Permit to any circumstance is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances and the remainder of this Permit shall not be affected thereby.

I.D. <u>DEFINITIONS</u>

For the purposes of this Permit, terms used herein shall have the same meaning as those in R.61-79 Parts 124, 260, 264, 266, 268, and 270, unless this Permit specifically provides otherwise; where terms are not defined in the regulations or the Permit, the meaning associated with such terms shall be defined by a standard dictionary reference or the generally accepted scientific or industrial meaning of the term.

I.D.1 Approved Permit Application

For purposes of this Permit means the most recent RCRA Part A Application, Part B Application, and modifications approved by the Department for the duration of this permit.

I.D.2 Area of Concern (AOC)

For the purposes of this Permit includes any area having a probable release of a hazardous waste or hazardous constituent which is not from a solid waste management unit and is determined by the Department to pose a current or potential threat to human health or the environment. Such areas of concern may require investigation and remedial action as required under Section 3005(c)(3) of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act and R.61-79.270.32(b)(2) in order to ensure adequate protection of human health and the environment.

I.D.3 <u>Certified Laboratory</u>

For the purposes of this Permit means a laboratory that has been approved by the Department to perform specific analyses referenced in R.61-79.260 through R.61-79.270.

I.D.4 <u>Compliance Period</u>

For the purposes of the groundwater requirements of this Permit is the number of years equal to the active life of the unit prior to the Department's approval of certification of closure. The compliance period includes any period of waste management activity that may have occurred prior to permitting and begins when the owner/operator initiates a compliance monitoring program for groundwater pursuant to R.61-79.264.99.

I.D.5 <u>Contamination</u>

For the purposes of this Permit refers to the presence of any hazardous constituent in a concentration which exceeds the naturally occurring concentration of that constituent in areas not affected by the facility.

I.D.6 <u>Corrective Action</u>

For the purposes of this Permit may include all corrective actions necessary to protect human health and the environment for all releases of hazardous waste or hazardous constituents at the facility, regardless of the time at which waste was placed in the unit, as required under R.61-79.264.100(b) and 264.101. Corrective action may address releases to air, soils, surface water sediment, groundwater, or subsurface gas.

I.D.7 Corrective Action Management Unit (CAMU)

For the purposes of this Permit includes any area within a facility that is designated by the Department under R.61-79.264 Subpart S for the purpose of implementing corrective action requirements under 264.101 and RCRA Section 3008(h). A CAMU shall only be used for the management of remediation wastes pursuant to implementing such corrective action requirements at the facility.

I.D.8 <u>Department</u>

For the purposes of this Permit means the South Carolina Department of Environmental Services, including personnel thereof authorized to act on behalf of the Department.

I.D.9 Extent of Contamination

For the purposes of this Permit is defined as the horizontal and vertical area in which the concentrations of hazardous constituents in the environmental media being investigated are above the naturally occurring concentration of that constituent in areas not affected by the facility.

I.D.10 <u>Facility</u>

For the purposes of this Permit means all contiguous land, and structures, other appurtenances, and improvements on the land, used for treating, storing, or disposing of hazardous waste. A facility may consist of several treatment, storage, or disposal operation units (e.g. one or more landfills, surface impoundments, waste piles, or some combination of these). For the purpose of implementing corrective action under R.61-79.264.100 and R.61-79.264.101, a facility includes all contiguous property under the control of the owner or operator seeking a permit under Subtitle C of RCRA. The approximate facility boundary is depicted in APPENDIX E – FACILITY MAP of this Permit.

I.D.11 Hazardous Constituent

For the purposes of this Permit are those substances listed in Appendix VIII (Hazardous Constituents) of R.61-79.261 and Appendix IX (Groundwater Monitoring List) of R.61-79.264.

I.D.12 Hazardous Waste Management Unit (HWMU)

For the purposes of this Permit is a contiguous area of land on or in which hazardous waste is managed, or the largest area in which there is significant likelihood of mixing hazardous waste constituents in the same area. Examples of hazardous waste management units include surface impoundments, waste piles, land treatment areas, landfill cells, incinerators, tanks and their associated piping and underlying containment system, and container storage areas. A container alone does not constitute a unit; the unit includes containers and the land or pad upon which they are managed.

I.D.13 Interim Measures

For the purposes of this Permit are actions necessary to minimize or prevent the further migration of contaminants and limit actual or potential human and environmental exposure to contaminants while long-term corrective action remedies are evaluated and, if necessary, implemented.

I.D.14 Land Disposal

For the purposes of this Permit and R.61-79.268 means placement in or on the land except for a CAMU and includes, but is not limited to, placement in a landfill, surface impoundment, waste pile, injection well, land treatment facility, salt dome formation, underground mine or cave, or concrete vault or bunker intended for disposal purposes.

I.D.15 <u>Landfill</u>

For the purposes of this Permit includes any disposal facility or part of a facility where hazardous waste is placed in or on the land and which is not a pile, a land treatment facility, a surface impoundment, an underground injection well, a salt dome formation, a salt bed formation, an underground mine, a cave, or a corrective action management unit.

I.D.16 <u>Leachate</u>

For the purposes of this Permit means any liquid including any suspended components in the liquid, that has percolated through or drained from the hazardous waste. [R.61-79.260.10]

I.D.17 Leachate Derived Waste

For the purposes of this Permit refers to the waste that is derived from the treatment of leachate.

I.D.18 <u>Post-Closure Care Period</u>

For the purpose of this Permit the Post-closure Care Period is a 100-year period that will continue for the entire facility until December 31, 2105 (see "Trust Agreement" as defined in Permit Condition I.D.27) during which time the Permittee shall be required to maintain, monitor, and report in accordance with the appropriate requirements of R.61-79.264 Subparts F, K, L, M, N, X, the Trust Agreement, the Approved Permit Application and this Permit. The Department may modify the post-closure care period if it finds that an extended or reduced period is sufficient to protect human health and the environment. [R.61-79.264.117]

I.D.19 <u>Release</u>

For the purposes of this Permit includes any spilling, leaking, pumping, pouring, emitting, emptying, discharging, injecting, escaping, leaching, dumping, or disposing into the environment of any hazardous waste or hazardous constituents.

I.D.20 <u>Remediation Waste</u>

For the purposes of this Permit includes all solid and hazardous wastes, and all media (including air emissions, groundwater, surface water, soils and sediments) and debris, which contain listed hazardous wastes or which themselves exhibit a hazardous waste characteristic, that are managed for the purpose of implementing corrective action requirements under R.61-79.264.100, 264.101 and RCRA Section 3008(h). For a given facility, remediation wastes may originate only from within the facility boundary but may include waste managed in implementing RCRA Sections 3004(v) or 3008(h) for releases beyond the facility boundary. Per the Department's letter dated June 5, 2017 (copy included in Appendix O-1 of the Approved Permit Application), leachate generated at the Pinewood Facility meets the definition of "remediation waste."

I.D.21 <u>Schedule of Compliance/Compliance Schedule</u>

For the purposes of this Permit means a schedule of remedial measures included in this Permit, including an enforceable sequence of interim requirements (for example, actions, operations, or milestone events) leading to compliance with the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act and the South Carolina Hazardous Waste Management Regulations. [R.61-79.270.2]

I.D.22 <u>Solid Waste</u>

For the purposes of this Permit means any garbage, refuse, sludge from a waste treatment plant, water supply treatment plant, or air pollution control facility and other discarded material, including solid, liquid, semisolid, or contained gaseous material resulting from industrial, commercial, mining, and agricultural operations, and from community activities, but does not include solid or dissolved material in domestic sewage, or solid or dissolved materials in irrigation return flows or industrial discharges which are point sources subject to permits under Section 402 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (86 Stat. 880), or source, special nuclear, or byproduct material as defined by the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (68 Stat. 923).

I.D.23 Solid Waste Management Unit (SWMU)

For the purposes of this Permit includes any unit which has been used for the treatment, storage, or disposal of solid waste at any time from which hazardous constituents might migrate, irrespective of whether the unit is or ever was intended for the management of solid waste. RCRA hazardous waste management units are also solid waste management units. SWMUs include areas that have been contaminated by routine and systematic releases of hazardous waste or hazardous constituents, excluding one-time accidental spills that are immediately and adequately remediated and cannot be linked to solid waste management activities (e.g., product or process spills).

I.D.24 <u>Tank</u>

For the purposes of this Permit means a stationary device, designed to contain an accumulation of hazardous waste which is constructed primarily of non-earthen materials (e.g. wood, concrete, steel, plastic) which provide structural support. [R.61-79.260.10]

I.D.25 <u>Tank System</u>

For the purposes of this Permit means a hazardous waste storage or treatment tank and its associated ancillary equipment and containment system. [R.61-79.260.10]

I.D.26 <u>Temporary Unit (TU)</u>

For the purposes of this Permit includes any temporary tanks and/or container storage areas used solely for treatment or storage of hazardous remediation wastes during remedial activities required under R.61-79.264.101 or RCRA Section 3008(h). Designated by the Department, such units must conform to specific standards as specified in R.61-79.264.553.

I.D.27 <u>Trust Agreement</u>

For purposes of this Permit means the Pinewood Site Custodial Trust Agreement dated December 24, 2003 (see Appendix I-3 of the Approved Permit Application), First Amendment and Restatement of Pinewood Site Custodial Trust Agreement dated March 27, 2017 (see Appendix I-4 of the Approved Permit Application) and Second Amendment and Restatement of Pinewood Site Custodial Trust Agreement dated November 13, 2023 (see Appendix I-5 of the Approved Permit Application).

I.D.28 <u>Unit</u>

For the purposes of this Permit includes, but is not limited to, any landfill, surface impoundment, waste pile, land treatment unit, incinerator, injection well, tank, container storage area, septic tank, drain field, wastewater treatment unit, elementary neutralization unit, transfer station, or recycling unit.

I.E. DUTIES AND REQUIREMENTS

I.E.1 Duty to Comply

The Permittee shall comply with the Approved Permit Application and all Conditions of this Permit, except to the extent and for the duration such noncompliance is authorized by an emergency permit. Any permit noncompliance, other than noncompliance authorized by an emergency permit, constitutes a violation of RCRA and the South Carolina Hazardous Waste Management Act and is grounds for enforcement action, permit termination, revocation and reissuance, modification, or denial of a permit renewal application. [R.61-79.270.30(a)]

I.E.2 Duty to Reapply

If the Permittee intends to continue an activity allowed or required by this Permit after the expiration date of this Permit, the Permittee shall submit a complete application for a new permit at least one hundred eighty (180) days prior to permit expiration. The Permittee must comply with the public notice requirements of R.61-79.124.10. [R.61-79.270.10(h), 270.30(b)]

I.E.3 Obligation for Corrective Action

The Permittee is required to continue this Permit for any period necessary to comply with the corrective action requirements of this Permit. [R61-79.264.101, 270.1(c), 270.51]

I.E.4 <u>Need to Halt or Reduce Activity Not a Defense</u>

It shall not be a defense for the Permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the Conditions of this Permit. [R.61-79.270.30(c)]

I.E.5 <u>Duty to Mitigate</u>

In the event of noncompliance with this Permit, the Permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize releases to the environment and shall carry out such measures as are reasonable to prevent significant adverse impacts on human health or the environment. [R.61-79.270.30(d)]

I.E.6 <u>Proper Operation and Maintenance</u>

The Permittee shall at all times properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) which are installed or used by the Permittee to achieve compliance with the Conditions of this Permit. Proper operation and maintenance includes effective performance, adequate funding, adequate operator staffing and training, and adequate laboratory and process controls, including appropriate quality assurance procedures. This provision requires the operation of a backup or auxiliary facilities or similar systems only when necessary to achieve compliance with the Conditions of this Permit. [R.61-79.270.30(e)]

I.E.7 Duty to Provide Information

The Permittee shall furnish to the Department, within a reasonable time, any relevant information which the Department may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this Permit, or to determine compliance with this Permit. The Permittee shall also furnish to the Department, upon request, copies of records required to be kept by this Permit. [R.61-79.264.74(a), 270.30(h)]

I.E.8 Inspection and Entry

The Permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the Department, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents, as may be required by law, to: [R.61-79.270.30(i)]

- I.E.8(a) Enter at reasonable times upon the Permittee's premises where a regulated activity is located or conducted, or where records must be kept under the Conditions of this Permit;
- I.E.8(b) Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the Conditions of this Permit;
- I.E.8(c) Inspect, at reasonable times, any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices or operations regulated as required under this Permit; and,
- I.E.8(d) Sample or monitor, at reasonable times, for the purposes of assuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by RCRA, any substances or parameters at any location.

I.E.9 Monitoring and Records

I.E.9(a) Samples and measurements taken for the purpose of monitoring shall be representative of the monitored activity. The method used to obtain a representative sample of the waste and/or contaminated media to be analyzed must be the appropriate method from Appendix I of R.61-79.261, the U.S. EPA Region 4 <u>Quality System and Technical Procedures</u> (most recent version), or an equivalent method as specified in the waste analysis plan of the Approved Permit Application, or otherwise approved by the Department.

Laboratory methods must be those specified in the most recent edition of <u>Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste: Physical/Chemical Methods</u> (SW-846), or an equivalent method approved by the Department, and must be performed by a laboratory certified for each specific parameter pursuant to the State Environmental Laboratory Certification Regulations, R.61-81 and R.61-79.260.11. [R.61-79.270.30(j)(1)]

- I.E.9(b) The Permittee shall retain the following at the facility, or at another location as approved by the Department:
 - I.E.9(b)(i) Records of all monitoring information required under the terms of this Permit, including all calibration and maintenance records;
 - I.E.9(b)(ii) Records of all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation;
 - I.E.9(b)(iii) Copies of all reports and records required by this Permit and all data used to prepare them;

- I.E.9(b)(iv) Records of all data used to complete the application for this Permit; and,
- I.E.9(b)(v) Certification required by R.61-79.264.73(b)(9), if applicable.
- I.E.9(c) The Permittee shall retain the items required in Permit Condition I.E.9(b) for a period of at least three (3) years from the date of the sample, measurement, report, record, certification, or application, or until corrective action is completed, whichever date is later. This period may be extended by request of the Department at any time and is automatically extended during the course of any unresolved enforcement action regarding this facility.
- I.E.9(d) Groundwater monitoring records from all groundwater monitoring wells and groundwater surface elevation measurements shall be maintained for the active life of the facility and throughout the entire post-closure care period.
- 1.E.9(e) Pursuant to R.61-79.270.30(j)(3), records of monitoring information shall specify:
 - I.E.9(e)(i) The dates, exact place, and times of sampling or measurements;
 - I.E.9(e)(ii) The individuals who performed the sampling or measurements;
 - I.E.9(e)(iii) The dates analyses were performed;
 - I.E.9(e)(iv) The individuals who performed the analyses;
 - I.E.9(e)(v) The analytical techniques or methods used; and
 - I.E.9(e)(vi) The results of such analyses.
 - I.E.9(e)(vii) Monitoring results shall be reported at intervals specified by the Department. [R.61-79.270.30(l)(4)]

I.E.10 <u>Reporting Planned Changes</u>

The Permittee shall give notice to the Department as soon as possible of any planned physical alterations or additions which may impact any Hazardous Waste Management Units (HWMUs), Solid Waste Management Units (SWMUs), Areas of Concern (AOCs), or the areas contaminated by them. [R.61-79.270.30(l)(1)].

I.E.11 <u>Reporting Anticipated Noncompliance</u>

The Permittee shall give advance notice to the Department of any planned changes in the permitted facility or activity that may result in noncompliance with permit requirements. [R.61-79.270.30(l)(2)]

I.E.12 <u>Certification of Construction or Modification</u>

The Permittee may not commence treatment, storage, or disposal of hazardous waste in a new or modified unit at the facility until the Permittee has submitted to the Department, by certified mail or hand delivery, a letter signed by the Permittee and a registered professional engineer stating that the facility has been constructed or modified in compliance with the Permit; and [R.61-79.270.30(l)(2)(i)]

- I.E.12(a) The Department has inspected the modified or newly constructed facility and finds it in compliance with the Conditions of the Permit; or, [R.61-79.270.30(l)(2)(ii)(A)]
- I.E.12(b) Within 15 days of the date of submission of the letter required in Permit Condition I.E.12, the Permittee has not received notice from the Department of its intent to inspect, prior inspection is waived and the Permittee may commence treatment, storage, or disposal of hazardous waste. [R.61-79.270.30(l)(2)(ii)(B)]

I.E.13 <u>Transfer of Permits</u>

This Permit may be transferred to a new owner or operator only after approval by the Department pursuant to R.61-79.270.40 and only if the Permit is modified or revoked and reissued pursuant to R.61-79.270.41 to identify the new Permittee and incorporate such other requirements as may be necessary. Before transferring ownership or operation of the facility during its operating life, or of a disposal facility during the post-closure care period, the Permittee shall notify the new owner or operator in writing of the requirements of R.61-79.264 and 270, and this Permit.

I.E.14 Change in Facility Property

The Permittee must submit a request to the Department for a permit modification in accordance with R.61-79.270.40 or R.61-79.270.42 if any portion of the facility property as defined in either Permit Condition I.D.10, R.61-79.260.10, or depicted in APPENDIX E – FACILITY MAP is transferred to or from any agency, private person, entity, successors and assigns, trustees, and/or receivers. A request for permit modification must be submitted to the Department at least ninety (90) days prior to property transfer.

I.E.15 Monitoring Reports

Monitoring results shall be reported at the intervals specified by the Department. [R.61-79.270.30(l)(4)]

I.E.16 <u>Compliance Schedule</u>

Reports of compliance or noncompliance with, or any progress reports on, interim or final requirements contained in any compliance schedule of this permit shall be submitted no later than 14 days following each schedule date. [R.61-79.270.30(I)(5)]

I.E.17 Imminent Hazard Reporting

The Permittee shall report to the Department's Emergency Response Section at 1-888-481-0125 any noncompliance, imminent or existing hazard from a release of hazardous waste or hazardous constituents, or from a fire or explosion at the facility, which may endanger human health or the environment. The Permittee must also report to the SCDES Local Office (Sumter) and to the Department's Bureau of Land and Waste Management RCRA Permitting Project Manager. The Permittee shall also report any fire or explosion at or near a permitted unit or other hazardous waste management area. Such information shall be reported orally within twenty-four (24) hours from the time the Permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. This report shall include the following:

- I.E.17(a) Information concerning the release of any hazardous waste or hazardous constituents that may endanger public drinking water supplies. [R.61-79.270.30(l)(6)(i)(A)]
- I.E.17(b) Information concerning the release or discharge of any hazardous waste, or hazardous constituents, or a fire or explosion at the facility, which could threaten the environment or human health outside the facility, or of any fire or explosion at or near a permitted unit or other hazardous waste management area at the facility. [R.61-79.270.30(l)(6)(i)(B)]
- I.E.17(c) The description of the occurrence and its cause shall include:
 - I.E.17(c)(i) Name, address, and telephone number of the owner or operator;
 - I.E.17(c)(ii) Name, address, and telephone number of the facility;
 - I.E.17(c)(iii) Date, time, and type of incident;
 - I.E.17(c)(iv) Name and quantity of materials involved;
 - I.E.17(c)(v) The extent of injuries, if any;
 - I.E.17(c)(vi) An assessment of actual or potential hazard to the environment and human health outside the facility; and
 - I.E.17(c)(vii) Estimated quantity and disposition of recovered material that resulted from the incident. [R.61-79.270.30(l)(6)(ii)]

I.E.17(d) A written report shall also be provided to the Department within fifteen (15) calendar days of the time the Permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. The written report shall contain the information specified under Permit Conditions I.E.17(a), I.E.17(b) and I.E.17(c); a description of the noncompliance or imminent hazard and its cause; the period of noncompliance (including exact dates and times); whether the noncompliance or imminent hazard has been corrected; and if not, the anticipated time it is expected to continue; and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent recurrence of the noncompliance or imminent hazard. [R.61-79.270.30(l)(6)]

I.E.18 Manifest Discrepancy Report

If a significant discrepancy in a manifest is discovered, the Permittee must attempt to reconcile the discrepancy. If not resolved within fifteen (15) days, the Permittee must submit a letter report, including a copy of the manifest, to the Department. [R.61-79.270.30(l)(7)]

I.E.19 <u>Unmanifested Waste Report</u>

This report must be submitted to the Department within fifteen days of receipt of unmanifested waste. [R.61-79.270.30(l)(8)]

I.E.20 Other Noncompliance

The Permittee shall report all other instances of noncompliance not otherwise required to be reported by Permit Conditions I.E.15, I.E.16, and I.E.17, at the time quarterly reports are submitted. The reports shall contain the information listed in Permit Condition I.E.17, as applicable. [R.61-79.270.30(I)(10)]

I.E.21 Other Information

Whenever the Permittee becomes aware that he/she failed to submit any relevant facts or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or in any report to the Department, the Permittee shall promptly submit such facts or information. [R.61-79.270.30(I)(11)]

I.F. SIGNATORY REQUIREMENT

All applications, reports, or information submitted to the Department shall be signed and certified in accordance with R.61-79.270.11 and 270.30(k).

I.G. <u>REPORTS, NOTIFICATIONS, AND SUBMISSIONS TO THE DEPARTMENT</u>

One printed copy and one electronic copy in portable document format (PDF) of all reports, notifications, or other information required by this Permit to be submitted to

the Department should be sent to the Department by verifiable delivery at the following address:

SCDES Attn: Director Division of Waste Management Bureau of Land and Waste Management 2600 Bull Street Columbia, SC 29201

I.H. <u>CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION</u>

In accordance with R.61-79.270.12, the Permittee may claim confidential certain information required to be submitted by this Permit.

I.I. INFORMATION REPOSITORY

The Department may require the Permittee to establish and maintain an information repository at any time, based on the factors set forth in R.61-79.124.33(b). The information repository will be governed by the provisions in R.61-79.124.33(c) through (f). [R.61-79.270.30(m)]

I.J. DOCUMENTS TO BE MAINTAINED DURING POST-CLOSURE CARE PERIOD

Until post-closure care activities are completed, certified by an independent registered professional engineer, and verified by the Department, the Permittee shall maintain at the facility the following documents and amendments, revisions, and modifications to these documents:

I.J.1 <u>Permit Application</u>

The Approved Permit Application pursuant to R.61-79.270.2.

I.J.2 <u>All Reports and Documentation</u>

Regarding compliance with R.61-79.264.118 and this Permit during the postclosure care period.

I.J.3 Waste Analyses Plan

As required by R.61-79.264.13 and this Permit.

I.J.4 <u>Personnel Training Documents and Records</u>

As required by R.61-79.264.16(d) and this Permit.

I.J.5 <u>Contingency Plan</u>

As required by R.61-79.264.53(a) and this Permit.

I.J.6 <u>Operating Record</u>

As required by R.61-79.264.73 and this Permit.

I.J.7 Inspection Schedules

As required by R.61-79.264.15(b) and this Permit.

I.J.8 <u>Post-closure Plans</u>

As required by R.61-79.264.118, R.61-79.270.14(b)(13) and this Permit.

I.J.9 Documentation of Compliance

With R.61-79.264.119, R.61-79.264.120 and this Permit.

I.J.10 Annually Adjusted Cost Estimates

These requirements can be found in Section 4.05 "Budgets" of the Trust Agreement.

I.J.11 <u>Corrective Action Plan(s) and Reports</u>

As required by R.61-79.264.100 and 264.101 and this Permit.

I.J.12 Cost Estimates for Completion of Corrective Action

These requirements can be found in Section 4.05 "Budgets" of the Trust Agreement.

I.J.13 Installation Records

For all monitoring wells and all groundwater elevation data collected during the post-closure care period.

I.J.14 Groundwater Monitoring Records

Required by R.61-79.264.100 and this Permit.

I.J.15 <u>A Survey Plat and Record</u>

Of the type, location, and description of hazardous waste or hazardous constituents disposed of within the surface impoundment and landfill areas as required by R.61-79.264.119.

I.J.16 <u>All Other Documents</u>

Required by Permit Conditions I.E.9, I.E.10 and I.E.11.

MODULE II. GENERAL FACILITY CONDITIONS

II.A. DESIGN AND OPERATION OF FACILITY

The Permittee shall design, construct, maintain and operate the facility in a manner to minimize the possibility of a fire, explosion, or any unplanned sudden or non-sudden release of hazardous waste constituents to air, soil, or surface water which could threaten human health or the environment, as required by R.61-79.264.31.

II.B. LEACHATE AND LEACHATE DERIVED WASTE ANALYSIS

II.B.1 <u>Waste Analysis Procedures</u>

The Permittee shall follow the waste analysis procedures for leachate and leachate derived waste required by R.61-79.264.13, as described in the Waste Analysis Plan, Section C of the Approved Permit Application.

II.B.2 Sampling Location and Frequency

The Permittee shall collect samples of leachate and leachate derived waste at the locations and frequency specified in Table C-1 of the Approved Permit Application.

II.B.3 <u>Annual Verification of Analysis</u>

The Permittee shall verify the analysis of leachate and leachate derived waste annually as part of its quality assurance program, in accordance with Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods (SW-846), or equivalent methods approved by the Department. At a minimum, the Permittee shall maintain proper functional instruments, use approved sampling and analytical methods, verify the validity of sampling and analytical procedures, and perform correct laboratory calculations. If the Permittee uses a contract laboratory to perform analyses, then the Permittee shall inform the laboratory in writing that it must operate under the waste analysis conditions set forth in this Permit.

II.B.4 Annual Leachate Quality and Quantity Report

No later than July 31 of each year, the Permittee shall submit to the Department an annual Leachate Quality and Quantity Report in accordance with the most recent Department approved version of the *Tank Farm Raw Leachate Sampling and Analysis Plan* and *Sampling and Analysis Plan for Sumps and Leachate Treatment System* and Permit Conditions II.B.1 and II.B.2. The report must include information on trends and rapid changes in the amount of collected liquids from a sump and a copy of the raw data obtained.

II.C. <u>SECURITY</u>

The Permittee shall comply with the security provisions as specified in Section F.1 of the Approved Permit Application and R.61-79.264.14.

II.D. GENERAL INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS

The Permittee shall follow the general inspection requirements set out in R.61-79.264.15 and Section F.2 of the Approved Permit Application. The Permittee shall remedy any deterioration or malfunction discovered by an inspection as required by R.61-79.264.15(c) and the Approved Permit Application. Records of inspections shall be kept as required by R.61-79.264.15(d).

II.E. CONTINGENCY PLAN

II.E.1 Implementation of Plan

The Permittee shall immediately carry out the provisions of the Contingency Plan, Section G of the Approved Permit Application, whenever there is a fire, explosion, or release of hazardous waste or constituents that could threaten human health or the environment. As applicable, the plan must cover the requirements of R.61-79.264.50 through 264.56.

II.E.2 <u>Copies of Plan</u>

The Permittee shall maintain a copy of the Contingency Plan and all revisions to the plan at the facility and revisions to the plan submitted to all local police departments, fire departments, hospitals, and State and local emergency response teams that may be called upon to provide emergency services. Any revisions to the Contingency Plan shall be submitted to the SCDES Local Office (Sumter) and to the Department's Bureau of Land and Waste Management RCRA Permitting Project Manager. [R.61-79.264.53]

II.E.3 <u>Amendments to Plan</u>

The Permittee shall review and immediately amend, if necessary, the Contingency Plan, as required by R.61-79.264.54.

II.E.4 <u>Emergency Coordinator</u>

A trained emergency coordinator shall be available at all times in case of an emergency, as required by R.61-79.264.55.

II.F. <u>RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING</u>

The Permittee shall conduct recordkeeping and reporting as specified in this Permit.

II.F.1 <u>Operating Record</u>

The Permittee shall maintain a written operating record at the facility in accordance with R.61-79.264.73.

II.F.2 **Quarterly Report**

The Permittee shall comply with the quarterly reporting requirements of R.61-79.264.75.

II.G. <u>PERSONNEL TRAINING</u>

The Permittee shall conduct personnel training, as required by R.61-79.264.16. This training shall follow the outline described in Section H of the Approved Permit Application. The Permittee shall maintain training documents and records at the facility, as required by R.61-79.264.16(d) and (e).

II.H. SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR IGNITABLE, REACTIVE, OR INCOMPATIBLE WASTE

The Permittee shall comply with the requirements of R.61-79.264.17 and shall follow the procedures for handling ignitable, reactive and incompatible wastes set forth in Section F.5 of the Approved Permit Application.

II.I. PREPAREDNESS AND PREVENTION

II.I.1 <u>Required Equipment</u>

At a minimum, the Permittee shall maintain at the facility the equipment set forth in the approved Procedures to Prevent Hazards Plan, Section F, and the Contingency Plan, Section G, of the Approved Permit Application, as required by R.61-79.264.32.

II.I.2 Fire Alarm System

The Permittee shall maintain a fire alarm system in accordance with R.61-79.264.31 and 264.32 and as described in Section F of the Approved Permit Application.

II.I.3 <u>Testing and Maintenance of Equipment</u>

The Permittee shall test and maintain the equipment specified in Permit Condition II.I.1 and II.I.2, as necessary, to assure its proper operation in time of emergency, as required by R.61-79.264.33.

II.I.4 Access to Communications or Alarm Systems

The Permittee shall maintain access to the communications or alarm systems, as required by R.61-79.264.34.

II.I.5 <u>Required Aisle Space</u>

At a minimum, the Permittee shall maintain adequate aisle space, as required by R.61-79.264.35 and the plans and specifications described in Section F.3.b of the Approved Permit Application.

II.I.6 Arrangements with Local Authorities

The Permittee shall maintain arrangements with state and local authorities, as required by R.61-79.264.37. If state or local officials refuse to enter into preparedness and prevention arrangements with the Permittee, the Permittee must document this refusal in the operating record.

II.J. MANIFEST SYSTEM

The Permittee shall comply with the manifest requirements of R.61-79.264.71, 264.72, and 264.76.

II.K. GENERAL CLOSURE REQUIREMENTS

II.K.1 <u>Performance Standard</u>

The Permittee shall close the Leachate Remediation System and all individual components of the Leachate Remediation System identified in Permit Condition IV.B as required by R.61-79.264.111 and in accordance with the Closure Plan included in Section I of the Approved Permit Application.

II.K.2 Amendment to Closure Plan

The Permittee shall amend the Closure Plan, in accordance with R.61-79.264.112(c), whenever necessary.

II.K.3 Notification of Closure

The Permittee shall notify the Department in writing at least sixty (60) days prior to the date on which he/she expects to begin closure of any of the following: Leachate Remediation System and all individual components of the Leachate Remediation System identified in Permit Condition IV.B or final closure of the facility. [R.61-79.264.112(d)]

II.K.4 <u>Time Allowed for Closure</u>

After managing the final volume of leachate and leachate derived waste, the Permittee shall treat or remove from the units or facility all leachate and leachate derived waste and shall complete closure activities in accordance with R.61-79.264.113 and the schedules specified in the approved Closure Plan, Section I of the Approved Permit Application.

II.K.5 Disposal or Decontamination of Equipment, Structures, and Soils

The Permittee shall decontaminate and/or dispose of all contaminated equipment, structures, and soils, as required by R.61-79.264.114 and the approved Closure Plan, Section I of the Approved Permit Application.

II.K.6 <u>Certification of Closure</u>

The Permittee shall certify that the Leachate Remediation System and all individual components of the Leachate Remediation System identified in Permit Condition IV.B have been closed in accordance with the specifications in the approved Closure Plan, Section I of the Approved Permit Application. [R.61-79.264.115]

MODULE III. POST-CLOSURE CARE

III.A. MODULE HIGHLIGHTS

The conditions of this module apply to the general post-closure care requirements for the hazardous waste management units as described below in Permit Condition III.B. Post-Closure activities also include the collection, treatment and overall management of leachate and leachate derived waste from the closed landfill units in an on-site Leachate Remediation System.

III.B. UNIT IDENTIFICATION

The Permittee shall provide post-closure care for the closed hazardous waste management units (HWMUs) described below, subject to the terms and conditions of this Permit.

Hazardous Waste Management Unit(s)	Dates Unit(s) Operated*	Total Maximum Capacity	Description of Wastes Contained	Hazardous Waste Number
Section I Landfill (SWMU 15)	1978 - 1985	989,013 CY (closed)	Multi-Source Leachate	F039 See Table D-2 in the Part B permit application for a historical listing of hazardous waste codes previously treated and disposed.
Section II Landfill (SWMU 17)	1985 - 1993	2,208,401 CY (closed)	Multi-Source Leachate	F039 See Table D-2 in the Part B permit application for a historical listing of hazardous waste codes previously treated and disposed.
Section III Landfill (SWMU 30)	1992 - 2006	1,360,926 CY (closed)	Multi-Source Leachate	F039 See Table D-2 in the Part B permit application for a historical listing of hazardous waste codes previously treated and disposed.

* Dates represent when construction began until closure activities ended. The last receipt of hazardous waste at the facility was in 2000.

III.C. POST-CLOSURE PROCEDURES AND USE OF PROPERTY

III.C.1 <u>Post-Closure Care Period</u>

The Permittee shall conduct post-closure care for the hazardous waste management units described in Permit Condition III.B above. Post-closure care will be conducted for a 100-year period as defined in Permit Condition I.D.18 ending on December 31, 2105, except that the 100-year post-closure care period may be shortened upon application and demonstration, approved by the Department, that the facility is secure, or may be extended if the Department finds this is necessary to protect human health and the environment. Post-closure care shall be in accordance with R.61-79.264.117 - 120, this Permit, and the Post-Closure Plan in Section I of the Approved Permit Application.

III.C.2 Groundwater Monitoring System

The Permittee shall maintain and monitor the groundwater monitoring system and comply with all other applicable requirements of R.61-79.264 Subpart F and Module V of this Permit during the post-closure period. [R.61-79.264.117(a)(1)]

III.C.3 <u>Leachate Collection and Removal System (LCRS) and Leak Detection,</u> <u>Collection, and Removal System (LDCRS)</u>

- III.C.3(a) The Permittee shall maintain and operate the LCRS immediately above the liner in Section I, Section IIA and Section IIB to ensure that the leachate depth over the liner does not exceed two (2) feet as originally designed. This measurement is taken at the top of the sump. Collected leachate must be removed at the earliest practicable time to minimize the leachate head on the primary liner.
- III.C.3(b) The Permittee shall maintain and operate the LCRS immediately above the liner in Section IIC thru Section IIG and all of Section III to ensure that the leachate depth over the liner does not exceed one (1) foot (30 cm). Collected leachate must be removed at the earliest practicable time to minimize the leachate head on the primary liner. [R.61-79.264.301(a)(2), 264.301(c)(2)]
- III.C.3(c) The Permittee shall collect and remove pumpable liquids in the LDCRS sumps to minimize the head on the bottom liner. [R.61-79.264.301(c)(4)]

III.C.4 Landfill Requirements

The Permittee shall comply with the requirements for landfills as follows: [R.61-79.264.310(b)]:

III.C.4(a) Maintain the integrity and effectiveness of the final cover; including making

repairs to the cap, as necessary, to correct the effects of settling, subsidence, erosion, or other events;

- III.C.4(b) Continue to operate the leachate collection and removal system in accordance with the Conditions of this Permit and Section D of the Approved Permit Application until leachate is no longer detected;
- III.C.4(c) Maintain and monitor the leak detection system in accordance with R.61-79.264.301(c)(3)(iv) and (4) and 264.303(c) and comply with Section D and Appendix D-14 (Action Leakage Rate and Response Action Plan) of the Approved Permit Application;
- III.C.4(d) Prevent run-on and run-off from eroding or otherwise damaging the final cover;
- III.C.4(e) Protect and maintain surveyed benchmarks used in complying with the surveying and record keeping requirements of R.61-79.264.309.

III.C.5 French Drainage System

- III.C.5(a) The Permittee shall continue to use reasonable means to maintain the existing Perimeter French Drainage System and the Section I French Drain System in their current state.
- III.C.5(b) The Permittee shall conduct sampling of the French Drainage System and associated features in accordance with the Current Best Management Practices Operational Monitoring Program for French Drains and French Drain Manholes found in Table 3 of Appendix E-1 (Sampling and Analysis Plan) of the Approved Permit Application.
- III.C.5(c) The Permittee shall include all sampling results from the French Drainage System in the quarterly and annual reports as required in Section 11.3.2 of Appendix E-1 of the Approved Permit Application.

III.D. INSPECTIONS

III.D.1 Components, Structures and Equipment

The Permittee shall inspect the components, structures, and equipment at the site in accordance with R.61-79.264.117(a)(1)(ii) and the inspection schedule in Section F.2 and Appendix F-1 of the Approved Permit Application.

III.D.2 <u>Cover System</u>

The Permittee shall inspect the cover system(s) for uniformity, drainage, and imperfections. Soil based covers must be inspected for imperfections including

lenses, cracks, channels, root holes, or other structural non-uniformities that may cause an increase in the permeability of the cover.

III.E. NOTICES AND CERTIFICATION

III.E.1 <u>Use of Units</u>

The Permittee shall not allow any use of the units designated in Permit Condition III.B which will disturb the integrity of the final cover, liners, any components of the containment system, or the function of the facility's monitoring systems during the post-closure care period. [R.61-79.264.117(c)]

III.E.2 Amendments to Post-Closure Plan

The Permittee must request a permit modification to authorize a change in the approved post-closure plan. This request must be in accordance with applicable requirements of R.61-79 Parts 124 and 270 and must include a copy of the proposed amendments to the Approved Permit Application for approval by the Department. The Permittee shall request a permit modification whenever changes in operating plans or facility design affect the post-closure plan, or other events occur during the active life of the facility that also affect the post-closure plan. The Permittee must submit a written request for a permit modification at least sixty (60) days prior to the proposed change in facility design or operation, or no later than sixty (60) days after an unexpected event has occurred which has affected the post-closure plan. [R.61-79.264.118(d)]

III.E.3 <u>Removal Request</u>

If the Permittee or any subsequent owner or operator of the land upon which the hazardous waste disposal unit is located wishes to remove hazardous wastes and hazardous waste residues, the liner, if any; or contaminated soils, the Permittee shall request a permit modification in accordance with the applicable requirements in R.61-79.124 and 270. The Permittee or any subsequent owner or operator of the land shall demonstrate that the removal of hazardous wastes will satisfy the criteria of R.61-79.264.117(c). [R.61-79.264.119(c)]

III.E.4 <u>Certification of Completion of Post-Closure Care</u>

No later than sixty (60) days after completion of the established post-closure care period for each hazardous waste disposal unit, the Permittee shall submit to the Department, by registered mail, a certification that the post-closure care for the hazardous waste disposal unit was performed in accordance with the specifications in the approved Post-closure Plan. The certification must be signed by the Permittee and an independent registered professional engineer. Documentation supporting the independent registered professional engineer's certification must be furnished to the Department. The Permittee shall maintain financial assurance until the Department releases the Permittee from the financial assurance requirements for post-closure care.

III.F. COST ESTIMATE FOR FACILITY POST-CLOSURE CARE

III.F.1 Most Recent Cost Estimate

The Permittee's most recent post-closure cost estimate prepared in accordance with R.61-79.264.144(a) is specified in Appendix I-3 of the Approved Permit Application.

III.F.2 Cost Estimate Annual Adjustment

Requirements related to cost estimate annual adjustments can be found in Section 4.05 "Budgets" of the Trust Agreement.

III.F.3 Cost Estimate Modification

Requirements related to cost estimate modification can be found in Section 4.05 "Budgets" of the Trust Agreement.

III.F.4 Cost Estimate Record

Requirements related to cost estimate recordkeeping can be found in Section 4.05 "Budgets" of the Trust Agreement.

III.G. FINANCIAL ASSURANCE FOR FACILITY POST-CLOSURE CARE

The Permittee's financial assurance responsibilities are addressed in Section I.6 of the Approved Permit Application.

III.H. LIABILITY REQUIREMENTS

Section 1.7 of the Approved Permit Application addresses compliance with liability requirements pursuant to R.61-79.264.147.

MODULE IV. LEACHATE REMEDIATION SYSTEM

IV.A. MODULE HIGHLIGHTS

The conditions of this module apply to the requirements for operating the on-site Post-Closure Care Leachate Remediation System, which is used to collect, store and treat leachate generated from the closed hazardous waste management units identified in Permit Condition III.B. The Leachate Remediation System (LRS) includes tanks, containers, and ancillary equipment such as piping, pumps, and fans/vents. These components are located within the following units that make up the entire LRS:

- Central Tank Farm (CTF SWMU 33)
- Auxiliary Tank Farm (ATF SWMU 34)
- Leachate Treatment System (LTS SWMU 35)
- WP-2 Building (WP-2; <90-day Container Storage SWMU 32)

The individual components of the Leachate Remediation System are listed in the tables of Permit Condition IV.B. The Pinewood facility is no longer an active, operating Treatment, Storage and Disposal facility as clarified by the U.S. EPA Region IV in its March 3, 2020, letter to the Department. The site is closed and in post-closure care. Therefore, the leachate and leachate derived waste that is managed in the LRS meets the definition of "remediation waste" as defined in Permit Condition I.D.20 and is regulated under the post-closure care requirements of R.61-79.264.310 and the conditions of this module.

A complete description of the closed hazardous waste management units and the LRS can be found in Section D of the Approved Permit Application. A complete list of the ancillary equipment can be found in Table D-1 of the Approved Permit Application. Permit Condition IV.C addresses the requirements for the management of leachate and leachate derived waste in tanks. Permit Condition IV.D addresses the requirements for the management of leachate derived waste in containers. Permit Condition IV.E addresses the requirements for the management of leachate derived waste in the Condition IV.E for the management of leachate derived waste in the Containment Building designated as the Leachate Treatment System (LTS) Containment Building. Permit Condition IV.F addresses the applicability of Organic Air Emission Requirements related to R.61-79.264, Subparts AA, BB and CC.

IV.B. LEACHATE REMEDIATION SYSTEM COMPONENTS

The Permittee shall manage leachate and leachate derived waste in the Leachate Remediation System, which is composed of the Central Tank Farm (CTF), Auxiliary Tank Farm (ATF), Leachate Treatment System (LTS) and WP-2 Building. A description of the LRS can be found in Section D of the Approved Permit Application. Information Module IV -

regarding the individual components of the LRS are listed in Permit Conditions IV.B.1 (CTF components), IV.B.2 (ATF components), IV.B.3 (LTS components) and IV.B.4 (WP-2 Building components).

Component ID	SWMU #	Component Description	Туре	Volume
CTF Tank #1	33A	Leachate Storage	Tank	40,000 gal
CTF Tank #2	33B	Leachate Storage	Tank	40,000 gal
CTF Tank #3	33C	Leachate Storage	Tank	40,000 gal
CTF Tank #4	33D	Leachate Storage	Tank	40,000 gal
CTF Tank #5	33E	Leachate Storage	Tank	40,000 gal
CTF Tank #6	33F	Leachate Storage	Tank	40,000 gal
CTF Tank #7	33G	Leachate Storage	Tank	40,000 gal
CTF Tank #8	33H	Leachate Storage	Tank	40,000 gal
CTF Tank #9	331	Leachate Storage	Tank	40,000 gal
CTF Tank #10	33J	Leachate Storage	Tank	40,000 gal

IV.B.1 <u>Central Tank Farm (CTF) Individual Components</u>

NOTE: A list of ancillary equipment (i.e. pumps, fans, etc.) for the CTF can be found in Table D-1 of the Approved Permit Application.

IV.B.2 Auxiliary Tank Farm (ATF) Individual Components

Component ID	SWMU #	Component Description	Туре	Volume	
ATF Tank #1	34A	Leachate Storage	Tank	40,000 gal	
ATF Tank #2	34B	Leachate Storage	Tank	40,000 gal	
NOTE: A list of ancillary equipment (i.e. pumps, fans, etc.) for the ATF can be found in Table D-1 of the Approved Permit Application.					

IV.B.3 Leachate Treatment System (LTS) Individual Components

Component ID	SWMU #	Component Description	Туре	Volume	
LTS Containment Building	35	Leachate Treatment System Containment Building	Containment Building	30,000 gal (primary barrier); 16,000 gal (secondary barrier)	
LTS T-200	35A	Leachate Treatment Mix Tank	Tank ¹	7800 gal	
LTS T-210	35B	Leachate Treatment Sludge Tank	Tank ¹	7100 gal	
LTS T-300	35C	Caustic Soda Storage Tank ³	Tank ²	2000 gal	
LTS T-400	35D	Sulfuric Acid Storage Tank ³	Tank ²	1100 gal	
LTS T-500	35E	Sludge Conditioning Chemical Storage Tank ³	Tank ¹	500 gal	
LTS T-550	35F	Polymer Storage Tank ³	Tank ¹	240 gal	
LTS T-600	35G	Leachate Treatment Filtrate Tank	Tank ¹	2900 gal	
LTS T-700	35H	Leachate Treatment Evaporator Holding Tank	Tank ¹	14,900 gal	
LTS T-900	351	Leachate Treatment Slurry Holding Tank	Tank ¹	1500 gal	
LTS FLT-600	35J	Leachate Treatment Filter Press	Tank System ¹	26 CF	
LTS D-601	35K	Leachate Treatment Electric Sludge Dryer	Tank System ¹	26 CF	
LTS E-800	35L	Leachate Treatment Propane Fueled Evaporator	Tank System ¹	1600 gal	
LTS D-901	35M	Leachate Treatment Electric Slurry Dryer	Tank System ¹	150 gal	
Component ID	SWMU #	Component Description	Туре	Volume	
-------------------------------------------------------------------	--------	-------------------------------------------------------	------------------------	----------	--
LTS Filter Cake Container	35N	Leachate Treatment Filter Cake Roll-Off Container	Container ¹	20 CY	
LTS Dried Slurry Container	350	Leachate Treatment Dried Slurry Roll-Off Container	Container ¹	25 CY	
LTS Liquid Slurry Tanker	35P	Leachate Treatment Liquid Slurry Tanker	Container ¹	5765 gal	
¹ Unit is located within the LTS Containment Building.					

² Unit is located outside, adjacent to the LTS Containment Building and within a separate secondary containment system.

³Tank only holds treatment chemicals/materials – no leachate managed.

NOTE: A list of ancillary Equipment (i.e. pumps, fans, etc.) for the LTS can be found in Table D-1 of the Approved Permit Application.

IV.B.4 <u>WP-2 Building Individual Components</u>

Component ID	SWMU #	Component Description	Туре	Volume
WP-2 Building	32	Dry Leachate Waste Solids Container Storage (<90 days)	Containers (e.g., 25 CY roll-offs, 55- gal drums)	225 CY (Max 9 roll-offs; 25 CY/ea)

NOTE: A list of ancillary Equipment (i.e. pumps, fans, etc.) for the WP-2 Building can be found in Table D-1 of the Approved Permit Application.

IV.C. LEACHATE REMEDIATION SYSTEM TANK REQUIREMENTS

IV.C.1 <u>Tank System Highlights</u>

The LRS tanks listed in Permit Conditions IV.B.1, IV.B.2 and IV.B.3 have been designed and constructed to meet the requirements for a hazardous waste tank system [R.61-79.264, Subpart J]. A complete description of the LRS tanks and operations can be found in Section D.2 of the Approved Permit Application.

IV.C.2 Overall Tank Operation and Maintenance

The Permittee shall design, construct, operate and maintain all new and existing tanks and tank systems (secondary containment systems and ancillary equipment

associated with the tanks) in accordance with all applicable requirements of R.61-79.264 Subpart J, and as specified in Section D.2 of the Approved Permit Application.

IV.C.3 <u>Permitted Waste Storage and Treatment for Tanks</u>

The Permittee may store and/or treat leachate and leachate derived waste in the tanks identified in Permit Conditions IV.B.1, IV.B.2 and IV.B.3 (unless otherwise indicated as raw materials only) in accordance with the Approved Permit Application, subject to the terms of this Permit.

IV.C.4 <u>Prohibited Waste Storage and Treatment for Tanks</u>

The Permittee is prohibited from storing and/or treating hazardous waste that is not leachate or leachate derived waste in the tanks identified in Permit Conditions IV.B.1, IV.B.2 and IV.B.3.

IV.C.5 Secondary Containment and Integrity Assessments for Tanks

IV.C.5(a) Tank Systems with Secondary Containment

The Permittee shall design, construct, and operate the secondary containment system, in accordance with the detailed design plans and descriptions contained in Section D of the Approved Permit Application. [R.61-79.264.193(b)-(f)]

IV.C.5(b) New and Replacement Tanks

The Permittee shall have an assessment performed in all new or replacement tank systems as required by R.61-70.264.192. This assessment shall be submitted to the Department and approved prior to tank operation.

IV.C.6 <u>Tank Operating Requirements</u>

IV.C.6(a) Damage Protection

- IV.C.6(a)(i) The Permittee shall not place hazardous wastes or treatment reagents in the tank system if they could cause the tank, its ancillary equipment, or a containment system to rupture, leak, corrode, or otherwise fail. [R.61-79.264.194(a)]
- IV.C.6(a)(ii) The Permittee shall protect the tank systems from accelerated corrosion, erosion, or abrasion as required by and as specified in Section D of the Approved Permit Application.
- IV.C.6(b) Spill and Overflow Prevention

The Permittee shall use appropriate controls and practices to prevent spills and overflows from tanks or containment systems as required by R.61-79.264.194(b), and by the methods specified in Sections D.2.c and D.3.b of the Approved Permit Application.

IV.C.7 <u>Response to Leaks or Spills with Tanks</u>

In the event of a leak or a spill from the tank system, from a secondary containment system, or if a system becomes unfit for continued use, the Permittee shall remove the system from service immediately and complete the following actions: [R.61-79.264.196(a)-(f)]

IV.C.7(a) Spill or Leak Cessation

Stop the flow of hazardous waste into the system and inspect the system to determine the cause of the release.

IV.C.7(b) Spill or Leak Material Removal

Remove waste and accumulated precipitation from the system within 24 hours of the detection of the leak to prevent further release and to allow inspection and repair of the system. If the Permittee finds that it will be impossible to meet this time period, the Permittee shall notify the Department and demonstrate that the longer time period is required. If the collected material is a RCRA hazardous waste, it must be managed in accordance with all applicable requirements of R.61-79, Parts 262-264. The Permittee shall note that if the collected material is discharged through a point source to U.S. waters or to a Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTW), it is subject to requirements of the Clean Water Act. If the collected material is released to the environment, it may be subject to reporting under 40 CFR Part 302.

IV.C.7(c) Spill or Leak Cleanup

Contain visible releases to the environment. The Permittee shall immediately conduct a visual inspection of all releases to the environment and based on that inspection: (1) prevent further migration of the leak or spill to soils or surface water and (2) remove and properly dispose of any visible contamination of the soil or surface water.

IV.C.7(d) Tank System Closure or Repair

Close the system in accordance with the Closure Plan in Appendix I-1 of the Approved Permit Application unless the following actions are taken:

- IV.C.7(d)(i) For a release caused by a spill that has not damaged the integrity of the system, the Permittee shall remove the released waste and make any necessary repairs to fully restore the integrity of the system before returning the tank system to service.
- IV.C.7(d)(ii) For a release caused by a leak from the primary tank system to the secondary containment system, the Permittee shall repair the primary system prior to returning it to service.
- IV.C.7(d)(iii) For a release to the environment caused by a leak from a component of the tank system that is below ground and does not have secondary containment, the Permittee must provide this component with secondary containment that meets the requirements of R.61-79.264.193 before the component can be returned to service.
- IV.C.7(d)(iv) For a release to the environment caused by a leak from the aboveground portion of the tank system that does not have secondary containment, and can be visually inspected, the Permittee shall repair the tank system before returning it to service.
- IV.C.7(d)(v) For a release to the environment caused by a leak from the portion of the tank system component that is not readily available for visual inspection, the Permittee shall provide secondary containment that meets the requirements of R.61-79.264.193 before the component can be returned to service.
- IV.C.7(d)(vi) If the Permittee replaces a component of the tank system to eliminate the leak, that component must satisfy the requirements for new tank systems or components in R.61-79.264.192 and 264.193.
- IV.C.7(e) Tank System Repair Certification

For all major repairs to eliminate leaks or restore the integrity of the tank system, the Permittee must obtain a certification by an independent, qualified, registered professional engineer that the repaired system is capable of handling hazardous wastes without release for the intended life of the system before returning the system to service. Examples of major repairs are: installation of an internal liner, repair of a ruptured tank, or repair or replacement of a secondary containment vault.

IV.C.8 <u>Tank Inspection Schedules and Procedures</u>

IV.C.8(a) Tank System Integrity Inspections

The Permittee shall inspect the integrity of all tank systems in accordance with Section F.2.b and Appendix F-1 of the Approved Permit Application. A copy of the most recent tank system integrity inspection report shall be maintained in the Facility Operating Record and made available upon Department request. A copy of the report shall also be included in the facility's permit renewal application.

IV.C.8(b) Inspection Schedule

The Permittee shall inspect the tank systems, in accordance with the Inspection Schedule, in Section F.2 and Appendix F-1 of the Approved Permit Application, and shall complete the items in Permit Conditions IV.C.8(c) and IV.C.8(d) as part of those inspections.

IV.C.8(c) Overfill Control Inspection

Permittee shall inspect the overfill controls, in accordance with the Inspection Schedule in Section F.2 and Appendix F-1 of the Approved Permit Application. [R.61-79.264.195(a)]

IV.C.8(d) Other Tank System Component Inspection

The Permittee shall inspect the following components of the tank system once each operating day: [R.61-79.264.195(b)]

- IV.C.8(d)(i) Aboveground portions of the tank system, if any, to detect corrosion or releases of waste;
- IV.C.8(d)(ii) Data gathered from monitoring and leak detection equipment (e.g., pressure or temperature gauges, monitoring wells) to ensure that the tank system is being operated according to its design;
- IV.C.8(d)(iii) Construction materials and the area immediately surrounding the externally accessible portion of the tank system, including the secondary containment system, to detect erosion or signs of releases of hazardous waste (e.g., wet spots, dead vegetation).
- IV.C.8(e) Tank System Inspection Documentation

The Permittee shall document compliance with Permit Conditions IV.C.8(a) thru IV.C.8(d) and place this documentation in the operating record for the facility. [R.61-79.264.195(h)]

IV.C.9 <u>Tank Recordkeeping and Reporting</u>

IV.C.9(a) Immediate Tank or Spill Report

The Permittee shall report to the Department, within 24 hours of detection, when a leak or spill occurs from the tank system or secondary containment system to the environment. [R.61-79.264.196(d)(1)] (A leak or spill of one (1) pound or less of hazardous waste, that is immediately contained and cleaned-up, need not be reported.) [R.61-79.264.196(d)(2)] (Releases that are totally contained within a secondary containment system need not be reported). If the Permittee has reported the release pursuant to 40 CFR Part 302, this report satisfies the requirements of this Permit Condition. [R.61-79.264.196(d)(1)]

IV.C.9(b) Follow-up Leak or Spill Report

Within 30 days of detecting a release to the environment from the tank system or secondary containment system, the Permittee shall report the following information to the Department: [R.61-79.264.196(d)(3)]

- IV.C.9(b)(i) Likely route of migration of the release;
- IV.C.9(b)(ii) Characteristics of the surrounding soil (including soil composition, geology, hydrogeology, and climate);
- IV.C.9(b)(iii) Results of any monitoring or sampling conducted in connection with the release. If the Permittee finds it will be impossible to meet this time period, the Permittee should provide the Department with a schedule of when the results will be available. This schedule must be provided before the required 30-day submittal period expires;
- IV.C.9(b)(iv) Proximity of downgradient drinking water, surface water, and populated areas; and,
- IV.C.9(b)(v) Description of response actions taken or planned.
- IV.C.9(c) Tank System Repair Certification

The Permittee shall submit to the Department all certifications of major repairs to correct leaks within seven (7) days from returning the tank system to use. [R.61-79.264.196(f)]

IV.C.9(d) Design and Installation Certification

The Permittee shall obtain, and keep on file at the facility, the written statements by those persons required to certify the design and installation of the tank system. [R.61-79.264.192(g)]

IV.C.9(e) Tank System Integrity Assessment

The Permittee shall keep on file at the facility the written assessment of the tank system's integrity. [R.61-79.264.191(a)]

IV.C.9(f) Record of Leak and Integrity Tests

The Permittee shall maintain at the facility a record of the results of leak tests and integrity tests conducted, in accordance with applicable Permit Conditions.

IV.C.10 Tank Closure and Post-Closure Care

IV.C.10(a) Closure Procedures

At closure of the tank system(s), the Permittee shall follow the procedures in the Closure Plan in Section I and Appendix I-1 of the Approved Permit Application. [R.61-79.264.197(a)]

IV.C.10(b) Inability to Close by Removal or Decontamination

If the Permittee demonstrates that not all contaminated soils can be practically removed or decontaminated, in accordance with the Closure Plan in Section I of the Approved Permit Application, then the Permittee shall close the tank system(s) and perform post-closure care in accordance with the closure and post-closure care requirements that apply to landfills. [R.61-79.264.197(b) and all applicable Subparts required in G and H of R.61-79.264]

IV.C.11 Special Tank Provisions for Ignitable or Reactive Wastes

IV.C.11(a) Ignitable or Reactive Waste Placement

The Permittee shall not place ignitable or reactive waste in the tank system or in the secondary containment system, unless the procedures specified in Section D.2.a and Section D.2.c of the Approved Permit Application are followed. [R.61-79.264.198(a)].

IV.C.11(b) Ignitable or Reactive Waste Setbacks

The Permittee shall comply with the requirements for the maintenance of protective distances between the waste management area and any public ways, streets, alleys, or an adjoining property that can be built upon, as required in Tables 2-1 through 2-6 of the National Fire Protection Association's "Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code" (1977 or 1981). [R.61-79.264.198(b)]

IV.C.12 Special Tank Provisions for Incompatible Wastes

IV.C.12(a) Placement in Same Tank

The Permittee shall not place incompatible wastes, or incompatible wastes and materials, in the same tank system or the same secondary containment system, unless the procedures specified in Section F.5.d of the Approved Permit Application are followed. [R.61-79.264.199(a)]

IV.C.12(b) Placement in Un-decontaminated Tank

The Permittee shall not place hazardous waste in a tank system that has not been decontaminated and that previously held an incompatible waste or material, unless the requirements of R.61-79.264.17(b) are met. [R.61-79.264.199(b)]

IV.D. LEACHATE REMEDIATION SYSTEM CONTAINER REQUIREMENTS

IV.D.1 <u>LRS Container Highlights</u>

The container storage areas listed in Permit Condition IV.B.3 are located within the LTS Containment Building and have been designed and constructed to meet the requirements for use and management of hazardous waste containers [R.61-79.264, Subpart I]. The container storage area listed in Permit Condition IV.B.4 is located within the WP-2 Building (SWMU 32) and can only store <u>dry</u> hazardous waste for no more than 90 days. A complete description of the container storage areas and its operations can be found in Section D.1 of the Approved Permit Application.

IV.D.2 <u>Permitted Waste for Containers</u>

The Permittee may store leachate and leachate derived waste in containers identified in Permit Condition IV.B.3 and dry hazardous waste in containers identified in Permit Condition IV.B.4 (less than 90 days) in accordance with the Approved Permit Application and subject to the terms of this Permit.

IV.D.3 <u>Prohibited Waste for Containers</u>

The Permittee is prohibited from receiving any hazardous waste from off-site as well as storing and/or treating hazardous waste that is not leachate derived waste in the containers identified in Permit Condition IV.B.

IV.D.4 <u>Condition of Containers</u>

If a container holding hazardous waste is not in good condition (e.g., severe rusting, apparent structural defects) or if it begins to leak, the Permittee shall transfer the hazardous waste from such container to a container that is in good condition or otherwise manage the waste in compliance with the conditions of this Permit and the requirements of R.61-79.264 Subpart I. [R.61-79.264.171]

IV.D.5 <u>Compatibility of Waste With Containers</u>

The Permittee must use a container made of or lined with materials which will not react with, and are otherwise compatible with, the hazardous waste to be stored, so that the ability of the container to contain the waste is not impaired. [R.61-79.264.172]

IV.D.6 Management of Containers

The Permittee shall keep all containers closed during storage, except when it is necessary to add or remove waste, and shall not open, handle, or store containers in a manner that may rupture the container or cause it to leak. [R.61-79.264.173]

IV.D.7 <u>Containment Systems for Container Areas</u>

The Permittee shall maintain the containment system in accordance with R.61-79.264.175 and Section D of the Approved Permit Application.

IV.D.8 Container Area Inspection Schedules and Procedures

The Permittee shall inspect the container area weekly (generally every seven days, not to exceed any nine-day calendar interval), in accordance with the Inspection Schedule, included in Appendix F-1 of Section F of the Approved Permit Application, to detect leaking containers and deterioration of containers and the containment system caused by corrosion and other factors. [R.61-79.264.174]

IV.D.9 <u>Container Recordkeeping</u>

The Permittee shall place the results of all waste analyses and trial tests and any other documentation showing compliance with the requirements of Permit Conditions IV.D.11 and IV.D.12 and R.61-79.264.17(a) & (b) and 264.177 in the facility operating record. [R.61-79.264.73]

IV.D.10 <u>Container Area Closure</u>

At closure of the container areas, the Permittee shall remove all hazardous waste and hazardous waste residues from the containment system and surrounding areas, in accordance with the procedures in the approved Closure Plan contained in Section I and Appendix I-1 of the Approved Permit Application and R.61-79.264.112 and 264.178.

IV.D.11 Special Container Provisions for Ignitable or Reactive Waste

IV.D.11(a) Ignitability or Reactive Waste Setback

The Permittee shall not locate containers holding ignitable or reactive waste within 15 meters (50 feet) of the facility's property line. [R.61-79.264.176]

IV.D.11(b) Ignitability or Reactive Waste Precautions

The Permittee shall take precautions to prevent accidental ignition or reaction of ignitable or reactive waste and follow the procedures specified in Section F.5 of the Approved Permit Application. [R.61-79.264.17(a) and 264.176]

IV.D.12 Special Container Provisions for Incompatible Waste

IV.D.12(a) Placement in Same Container

The Permittee shall not place incompatible wastes, or incompatible wastes and materials, in the same container unless R.61-79.264.17(b) is complied with and the procedures specified in Section F.5 of the Approved Permit Application are followed. [R.61-79.264.177(a)]

IV.D.12(b) Placement in Unwashed Container

The Permittee shall not place hazardous waste in an unwashed container that previously held an incompatible waste or material. [R.61-79.264.177(b)]

IV.E. <u>LEACHATE TREATMENT SYSTEM CONTAINMENT BUILDING</u> <u>REQUIREMENTS</u>

IV.E.1 <u>Containment Building Highlights</u>

The Leachate Treatment System Containment Building (LTS) listed in Permit Condition IV.B.3 has been designed and constructed to meet the requirements for a hazardous waste containment building [R.61-79.264, Subpart DD]. A complete description of the LTS Containment Building and its operations can be found in Section D.3.b of the Approved Permit Application.

IV.E.2 <u>Permitted Waste Storage for Containment Building</u>

The Permittee may treat and/or store leachate and leachate derived waste in the containment building within the components of the LTS identified in Permit Condition IV.B.3 in accordance with the Approved Permit Application, subject to the terms of this Permit.

IV.E.3 Prohibited Waste Storage and Treatment for Containment Building

The Permittee is prohibited from storing and/or treating hazardous waste that is not leachate or leachate derived waste in the LTS Containment Building identified Permit Condition IV.B.3.

IV.E.4 <u>Containment Building Operating Requirements</u>

IV.E.4(a) Compatibility of Waste with Containment Building

Incompatible hazardous wastes or treatment reagents must not be placed in the unit or its secondary containment system if they could cause the unit or secondary containment system to leak, corrode or otherwise fail. [R.61-79.264.1101(a)(3)]

IV.E.4(b) Maintenance of Primary Barrier

The Permittee must maintain the primary barrier free of significant cracks, gaps, corrosion, or other deterioration that could cause hazardous waste to be released from the primary barrier as specified in Section D.3.b of the Approved Permit Application. [R.61-79.264.1101(c)(1)(i)]

IV.E.4(c) Spill and Overflow Prevention

The LTS is designed to manage hazardous waste in tank systems and containers that are located above the floor within the LTS Containment Building. In the event of a spill or leak, the Permittee must maintain the level of the stored/treated hazardous waste within the height (0.5 feet) of the containment walls of the unit as specified in Section D.3.b of the Approved Permit Application. [R.61-79.264.1101(c)(1)(ii)]

IV.E.4(d) Prevention of Tracking Hazardous Waste

The Permittee must take measures to prevent tracking of hazardous waste out of the unit by personnel or by equipment used in handling the waste as specified in Section D.3.b of the Approved Permit Application. [R.61-79.264.1101(c)(1)(iii)]

IV.E.4(e) Proper Decontamination of Equipment

Decontamination of contaminated equipment in the unit must be conducted in the designated area as specified in Section D.3.b of the Approved Permit Application, and any rinsate must be collected and properly managed. [R.61-79.264.1101(c)(1)(iii)]

IV.E.4(f) Fugitive Dust Emissions

The Permittee must take measures to control fugitive emissions such that any openings (doors, windows, vents, cracks, etc.) from the Containment Building exhibit no visible emissions, as specified in Section D.3.b of the Approved Permit Application. This state of no visible emissions must be maintained effectively at all times during routine operating and maintenance conditions, including when vehicles and personnel are entering and exiting the unit. [R.61-79.264.1101(c)(1)(iv)]

IV.E.4(g) Management of Containers in the Containment Building

The Permittee must manage all containerized leachate derived waste in the Containment Building in accordance with the applicable portions of Permit Condition IV.D and with Section D.3.b of the Approved Permit Application.

IV.E.4(h) General

The Containment Building shall be designed, operated and maintained as described in Section D.3.b of the Approved Permit Application.

IV.E.5 <u>Professional Engineer Certification for Containment Building</u>

The Permittee shall obtain and keep on-site a certification by a qualified Professional Engineer that the containment building design meets the requirements of R.61-79.264.1101(a), (b) and (c). [R.61-79.264.1101(c)(2)]

IV.E.6 <u>Containment Building Inspection Schedules and Procedures</u>

- IV.E.6(a) The Permittee shall inspect the LTS Containment Building and the area immediately surrounding the Containment Building at least once per day as specified in Appendix F-1 of the Approved Permit Application, to ensure the integrity of the unit and to detect presence of free liquids and/or leaks, deterioration, fugitive dust emissions and any other signs of releases of hazardous waste. [R.61-79.264.1101(c)(4)]
- IV.E.6(b) The Permittee shall inspect and record in the facility's operating record, at least once every seven days, data gathered from monitoring and leak detection. [R.61-79.264.1101(c)(4)]

IV.E.7 <u>Containment Building Recordkeeping and Reporting</u>

IV.E.7(a) Detection of Condition for Potential Release of Hazardous Waste

Throughout the active life of the Containment Building, if the Permittee detects a condition that could lead to or has caused a release of hazardous waste, the Permittee must repair the condition promptly in accordance with the procedures specified in Permit Conditions IV.E.7(b) thru IV.E.7(d).

- IV.E.7(b) Upon detection of a condition that could lead to or has caused a release of hazardous waste (e.g., upon detection of leakage from the primary barrier), the Permittee must:
 - IV.E.7(b)(i) Enter a record of the discovery in the facility operating record [R.61-79.264.1101(c)(3)(i)(A)];
 - IV.E.7(b)(ii) Immediately remove portion of the Containment Building affected by the condition from service [R.61-79.264.1101(c)(3)(i)(B)];
 - IV.E.7(b)(iii) Determine what steps must be taken to repair the Containment Building, remove any leakage from the secondary collection system, and establish a schedule for accomplishing the cleanup and repairs [R.61-79.264.1101(c)(3)(i)(C)]; and,
 - IV.E.7(b)(iv) Within seven (7) days after discovery of the condition, notify the Department of the condition, and within 14 working days, provide a written notice to the Department with a description of the steps taken to repair the Containment Building, and the schedule for accomplishing the work. [R.61-79.264.1101(c)(3)(i)(D)]
- IV.E.7(c) The Department will review the information submitted, make a determination regarding whether the Containment Building must be removed from service completely or partially until repairs and cleanup are complete, and notify the Permittee of the determination and the underlying rationale in writing within one (1) week of receiving this information. [R.61-79.264.1101(c)(3)(ii)]
- IV.E.7(d) Upon completing all repairs and cleanup, and at least three (3) days prior to returning the unit to service, the Permittee must notify the Department in writing and provide verification, signed by a qualified, registered professional engineer, that the repairs and cleanup have been completed according to the written plan submitted in accordance with Permit Condition IV.E.7(b)(iv) and R.61-79.264.1101(c)(3)(i)(D). [R.61-79.264.1101(c)(3)(iii)]

IV.E.7(e) Inspection Records

The Permittee shall maintain at the facility a record of the results of all inspection performed in accordance with Permit Condition IV.E.6 and as required by R.61-79.264.1101(c)(4).

IV.E.8 Containment Building Closure and Post-Closure Care

IV.E.8(a) Closure Procedures

At closure of the Containment Building, the Permittee shall follow the procedures in the Closure Plan in Section I and Appendix I-1 of the Approved Permit Application and R.61-79.264.1102(a).

IV.E.8(b) Inability to Close by Removal or Decontamination

If the Permittee demonstrates that not all contaminated soils can be practically removed or decontaminated, in accordance with the Closure Plan, then the Permittee shall close the Containment Building and perform post-closure care in accordance with the closure and post-closure requirements that apply to landfills (264.310). [R.61-79.264.1102(b)]

IV.E.9 Special Containment Building Requirements for Ignitable or Reactive Waste

The Permittee shall take precautions to prevent accidental ignition or reaction of ignitable or reactive waste and follow the procedures in Section F.5 of the Approved Permit Application to ensure that no reactive waste will be managed in the Containment Building. [R.61-79.264.17(a)]

IV.E.10 Special Containment Building Requirements for Incompatible Waste

The Permittee shall not treat or store ignitable or reactive waste or mix incompatible waste or incompatible wastes and other materials in the Containment Building unless the procedures specified in Section F.5 of the Approved Permit Application are followed and compliance with Permit Condition IV.E.4(a) and R.61-79.264.17(b) are demonstrated. [R.61-79.264.17(b) and 264.1101(a)(3)]

IV.F. RCRA ORGANIC AIR EMISSION REQUIREMENTS

IV.F.1 <u>Subpart AA Applicability</u>

R.61-79.264, Subpart AA does not apply to any of the components of the LRS listed in Permit Condition IV.B. The applicability of R.61-79.264, Subpart AA is also addressed in Section M of the Approved Permit Application.

IV.F.2 <u>Subpart BB Applicability</u>

The equipment associated with the components of the LRS listed in Permit Condition IV.B does not manage hazardous waste with organic concentrations of at least 10 percent by weight. Therefore, the requirements of R.61-107.264, Subpart BB do not apply. The applicability of R.61-79.264, Subpart BB is also addressed in Section N of the Approved Permit Application. A list of the LRS ancillary equipment can be found in Table D-1 of the Approved Permit Application.

IV.F.3 <u>Subpart CC Applicability</u>

Leachate is a remediation waste as defined in Permit Condition I.D.20. The components of the LRS listed in Permit Condition IV.B are used solely for the onsite treatment and storage of leachate generated at the facility. Pursuant to R.61-79.264.1080(b)(7), the requirements of R.61-79.264, Subpart CC do not apply to waste management units used for this purpose. The applicability of R.61-79.264, Subpart CC is also addressed in Section O and Appendix O-1 of the Approved Permit Application.

IV.G. <u>COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE</u>

The Permittee shall provide the following information to the Department:

item	Date Due to the Department
Add impermeable coating (e.g. epoxy) to	Must be completed before managing
the Auxiliary Tank Farm (ATF) secondary	leachate in either Auxiliary Tank #1
containment system	or Auxiliary Tank #2.

MODULE V. POST-CLOSURE CARE GROUNDWATER REQUIREMENTS

V.A. MODULE HIGHLIGHTS

This module presents Permit Conditions which address the regulatory requirements for a detection monitoring program in accordance with R.61-79.264. The groundwater monitoring portion of the Permit describes the location, number, and depths of groundwater monitoring wells; identifies which wells are upgradient and downgradient, specifies the sampling and analysis protocols for groundwater detection monitoring program, the statistical evaluations to be conducted, and the procedures for modifying the Permit if changes to the groundwater detection monitoring program are necessary.

V.B. <u>POINT OF COMPLIANCE</u>

The Point of Compliance (POC) is a vertical surface located at the hydraulically downgradient limit of the Hazardous Waste Management Units (HWMUs) that extends down to the base of the uppermost aquifer underlying the regulated units. Each hydrologic unit comprising the uppermost aquifer system requires a hydrologic specific POC. Three HWMUs are currently recognized for monitoring purposes: Section I, II, and III.

V.B.1 Section I Landfill (SWMU 15)

In map view, the POC is represented in Figures E-7-1a through E-7-1e of the Approved Permit Application as a line running through the POC wells around landfill Section I. Groundwater monitoring wells designated POC Section I in Table E-7-1 of the Approved Permit Application will constitute the Section I POC detection monitoring network. Vertically, the POC extends to the top of the Upper Black Creek-A/Upper Black Creek-B confining unit, which is identified as the base of the uppermost aquifer.

V.B.2 Section II Landfill (SWMU 17)

In map view, the POC is represented in Figures E-7-1a through E-7-1e of the Approved Permit Application as a line running through the POC wells around Section II. Groundwater monitoring wells designated POC Section II in Table E-7-1 of the Approved Permit Application will constitute the Section II POC detection monitoring network. Vertically, the POC extends to the top of the Upper Black Creek-A/Upper Black Creek-B confining unit, which is identified as the base of the uppermost aquifer.

V.B.3 <u>Section III Landfill (SWMU 30)</u>

In map view, the POC is represented in Figures E-7-1a through E-7-1e of the Approved Permit Application as a line running through the POC wells around Section III. Groundwater monitoring wells designated POC Section III in Table E-7-1 of the Approved Permit Application will constitute the Section III POC detection monitoring network. Vertically, the POC extends to the top of the Upper Black Creek-A/Upper Black Creek-B confining unit, which is identified as the base of the uppermost aquifer.

V.C. <u>COMPLIANCE PERIOD</u>

The Permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of R.61-79.264 Subpart F for the duration of the compliance period. The compliance period is equal to the 100-year post-closure care period as defined in Permit Condition I.D.18. If the Permittee is engaged in a corrective action program at the end of the compliance period, the compliance period is extended until the owner or operator can demonstrate that the groundwater protection standard (GWPS) has not been exceeded for a period of three (3) consecutive years. [R.61-79.264.96]

V.D. DETECTION MONITORING PROGRAM

The Permittee shall implement and maintain a groundwater monitoring program capable of detecting the earliest possible contaminant leakage from the HWMUs. Groundwater monitoring shall be conducted in accordance with the requirements of R.61-79.264.97 and R.61-79.264.98 and as specified by the Conditions of the Permit.

V.E. INDICATOR PARAMETERS AND MONITORING CONSTITUENTS

The Permittee shall monitor background and point of compliance wells listed in Table E-7-1 of the Approved Permit Application for the parameters and constituents specified in Table E-7-1 of the Approved Permit Application, as established pursuant to R.61-79.264.98(a).

V.F. <u>BACKGROUND</u>

V.F.1 Organic Parameters

The standards for background groundwater quality are the PQLs (practical quantitation limits) specified in R.61-79.264 Appendix IX: Groundwater Monitoring List. If the analytical laboratory is able to achieve a PQL lower than the value specified in the Groundwater Monitoring List, then the laboratory PQL shall be used in the determination of a statistically significant increase in groundwater pursuant to Permit Condition V.G.1(a).

V.F.2 <u>Inorganic Parameters</u>

The Permittee will establish background values for metals using the statistical procedures described in Section E.6.c and Section E.6.d in the Approved Permit Application.

V.F.3 Indicator Parameters

The Permittee will establish background values for the indicator parameters (chloride, pH, specific conductance, and total dissolved solids) using the statistical procedures described in Section E.6.d of the Approved Permit Application.

V.G. <u>STATISTICS</u>

V.G.1 <u>Statistical Procedures</u>

The Permittee shall determine whether there is a statistically significant increase over background values for each parameter identified in Permit Condition V.E each time groundwater quality is determined at the compliance point. In determining whether such an increase has occurred, the Permittee must compare the groundwater quality at each point of compliance monitoring well specified in Table E-7-1 of the Approved Permit Application with the background values using the statistical procedures specified in Sections E.6.d of the Approved Permit Application and as specified in the Conditions of the Permit.

V.G.1(a) Organic Parameters

An organic detection above the PQL will be considered a potentially significant change in groundwater quality.

V.G.1(b) Metals and Indicator Parameters

Detections of metals and indicator parameters (pH, conductivity, chloride, and TDS) in POC wells will be compared with the background values using the statistical procedures described in Section E.6.d of the Approved Permit Application. Statistical failure of both inter-well and intra-well analyses for a POC well will indicate a potentially significant change in groundwater quality.

V.G.1(c) Resampling of Potentially Significant Detections

If the Permittee determines pursuant to Permit Conditions V.G.1(a) and V.G.1(b) that there is a potentially significant change in groundwater quality, the Permittee must resample the potentially affected well(s) within seven (7) days for the parameter(s) that exceeded the PQL or established

background value. If the potentially significant change is confirmed, the Permittee shall respond in accordance with Permit Condition V.K.1.

V.H. WELL LOCATION, INSTALLATION AND CONSTRUCTION

The Permittee shall design, install and maintain a groundwater monitoring system capable of detecting a release of hazardous waste or hazardous waste constituents from the HWMUs to the uppermost aquifer. The groundwater monitoring system must comply with applicable requirements of R.61-79.264 Subpart F and as specified below.

V.H.1 Point of Compliance Well System

The appropriately designated monitoring wells listed in Table E-7-1 of the Approved Permit Application will be used to monitor groundwater quality at the POC. These monitoring wells constitute the POC monitoring well system.

V.H.2 Background Monitoring Wells

The appropriately designated monitoring wells listed in Table E-7-1 of the Approved Permit Application will be used to monitor background groundwater quality. These monitoring wells constitute the background monitoring well system.

V.H.3 <u>Water Level Monitoring Wells</u>

The Permittee shall maintain monitoring wells designated as "Other" in Table E-7-1 of the Approved Permit Application for the sole purpose of measuring groundwater elevations around the HWMUs.

V.H.4 Additional Wells

The Permittee shall install additional wells as necessary to maintain compliance with R.61-79.264 Subpart F requirements. A proposal for the design, location and installation of any additional well(s) shall be submitted to the Department for approval at least 45 days prior to planned installation. Written approval must be obtained prior to installation of any monitoring well.

V.H.5 <u>Well Design, Installation and Maintenance</u>

The Permittee shall ensure that all wells are designed, installed, and maintained such that groundwater samples are representative of the true water quality. Additionally, the wells shall be designed, installed and monitored in such a manner to prevent interconnection between different hydrologic units. Failure of any well(s) to meet the standards described herein shall not interfere with the groundwater monitoring program.

V.H.6 <u>Well Construction Details</u>

The Permittee shall report the surveyed elevation of monitoring well(s) to the nearest 0.01 foot within forty-five (45) days of installation along with as-built drawings and lithologic logs. The Permittee shall also report the total well depth, screened interval, elevation of the top of casing, ground surface and protective casing.

V.H.7 <u>Well Abandonment</u>

The Permittee shall properly abandon any well(s) not meeting the standard of Permit Condition V.I. A proposal for specific well abandonment procedures shall be submitted to the Department for approval at least thirty (30) days prior to beginning abandonment procedures.

V.I. SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS PROCEDURES

The Permittee shall use the following techniques and procedures when obtaining and analyzing groundwater samples from the groundwater monitoring wells described in Permit Condition V.H to provide a reliable indication of groundwater quality as required under R.61-79.264.97(d) and (e).

V.I.1 <u>Sampling Procedures</u>

Groundwater samples shall be collected, preserved, and shipped in accordance with the procedures specified in the Sampling and Analysis Plan (Appendix E-1 of the Approved Permit Application).

V.I.2 <u>Sampling Frequency</u>

The Permittee shall ensure that the frequency of sample collection and the wells to be sampled are in accordance with Table 1 of the Sampling and Analysis Plan (Appendix E-1 of the Approved Permit Application).

V.I.3 Chain of Custody

Groundwater samples shall be tracked and controlled using the chain-of-custody procedure specified in the Sampling and Analysis Plan (Appendix E-1 of the Approved Permit Application).

V.I.4 <u>Analysis</u>

Samples shall be analyzed according to the Sampling and Analysis Plan (Appendix E-1 of the Approved Permit Application) and the Quality Assurance Project Plan (Appendix E-11 of the Approved Permit Application) or the most current final version of EPA Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste: Physical/Chemical

Methods (SW-846), using whichever procedure is more recent at the time of analysis. For those constituents that have established Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCL) or Regional Screening Levels (RSL), the analytical method chosen must be capable of achieving a Practical Quantitation Limit (PQL) below the established MCL or RSL. For those constituents which do not have an established MCL or RSL, the analytical method must achieve the lowest reasonably achievable PQL based on instrumentation and analytical method.

V.I.5 <u>Annual Appendix IX Analyses</u>

Annually, the Permittee shall sample five wells associated with the detection monitoring program for analysis of Appendix IX parameters (Groundwater Monitoring List), excluding dioxin, furans, and PCBS. Dioxins, furans, and PCBs will be included in the Appendix IX analysis every three years. At least 30 days prior to sampling the Permittee shall submit rationale and a specific proposal to the Department for review and approval detailing which five wells will be sampled.

- V.I.5(a) If R.61-79.264 Appendix IX constituents are detected pursuant to Permit Condition V.I.5, then the Permittee may resample within one (1) month to confirm their presence. If the Permittee chooses not to resample, the original detections will be considered valid detections. If the presence of an Appendix IX constituent is confirmed by resampling to be below its respective PQL or established background value, or the Permittee chooses not to resample, then the Permittee shall report the concentrations of these constituents to the Department in writing within seven (7) days after receipt of analytical data.
- V.I.5(b) For each R.61-79.264 Appendix IX constituent identified at the point of compliance pursuant to Permit Condition V.I.5, the Permittee shall determine whether the concentration detected is elevated with respect to its respective PQL or established background value. If the concentration detected at the point of compliance is confirmed by resampling to be a significant change in groundwater quality, the Permittee must notify the Department immediately and respond in accordance with Permit Condition V.K.2.

V.I.6 Management of Contaminated Media

The Permittee shall treat, store and/or dispose of all contaminated groundwater in accordance with all applicable federal, state and local requirements.

V.J. <u>GROUNDWATER ELEVATION</u>

On a schedule established in the Approved Permit Application, the Permittee shall measure and record the groundwater elevation in all monitoring wells listed in Table E-7-1 of the Approved Permit Application. Within thirty (30) days of completing these measurements, the Permittee shall use the water level data to evaluate the direction and rate of groundwater flow and determine whether the requirements for locating monitoring wells continue to be satisfied. If the Permittee determines that the conditions are no longer satisfied, the Permittee must submit a proposal to the Department within thirty (30) days to modify the monitoring system. If the modification is significant, the Permittee shall be required to submit an application for permit modification.

V.K. <u>DETECTION OF A RELEASE FROM THE HAZARDOUS WASTE</u> <u>MANAGEMENT UNITS</u>

V.K.1 Notification of a Significant Change in Groundwater Quality

If the Permittee determines pursuant to Permit Condition V.G.1(c), that a potentially significant change in groundwater quality is confirmed at the point of compliance, then the Permittee shall notify the Department immediately and respond as follows:

V.K.2 <u>Source Determination</u>

The Permittee may submit to the Department within ninety (90) days of the notification a report that demonstrates that a source other than the regulated units caused the significant change in groundwater quality, or that the apparent groundwater degradation is the result of an error in groundwater sampling, analyses, or evaluation. If the Permittee chooses not to submit, or fails to submit a satisfactory demonstration identifying a source other than the regulated unit, then the Permittee shall:

V.K.2(a) Immediately sample the POC well(s) where the confirmed significant change in groundwater quality occurred to determine the presence and concentration of the R.61-79.264 Appendix IX (Groundwater Monitoring List) VOCs, Appendix IX SVOCs, the metals listed in Table 1 (Table 1 metals) of the Sampling and Analysis Plan (Appendix E-1 of the Approved Permit Application). Samples will also be collected from the horizontally adjoining POC wells screened in the same aquifer and analyzed for the Appendix IX VOCs, Appendix IX SVOCs, and Table 1 metals. If any one of the Appendix IX VOCs, Appendix IX SVOCs or Table 1 metals is detected at a concentration above its respective PQL or established background value, the well(s) in which the initial detection(s) occurred will be resampled (confirmatory sampling) within 30 days and analyzed for the observed analyte(s). If the Permittee chooses not to resample, the original detections will be considered to be valid detections.

- V.K.2(b) If the Permittee determines pursuant to Permit Condition V.K.2(a) that the initial Appendix IX VOC detections for an individual well are solely estimated values noted with a qualifier "J" and non-VOC constituents for that well are below PQLs and established background values, the Permittee shall resume detection monitoring for that well as follows:
 - V.K.2(b)(i) If initial Appendix IX monitoring indicates total VOC estimated values exceed 40 ug/L or more than 4 VOC estimated values are detected, the frequency of detection monitoring for the monitoring well will be increased to quarterly and include the Appendix IX VOCs, else;
 - V.K.2(b)(ii) Detection monitoring for that well will resume pursuant to the requirements for that well specified in Table E-7-1 of the Approved Permit Application.
- V.K.2(c) If the results of the resampling pursuant to Permit Condition V.K.2(a) confirm the presence of an Appendix IX VOC, Appendix IX SVOC or Table 1 metal above its respective PQL or established background value, the Permittee shall submit within 90 days a compliance monitoring program for the affected landfill Section that meets the requirements of 264.98(g)(4) and 264.99.
- V.K.2(d) The compliance monitoring program for the affected landfill Section will include a comprehensive sampling event of all POCs wells specific to the aquifer exhibiting the confirmed detection pursuant to Permit Condition V.K.2(c). The one-time sampling event will include all R.61-79.264 Appendix IX (Groundwater Monitoring List) constituents. The results of this comprehensive sampling will form the basis for selecting the monitoring parameters for the compliance monitoring program.

V.K.3 <u>Report of Source Determination</u>

If the Permittee successfully demonstrates that a source other than the regulated unit caused the statistically significant change in groundwater quality at the point of compliance, then the Permittee shall submit to the Department within thirty (30) days an application to make appropriate changes to the detection monitoring program. The Permittee shall continue to monitor groundwater quality in accordance to R.61-79.264.98 and the conditions of this permit upon submittal of the request for permit modification.

V.L. <u>RELEASE ASSESSMENT</u>

The Permittee shall submit a workplan to the Department for assessing the magnitude and extent of groundwater contamination within ninety (90) days of receipt of the analytical data from the comprehensive sampling event pursuant to Permit Condition V.K.2(d).

V.M. ENGINEERING FEASIBILITY PLAN

The Permittee shall submit an engineering feasibility plan for a corrective action program within one hundred eighty (180) days of confirming the presence of a release from the HWMU pursuant to Permit Condition V.K.2(a).

V.N. <u>RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING</u>

V.N.1 <u>Operating Record</u>

The Permittee shall enter all monitoring, testing, analytical, and corrective action data obtained pursuant to the Permit Conditions contained in Module V - POST-CLOSURE CARE GROUNDWATER REQUIREMENTS) into the operating record as required by R.61-79.264.73(b)(6).

V.N.2 <u>Quarterly Report</u>

No later than April 30, July 30 and October 30 of each year (Report of 4th quarter monitoring may be incorporated into the Annual Report described in Permit Condition V.N.3), the Permittee shall submit one printed copy and one electronic copy (as a PDF file) of a detailed quarterly report. The report shall include, at a minimum, the following:

- V.N.2(a) Groundwater elevation data collected during the reporting period in table form. Groundwater quality data in table form for all constituents sampled during the reporting period. Copies of the chain of custody, field records and laboratory data sheets, to include the date of extraction and date of analysis for each sample, shall be submitted;
- V.N.2(b) Potentiometric maps depicting groundwater flow directions for each hydrogeologic unit based on gradients for each quarter shall be submitted. An evaluation of any significant changes in gradients or flow direction shall be included;
- V.N.2(c) Statistical evaluation of water quality data for significant changes. This

evaluation should be conducted on appropriate POC wells; and

V.N.2(d) Description of any minor modifications or repairs to the groundwater monitoring system.

V.N.3 <u>Annual Report</u>

On or before March 1 of each year, the Permittee shall submit one printed copy and one electronic copy (as a PDF file) of a detailed annual report describing the monitoring results for the entire previous calendar year. This report shall include, at a minimum, all of the elements required for the quarterly report as described in Permit Condition V.N.2 and the following:

- V.N.3(a) Groundwater elevation data collected during the reporting period in table form. Groundwater quality data in table form for all constituents sampled during the reporting period. Copies of the chain of custody, field records and laboratory data sheets, to include the date of extraction and date of analysis for each sample, shall be submitted;
- V.N.3(b) Hydrographs for all point of compliance wells and water level monitoring wells depicting groundwater elevations through time. A table to reference actual calendar dates corresponding to sampling events shall also be submitted to aid in interpreting the hydrographs for each well. Nested wells may be included on the same hydrograph;
- V.N.3(c) Potentiometric maps, based on gradients measured during the reporting period, depicting groundwater flow directions for each hydrogeologic unit comprising the uppermost aquifer. Potentiometric maps shall include all background and point of compliance wells identified in Table E-7-1 of the Approved Permit Application;
- V.N.3(d) Determination of groundwater flow rate and direction. Any changes from previous determinations of either the groundwater flow rate or direction shall be evaluated;
- V.N.3(e) Background water quality values established pursuant to Permit Condition V.G. and the computations on which they are based;
- V.N.3(f) A statistical evaluation of water quality data as required by Permit Condition V.F. for significant changes. This evaluation should be conducted on all point of compliance wells sampled during the previous year;
- V.N.3(g) Evaluation and discussion of all water quality and water elevation data. Drawdown, other trends, and significant changes should be described;
- V.N.3(h) Description of any minor modifications or repairs to the groundwater

monitoring system;

V.N.3(i) A table listing all production, groundwater recovery, and groundwater monitoring wells, along with pertinent construction details. This table must also list all wells installed, abandoned, resurveyed, or otherwise modified during the year. A map(s) should be included depicting the locations of the wells listed on this table.

V.O. <u>DUTY OF PERMITTEE</u>

The Permittee shall assure that the groundwater monitoring is in compliance with the requirements of R.61-79.264 Subpart F throughout the post-closure period.

V.P. <u>PERMIT MODIFICATION</u>

If the Permittee at any time determines that the detection monitoring program required by this Permit no longer satisfies the requirements of R.61-79.264.97 and R.61-79.264.98, the Permittee must within ninety (90) days submit an application for a permit modification pursuant to R. 61-79.270.42 to make appropriate changes in the program.

MODULE VI. CORRECTIVE ACTION FOR SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT UNITS & AREAS OF CONCERN

VI.A. <u>APPLICABILITY</u>

The objective of the corrective action program at a hazardous waste management facility is to evaluate the nature and extent of releases of hazardous waste and/or constituents, and if necessary, implement corrective measures to protect human health and the environment. The Permittee is required to implement corrective action in accordance with R.61-79.264.101 and the conditions of this Permit. The Permittee shall follow applicable guidance, including but not limited to the RCRA Corrective Action Plan, EPA 520-R-94-004, dated May 1994 (most recent version).

The Permit Conditions of this Module apply to:

VI.A.1 SWMUs and AOCs Identified by the RFA

The solid waste management units (SWMUs) and areas of concern (AOCs) identified by the initial RCRA Facility Assessment, any subsequent investigations, or other means, as listed in APPENDIX A – SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT UNIT / AREA OF CONCERN SUMMARY.

VI.A.2 Additional SWMUs or AOCs

Any additional SWMUs or AOCs discovered during the course of groundwater monitoring, field investigations, environmental audits, or other means. As used in this part of the Permit, the terms "discover", "discovery", or "discovered" refer to the date on which the Permittee or a Department representative either, (1) visually observes evidence of a new SWMU or AOC, (2) visually observes evidence of a previously unidentified release of hazardous constituents to the environment, or (3) receives information which suggests the presence of a new release of hazardous waste or hazardous constituents to the environment.

VI.A.3 <u>Contamination Beyond Facility Boundary</u>

The Permittee shall implement corrective actions beyond the facility boundary where necessary to protect human health and the environment, unless the Permittee demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Department that, despite the Permittee's best efforts, as determined by the Department, the Permittee was unable to obtain the necessary permission to undertake such actions. The Permittee is not relieved of all responsibility to clean up a release that has migrated beyond the facility boundary where off-site access is denied. On-site measures to address such releases will be determined on a case-by-case basis.

VI.A.4 <u>Financial Assurance</u>

These requirements can be found in Section 4.05 "Budgets" of the Trust Agreement.

VI.B. NOTIFICATION AND ASSESSMENT REQUIREMENTS FOR NEWLY IDENTIFIED SWMUS AND AOCS

VI.B.1 <u>Notification</u>

The Permittee shall notify the Department in writing within fifteen (15) calendar days of discovery of any additional AOCs and/or SWMUs as discovered under Permit Condition VI.A.2. The notification shall include, at a minimum, a unique sequential identification number, the location of the SWMU or AOC and all available information pertaining to the nature of the release (e.g., media affected, hazardous constituents released, magnitude of release, etc.).

VI.B.2 Assessment Report

The Permittee shall prepare and submit to the Department, within ninety (90) calendar days of notification, an Assessment Report (AR) for each SWMU or AOC identified under Permit Condition VI.B.1. At a minimum, the AR shall provide the following information:

- VI.B.2(a) The unique sequential identification for the SWMU or AOC;
- VI.B.2(b) Location of unit(s) on a topographic map of appropriate scale such as required under R.61-79.270.14(b)(19);
- VI.B.2(c) Designation of type and function of unit(s);
- VI.B.2(d) General dimensions, capacities and structural description of unit(s) (supply any available plans/drawings);
- VI.B.2(e) Dates that the unit(s) was (were) operated;
- VI.B.2(f) Specification of all wastes that have been managed at/in the unit(s) to the extent available. Include any available data on R.61-79.261 Appendix VIII constituents contained in the wastes; and,
- VI.B.2(g) All available information pertaining to any release of hazardous waste or hazardous constituents from such unit(s) (to include groundwater, soil, air, surface water, and/or sediment data).

VI.B.3 <u>Department Determination</u>

The Department or the Permittee shall determine the need for further investigations at the SWMUs or AOCs covered in the AR. If the Department determines that such investigations are needed, the Permittee shall be required to prepare a plan for such investigations as outlined in Permit Conditions VI.D and/or VI.E. If the Department determines that further investigation of a SWMU or AOC is required, the Permit will be modified in accordance with R.61-79.270 Subpart D.

VI.C. NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS FOR NEWLY DISCOVERED RELEASES AT PREVIOUSLY IDENTIFIED SWMUs or AOCs

VI.C.1 <u>Notification</u>

The Permittee shall notify the Department in writing of any newly discovered release(s) of hazardous waste or hazardous constituents at previously identified SWMUs or AOCs during the course of groundwater monitoring, field investigations, environmental audits, or other means, within fifteen (15) calendar days of discovery. Such newly discovered releases may be from SWMUs or AOCs identified in Permit Condition VI.A.1 or SWMUs or AOCs identified in Permit Condition vI.A.2. The notification shall include all available information pertaining to the nature of the release (e.g. media affected, hazardous constituents released, magnitude of release, etc.).

VI.C.2 Plan for Investigation

If the Department or the Permittee determines that further investigation of the SWMUs or AOCs is needed, the Permittee shall be required to prepare a plan for such investigations as outlined in Permit Condition VI.D or VI.E.

VI.D. CONFIRMATORY SAMPLING (CS)

VI.D.1 <u>CS Workplan</u>

The Permittee shall prepare and submit a Confirmatory Sampling (CS) Workplan to the Department within forty-five (45) calendar days of notification by the Department. The CS Workplan must determine any releases from SWMUs or AOCs identified in Permit Conditions VI.A.1 and VI.A.2 or as required by Permit Condition VI.B.3 or VI.C.2. The CS Workplan shall include schedules of implementation and completion of specific actions necessary to determine whether a release has occurred.

VI.D.2 Approval Required

The CS Workplan must be approved by the Department, in writing, prior to implementation. The Department shall specify the start date of the CS Workplan in the letter approving the CS Workplan or within sixty (60) days if a time frame is not provided. If the Department disapproves the CS Workplan, the Department shall: (1) notify the Permittee in writing of the CS Workplan's deficiencies and specify a due date for submission of a revised CS Workplan; (2) revise the CS Workplan and notify the Permittee of the revisions; or, (3) conditionally approve the CS Workplan and notify the Permittee of the conditions.

VI.D.3 Implementation

The Permittee shall implement the confirmatory sampling in accordance with the approved CS Workplan.

VI.D.4 <u>CS Report</u>

The Permittee shall prepare and submit to the Department in accordance with the schedule in the approved CS Workplan, a CS Report for SWMUs or AOCs listed in Permit Conditions VI.A.1 and VI.A.2 or as required by Permit Condition VI.B.3 or VI.C, that have released hazardous waste or hazardous constituents into the environment. The CS Report shall include all data, including raw data, and an analysis and summary of the data that supports the above determination.

VI.D.5 <u>Department Determination</u>

Based on the results of the CS Report, the Department shall determine the need for further investigations at the SWMUs or AOCs covered in the CS Report. If the Department determines that such investigations are needed, the Permittee shall be required to prepare a plan for such investigations as outlined in Permit Condition VI.E. The Department shall notify the Permittee of any no further action decision.

VI.E. RCRA FACILITY INVESTIGATION (RFI)

VI.E.1 <u>RFI Workplan</u>

The Permittee shall prepare and submit to the Department within ninety (90) days of notification by the Department an RCRA Facility Investigation (RFI) Workplan(s) for those units identified in Permit Condition VI.A.1. This Workplan shall be developed to meet the requirements of Permit Condition VI.E.3.

VI.E.2 <u>RFI Workplan for Newly Identified SWMUs and AOCs</u>

The Permittee shall prepare and submit to the Department within ninety (90) calendar days of notification by the Department, an RFI Workplan for those units identified under Permit Condition VI.A.2. The RFI Workplan(s) shall be developed to meet the requirements of Permit Condition VI.E.3.

VI.E.3 <u>Required Contents</u>

The RFI Workplan(s) shall meet the requirements of APPENDIX B – RCRA FACILITY INVESTIGATION (RFI) WORKPLAN OUTLINE. The Permittee shall provide sufficient written justification for any omissions or deviations from any requirements of APPENDIX B. Such omissions or deviations are subject to the approval of the Department.

The RFI Workplan(s) shall include schedules of implementation and completion of specific actions necessary to determine the nature and extent of releases and the potential pathways of contaminant releases to air, land, surface water, and groundwater. The Permittee must provide sufficient justification and/or documentation that a release is not probable if a unit or a media/pathway associated with a unit (groundwater, surface water, sediment, soil, air or subsurface gas) is not included in the RFI Workplan(s). Such deletions of a unit, media or pathway from the RFI(s) are subject to the approval of the Department. In addition, the scope of the RFI Workplan(s) shall include all investigations necessary to ensure compliance with R.61-79.264.101(c).

VI.E.4 Department Approval

The RFI Workplan(s) must be approved by the Department, in writing, prior to implementation. The Department shall specify the start date of the RFI Workplan schedule in the letter approving the RFI Workplan(s). If the Department disapproves the RFI Workplan(s), the Department shall: (1) notify the Permittee in writing of the RFI Workplan's deficiencies and specify a due date for submission of a revised RFI Workplan; (2) revise the RFI Workplan and notify the Permittee of the revisions and the start date of the schedule within the approved RFI Workplan; or, (3) conditionally approve the RFI Workplan and notify the Permittee of the conditions.

VI.E.5 <u>RFI Implementation</u>

The Permittee shall implement the RFI(s) in accordance with the approved RFI Workplan(s). The Permittee shall notify the Department at least twenty (20) days prior to any sampling activity.

VI.E.6 <u>RFI Progress Reports</u>

If the time required to conduct the RFI(s) is greater than one hundred eighty (180) calendar days, the Permittee shall provide the Department with quarterly RFI Progress Reports (90-day intervals) beginning ninety (90) calendar days from the start date specified by the Department in the RFI Workplan approval letter. The Progress Reports shall contain the following information at a minimum:

- VI.E.6(a) A description of the portion of the RFI completed;
- VI.E.6(b) Summaries of findings;
- VI.E.6(c) Summaries of any deviations from the approved RFI Workplan during the reporting period;
- VI.E.6(d) Summaries of any significant contacts with local community public interest groups or State government;
- VI.E.6(e) Summaries of any problems encountered during the reporting period;
- VI.E.6(f) Actions taken to rectify problems;
- VI.E.6(g) Changes in relevant personnel; and,
- VI.E.6(h) Projected work for the next reporting period.

VI.E.7 <u>RFI Report</u>

The Permittee shall prepare and submit to the Department a RCRA Facility Investigation Report(s) for the investigations conducted pursuant to the RFI Workplan(s) submitted under Permit Condition VI.E.1 or Permit Condition VI.E.2. The RFI Report(s) shall be submitted to the Department for review in accordance with the schedule in the approved RFI Workplan(s). Any revised RFI Report(s) shall be submitted to the Department within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt of the Department's comments. The RFI Report(s) shall include an analysis and summary of all required investigations of SWMUs and AOCs and their results. The summary shall describe the type and extent of contamination at the facility, including sources and migration pathways, identify all hazardous constituents present in all media, and describe actual or potential receptors. The RFI Report(s) shall also describe the extent of contamination (qualitative/quantitative) in relation to background levels indicative of the area. The objective of this task shall be to ensure that the investigation data are sufficient in quality (e.g., quality assurance procedures have been followed) and quantity to describe the nature and extent of contamination, potential threat to human health and/or the environment, and to support a Corrective Measures Study (CMS), if necessary.

Module VI - CORRECTIVE ACTION FOR SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT UNITS & AREAS OF CONCERN

The RFI Report(s) shall propose a groundwater monitoring and reporting schedule for those SWMUs and/or AOCs at which groundwater contamination has been detected. Routine monitoring will be continued at these units until a remedy selection decision is made by the Department.

VI.E.8 <u>Department Notification</u>

The Department will review the RFI Report(s) and shall notify the Permittee of the need for further investigation, if necessary; and if appropriate, the need for a CMS to meet the requirements of Permit Condition VI.G and R.61-79.264.101.

VI.F. INTERIM MEASURES (IM)

VI.F.1 <u>iM Workplan</u>

- VI.F.1(a) Upon notification by the Department, the Permittee shall prepare and submit an Interim Measures (IM) Workplan for any SWMU or AOC that poses a current or potential threat to human health or the environment. The Permittee may submit an IM Workplan for approval prior to notification by the Department. The IM Workplan shall be submitted within thirty (30) calendar days of notification by the Department and shall include the elements listed in Permit Condition VI.F.1(b). Interim measures may be conducted concurrently with investigation required under the terms of this Permit. The Permittee shall comply with the reporting requirements of Permit Condition VI.F.3.
- VI.F.1(b) The IM Workplan shall ensure that the interim measures are designed to mitigate any current or potential threat(s) to human health or the environment and is consistent with and integrated into any long-term solution at the facility. The IM Workplan shall include: the interim measures objectives, procedures for implementation (including any designs, plans, or specifications), and schedules for implementation.
- VI.F.1(c) The IM Workplan must be approved by the Department, in writing, prior to implementation. The Department shall specify the start date of the IM Workplan schedule in the letter approving the IM Workplan. If the Department disapproves the IM Workplan, the Department shall: (1) notify the Permittee in writing of the IM Workplan's deficiencies and specify a due date for submission of a revised IM Workplan; (2) revise the IM Workplan and notify the permittee of the revisions and the start date of the schedule within the approved IM Workplan, or; (3) conditionally approve the IM Workplan and notify the Permittee of the conditions.

VI.F.2 <u>IM Implementation</u>

- VI.F.2(a) The Permittee shall implement interim measures in accordance with the approved IM Workplan.
- VI.F.2(b) The Permittee shall give notice to the Department prior to any changes, reductions or additions to the IM Workplan.
- VI.F.2(c) Final approval of corrective action required under R.61-79.264.101 which is achieved through interim measures shall be in accordance with R.61-79.270.41 and Permit Condition VI.H as a permit modification.

VI.F.3 <u>IM Reports</u>

- VI.F.3(a) If the time required for completion of interim measures is greater than one (1) year, the Permittee shall provide the Department with progress reports at intervals specified in the approved workplan. The Progress Reports shall contain the following information at a minimum:
 - VI.F.3(a)(i) A description of the portion of the interim measures completed;
 - VI.F.3(a)(ii) Summaries of findings;
 - VI.F.3(a)(iii) Summaries of any deviations from the IM Workplan during the reporting period;
 - VI.F.3(a)(iv) Summaries of any problems encountered during the reporting period; and,
 - VI.F.3(a)(v) Projected work for the next reporting period.
- VI.F.3(b) The Permittee shall prepare and submit to the Department, within ninety (90) calendar days of completion of interim measures conducted under Permit Condition VI.F, an Interim Measures (IM) Report. The IM Report shall contain the following information at a minimum:
 - VI.F.3(b)(i) A description of interim measures implemented;
 - VI.F.3(b)(ii) Summaries of results;
 - VI.F.3(b)(iii) Summaries of all problems encountered;
 - VI.F.3(b)(iv) Summaries of accomplishments and/or effectiveness of interim measures; and,
 - VI.F.3(b)(v) Copies of all relevant laboratory/monitoring data, etc. in accordance with Permit Condition I.E.9.

VI.G. CORRECTIVE MEASURES STUDY

VI.G.1 Corrective Measures Study (CMS) Workplan

- VI.G.1(a) The Permittee shall prepare and submit a CMS Workplan for those units requiring a CMS within ninety (90) calendar days of notification by the Department that a CMS is required. This CMS Workplan shall be developed to meet the requirements of Permit Condition VI.G.1(b). The CMS may be performed concurrent with the RFI if the Department determines that sufficient investigative details are available to allow concurrent action.
- The CMS Workplan shall meet the requirements of APPENDIX C -VI.G.1(b) CORRECTIVE MEASURE STUDY (CMS) OUTLINE, at a minimum. The CMS Workplan shall include schedules of implementation and completion of specific actions necessary to complete a CMS. The Permittee must provide sufficient written justification and documentation for any unit deleted from the CMS Workplan. Such deletion of a unit is subject to the approval of the Department. The CMS shall be conducted in accordance with the approved CMS Workplan. The Permittee shall provide sufficient written justification for any omissions or deviations from the minimum requirements of APPENDIX C. Such omissions or deviations are subject to the approval of the Department. The scope of the CMS Workplan shall include all investigations necessary to ensure compliance with R.61-79.264.101, 264.552, 264.553 and 270.32(b)(2). The Permittee shall implement corrective actions beyond the facility boundary, as set forth in Permit Condition VI.A.3.
- VI.G.1(c) If the Department disapproves the CMS Workplan, the Department shall: (1) notify the Permittee in writing of the CMS Workplan's deficiencies and specify a due date for submittal of a revised CMS Workplan; (2) revise the CMS Workplan and notify the Permittee of the revisions; or, (3) conditionally approve the CMS Workplan and notify the Permittee of the conditions.

VI.G.2 <u>Corrective Measures Study Implementation</u>

The Permittee shall implement the Corrective Measures Study according to the schedules specified in the CMS Workplan, or no later than fifteen (15) calendar days after the Permittee has received written approval from the Department for the CMS Workplan. The CMS shall be conducted in accordance with the approved CMS Workplan.

VI.G.3 <u>CMS Report</u>

- VI.G.3(a) The Permittee shall prepare and submit to the Department a CMS Report for the study conducted pursuant to the approved CMS Workplan. The CMS Report shall be submitted to the Department in accordance with the schedule in the approved CMS Workplan. Any revised CMS Report(s) shall be submitted to the Department within thirty (30) days of receipt of the Department's comments. The CMS Report shall summarize any benchscale or pilot tests conducted. The CMS Report must include an evaluation of each remedial alternative. The CMS Report shall present all information gathered under the approved CMS Workplan. The CMS Report must contain adequate information to support the Department's decision on the recommended remedy, described under Permit Condition VI.H.
- VI.G.3(b) If the Department determines that the CMS Report does not fully satisfy the information requirements specified under Permit Condition VI.G.3(a), the Department may disapprove the CMS Report. If the Department disapproves the CMS Report, the Department shall notify the Permittee in writing of the deficiencies in the CMS Report and specify a due date for submittal of a revised CMS Report. The Department will notify the Permittee of any no further action decision.
- VI.G.3(c) As specified under Permit Condition VI.G.3(b) based on preliminary results and the CMS Report, the Department may require the Permittee to evaluate additional remedies or particular elements of one (1) or more proposed remedies.

VI.H. REMEDY APPROVAL AND PERMIT MODIFICATION

VI.H.1 <u>Remedy Selection</u>

The Department shall select a remedy from the remedial alternatives evaluated in the CMS. The selection will be based at a minimum on protection of human health and the environment, as per specific site conditions, existing regulations, and guidance. The selected remedy may include any interim measures implemented to date.

VI.H.2 <u>Statement of Basis</u>

Upon approval of the CMS Report or other Department decision [i.e. NFA], the Permittee shall prepare a draft Statement of Basis that provides a summary and justification of the selected remedy. The Statement of Basis should be written following *EPA guidance "Guidance on RCRA Corrective Action Decision Documents: The Statement of Basis, Final Decision and Response to Comments," February 1991,*
EPA/540/G-91/011, (or most recent version) or other Department approved guidance, and should include information on the proposed remedy, facility background, exposure pathways, cleanup goals, the scope of the corrective action, the remedial alternatives considered, an evaluation of those alternatives, and public participation. The Statement of Basis shall be submitted to the Department in draft form within the time frame specified in the letter from the Department that notifies the Permittee that the CMS Report is approved or within thirty (30) days if a time frame is not provided. The Department shall notify the Permittee of deficiencies and specify a due date for submittal of a revised Statement of Basis or revise and finalize the Statement of Basis.

VI.H.3 <u>Permit Modification</u>

Pursuant to R.61-79.270.41, a permit modification will be initiated by the Department after recommendation of a remedy under Permit Condition VI.H.1. This modification will serve to incorporate a final remedy into this Permit.

VI.I. CORRECTIVE MEASURES IMPLEMENTATION (CMI)

VI.I.1 <u>CMI Workplan</u>

Within thirty (30) days of the effective date of the Permit modification for the remedy selection, unless otherwise agreed by the Department, the Permittee shall prepare and submit a Corrective Measures Implementation (CMI) Workplan for the SWMUs or AOCs listed in Appendix A-7 – SWMUs and AOCs Requiring Corrective Action With Land Use Controls. At a minimum, this workplan shall include the following:

- VI.I.1(a) A description of the conceptual design, technical features (e.g. Plans and Specifications) and a Construction Plan for the selected remedy(ies) to achieve media cleanup standards protective of human health and the environment, controlling the source(s) of release, and complying with standards for the management of wastes and any remedial residues.
- VI.I.1(b) A proposed schedule that takes into account all phases of the CMI. The schedule should also include the submittal of documents to support the CMI (e.g. Operation and Maintenance Plan, Construction Completion Report, etc.) as described in Permit Conditions VI.I.1(c) and VI.I.4.
- VI.I.1(c) Requirements for removal and decontamination of units, equipment, devices or structures that will be used to implement the remedy(ies).

VI.I.2 **Operation and Maintenance Plan**

An Operation and Maintenance Plan (O&MP) shall be submitted to the Department in accordance with the schedule required by Permit Condition VI.I.1(b). The O&MP, at a minimum, shall include the following:

- VI.I.2(a) A system description, startup procedures, operation and maintenance procedures and schedule of inspection and maintenance;
- VI.I.2(b) Waste management practices, sampling and analysis required for operation and contingency procedures;
- VI.I.2(c) A description of the Corrective Measure(s) completion criteria and the method to be used to show when the criteria are met; and,
- VI.I.2(d) For remedies with Land Use Controls, the Operation and Maintenance Plan should include the requirements of Permit Condition VI.I.5.

VI.I.3 <u>Department Approval</u>

All Plans required for the CMI phase, required by Permit Condition 0 must be approved, in writing, by the Department prior to implementation, in accordance with Permit Condition VI.K.1.

VI.I.4 <u>Construction Completion Report</u>

A Construction Completion Report (CCR) shall be submitted to the Department, in accordance with the schedule required by Permit Condition VI.I.1(b) that demonstrates the completion of the remedy construction in accordance with approved plans and specifications. The CCR shall be submitted when all operational tests have been completed. Any necessary documentation required by the Department shall be included in this report.

VI.I.5 <u>Remedy with Land Use Controls</u>

The SWMUs and AOCs for which land use controls are selected as an integral part of the final remedy are listed in Appendix A-7 – SWMUs and AOCs Requiring Land Use Controls. When corrective measures incorporate land use controls as part of the selected remedy, the following information should be provided: (See APPENDIX D – LAND USE CONTROL MANAGEMENT PLAN for further detail)

- VI.I.5(a) The name, address and phone number of the person to contact about the SWMU or AOC;
- VI.I.5(b) Any necessary security provisions consistent with R.61-79.264.117(b) to prevent unauthorized entry and/or use of the waste unit;

- VI.I.5(c) A description of measures to protect the integrity of any installed engineering control(s) and associated features considered as part of the selected remedy, for the period that has to be maintained;
- VI.I.5(d) Planned maintenance and monitoring activities, and frequencies to ensure the security provisions are maintained;
- VI.I.5(e) An inspection checklist describing the land use control elements to be inspected, the frequency of inspection, and the potential problems that could be encountered. The checklist shall contain an area where the inspector may enter his/her name, the date of inspection, and the date upon which any problems encountered are remediated;
- VI.I.5(f) Procedure(s) to follow when a determination is made that the land use control(s) are not effective and require modification;
- VI.I.5(g) The mechanism by which a notification will be recorded on the deed for the facility property, or some other instrument which is normally examined during title search, that will in perpetuity notify any potential future purchaser of the property, that the property had been used for waste management and disposal activities and that restrictions exist precluding a residential use of the land. The need for a deed restriction may be reevaluated upon the transfer of ownership or control; and,
- VI.I.5(h) The mechanism by which other pertinent agencies (State or Federal) will be given notice of restrictions placed on the use of the property that is affecting or may affect in the future, areas under the control of other State or Federal agencies.
- VI.1.5(i) The above information is outlined in detail in APPENDIX D LAND USE CONTROL MANAGEMENT PLAN (LUCMP).

VI.I.6 <u>CMI Progress Reports</u>

If the time frame required to complete corrective measures implementation is greater than one hundred and eighty (180) days, the Permittee shall provide the Department with semi-annual Corrective Measures Implementation Progress Reports (180-day intervals) beginning from the date the CMI Workplan is approved by the Department, until the Remedy Completion Report is approved by the Department. The time frame stated is effective unless otherwise agreed to by the Department. The CMI Progress Reports shall contain at least the following information:

VI.I.6(a) A description of the portion of the CMI Workplan completed (e.g. sampling events, operations, volumes removed/treated, wastes generated, etc.);

- VI.I.6(b) A summary of system performance/compliance and progress toward achieving cleanup goals;
- VI.I.6(c) A summary of any deviations from the approved CMI Workplans during the reporting period;
- VI.I.6(d) Summaries of all contacts with local community and public interest groups or State and Federal Government;
- VI.I.6(e) A summary of any problems or potential problems encountered during the reporting period;
- VI.I.6(f) A summary of actions taken to rectify the problems;
- VI.I.6(g) Any changes in relevant personnel; and,
- VI.I.6(h) Projected work for the next reporting period.

VI.I.7 <u>Remedy Completion Report</u>

- VI.I.7(a) Within ninety (90) days of completion of CMI phase, unless otherwise agreed by the Department, the Permittee shall submit a Remedy Completion Report (RCR), including certification of completion of the corrective measures activities. The RCR shall summarize the activities and results from the entire period of Corrective Measures Implementation. The RCR shall also demonstrate compliance with all media cleanup goals and meet the corrective measures completion criteria in accordance with Permit Condition VI.I.2(c). Approval by the Department of the final RCR constitutes remedy completion.
- VI.I.7(b) For corrective measures involving the cleanup of groundwater, the Permittee must demonstrate that the concentrations of the constituents of concern remain at or below cleanup levels for three (3) consecutive years after the corrective measures have been terminated. The time frame stated is effective unless otherwise agreed to by the Department.

VI.J. MODIFICATION OF THE CORRECTIVE ACTION COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE

VI.J.1 <u>Initiation</u>

If at any time the Department determines that modification of the Corrective Action Schedule of Compliance is necessary, the Department may initiate a modification to the Corrective Action Schedule of Compliance, in accordance with the applicable provisions of R.61-79.270.

VI.J.2 Permittee Requested Modification

The Permittee may request a permit modification in accordance with R.61-79.270 to change the Corrective Action Schedule of Compliance.

VI.K. WORKPLAN AND REPORT REQUIREMENTS

VI.K.1 <u>Submittal Requirements</u>

All reports submitted to the Department should be in printed (one copy) and electronic (as a PDF file) formats.

VI.K.2 Department Approval

All workplans, reports and schedules shall be subject to approval by the Department prior to implementation to assure that such workplans, reports and schedules are consistent with the requirements of this Permit and with applicable regulations and guidance. The Permittee shall revise all submittals and schedules as specified by the Department. Upon approval, the Permittee shall implement all workplans and schedules as written.

VI.K.3 <u>Extensions for Submittals</u>

All workplans and reports shall be submitted in accordance with the approved schedule. Extensions of the due date for submittals may be granted by the Department based on the Permittee's demonstration that sufficient justification for the extension exists.

VI.K.4 <u>Amendment of the Workplan(s)</u>

If the Permittee at any time determines that the Assessment Report information required under Permit Condition VI.B.2, the CS Workplan under Permit Condition VI.D, or RFI Workplan(s) required under Permit Condition VI.E, no longer satisfy the requirements of R.61-79.264.101 or this Permit for prior or continuing releases of hazardous waste or hazardous constituents from solid waste management units and/or areas of concern, the Permittee shall submit an amended Assessment Report and/or Workplan(s) to the Department within ninety (90) calendar days of such determination.

VI.L. APPROVAL/DISAPPROVAL OF SUBMITTALS

The Department will review the workplans, reports, schedules, and other documents ("submittals") which require the Department's approval in accordance with the conditions of this Permit. The Department will notify the Permittee in writing of any submittal that is disapproved, and the basis thereof.

Corrective Action Schedule of Compliance

Permit Condition	Event	Due Date
VI.B.1	Notification of Newly Identified SWMUs and AOCs	Within fifteen (15) days of discovery.
VI.B.2	Assessment Report	Within ninety (90) days of notification.
VI.C.1	Notification for Newly Discovered Releases at Previously Identified SWMUs and AOCs	Within fifteen (15) days of discovery.
VI.D.1	Confirmatory Sampling Workplan	Within forty-five (45) days of notification by the Department.
VI.D.3	Implementation of Confirmatory Sampling Workplan	In accordance with the Department's approval letter for the CS Workplan.
VI.D.4	Confirmatory Sampling Report	In accordance with the approved CS Workplan.
VI.E.1	RFI Workplan for SWMU(s) and AOC(s) Identified under Permit Condition VI.A.1	Within ninety (90) days of notification by the Department.
VI.E.2	RFI Workplan for Newly Identified SWMU(s) and AOC(s)	Within ninety (90) calendar days of notification by the Department.
VI.E.5	Implementation of RFI Workplan	In accordance with the Department approved RFI Workplan.
VI.E.5	Notification of Sampling Activities	At least twenty (20) days prior to any RFI sampling activity.
VI.E.6	RFI Progress Reports	Quarterly, beginning ninety (90) days from the start date specified by the Department ¹ .
VI.E.7	RFI Report	In accordance with the approved RFI Workplan.

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Permit Condition	Event	Due Date
VI.E.7	Revised RFI Report	Within thirty (30) days of receipt of the Department's comments on the RFI Report.
VI.F.1(a)	Interim Measures Workplan	Within thirty (30) days of notification by the Department.
VI.F.2	Implementation of IM Workplan	In accordance with the Department- approved IM Workplan.
VI.F.3(a)	Interim Measures Progress Reports	In accordance with the approved Interim Measures Workplan. ²
VI.F.3(b)	Interim Measures Report	Within ninety (90) days of completion.
VI.G.1(a)	CMS Workplan	Within ninety (90) days of notification by the Department that a CMS is required.
VI.G.2	Implementation of the CMS Workplan	Within fifteen (15) days after receipt of the Department's approval of the Workplan.
VI.G.3(a)	CMS Report	In accordance with the schedule in the approved CMS Workplan.
VI.G.3(a)	Revised CMS Report	Within thirty (30) days of receipt of the Department's comments on the CMS Report.
VI.H.2	Statement of Basis	Within thirty (30) days of receipt of the Department's approval letter for the CMS Report.
VI.I.1	CMI Workplan	Within thirty (30) days of the permit modification for remedy selection.
VI.I.1(c)	Operations and Maintenance Plan	In accordance with the schedule in the approved CMI Workplan.

Permit Condition	Event	Due Date
VI.I.4	Construction Completion Report	In accordance with the schedule in the approved CMI Workplan.
VI.I.6	CMI Progress Reports	Semi-annually, beginning one hundred eighty (180) days after approval of the CMI Workplan.
VI.I.7	Remedy Completion Report	Within ninety (90) days of completion of the selected remedy.
VI.K.4	Amendment of Assessment Report, CS Workplan, or RFI Workplan that no longer satisfies requirements of R.61- 79.264.101 or this Permit	Within ninety (90) days of determination.
The above re	ports must be signed and certified in acco	rdance with R.61-79.270.11.
¹ Applies to wo	orkplan execution that requires more than one	hundred eighty (180) days.
² Applies to workplan execution that requires more than one (1) year.		

MODULE VII. WASTE MINIMIZATION

VII.A. GENERAL RESTRICTIONS

In the event that the Permittee treats, stores, or disposes of hazardous wastes onsite where such wastes were generated, then the Permittee must comply with R.61-79.264.73(b)(9), and Section 3005 (h) of RCRA (42 U.S.C. 6925(h)), and the Permittee must certify, no less than annually, that:

VII.A.1 <u>Reduction of Hazardous Waste</u>

The Permittee has a program in place to reduce the volume and toxicity of hazardous waste generated to the degree determined by the Permittee to be economically practicable; and,

VII.A.2 Method of Treatment, Storage or Disposal

The proposed method of treatment, storage or disposal is the most practicable method available to the Permittee that minimizes the present and future threat to human health and the environment.

VII.B. <u>RECORDING REQUIREMENTS</u>

If Permit Condition VII.A is applicable, then the Permittee shall maintain copies of this certification in the facility operating record as required by R.61-79.264.73(b)(9).

VII.C. WASTE MINIMIZATION OBJECTIVES

If Permit Condition VII.A is applicable, the Waste Minimization program required under Permit Condition VII.A should address the objectives listed on the following two pages (Waste Minimization Objectives).

WASTE MINIMIZATION CERTIFICATION OBJECTIVES

The Waste Minimization Program should include the following elements:

- I. Top Management Support
 - A. Dated and signed policy describing management support for waste minimization and for implementation of a waste minimization plan.
 - B. Description of employee awareness and training programs designed to involve employees in waste minimization planning and implementation to the maximum extent feasible.
 - C. Description of how a waste minimization plan has been incorporated into management practices so as to ensure ongoing efforts with respect to product design, capital planning, production operations, and maintenance.
- II. Characterization of Waste Generation
 - A. Identification of types, amounts, and hazardous constituents of waste streams, with the source and date of generation.
- III. Periodic Waste Minimization Assessments
 - A. Identification of all points in a process where materials can be prevented from becoming a waste, or can be recycled.
 - B. Identification of potential waste reduction and recycling techniques applicable to each waste, with a cost estimate for capital investment and implementation.
 - C. Description of technically and economically practical waste reduction/recycling options to be implemented, and a planned schedule for implementation.
 - D. Specific performance goals, preferably quantitative, for the source reduction of waste by stream. Whenever possible, goals should be stated as weight of waste generated per standard unit of production, as defined by the generator.
- IV. Cost Allocation System
 - A. Identification of waste management costs for each waste, factoring in liability, transportation, recordkeeping, personnel, pollution control, treatment, disposal, compliance and oversight costs to the extent feasible.
 - B. Description of how departments are held accountable for the wastes they generate.

- C. Comparison of waste management costs with costs of potential reduction and recycling techniques applicable to each waste.
- V. Technology Transfer
 - A. Description of efforts to seek and exchange technical information on waste minimization from other parts of the company, other firms, trade associations, technical assistance programs, and professional consultants.
- VI. Program Evaluation
 - A. Description of types and amounts of hazardous waste reduced or recycled.
 - B. Analysis and quantification of progress made relative to each performance goal established and each reduction technique to be implemented.
 - C. Amendments to waste minimization plan and explanation.
 - D. Explanation and documentation of reduction efforts completed or in progress before development of the waste minimization plan.
 - E. Explanation and documentation regarding impediments to hazardous waste reduction specific to the individual facility.

References:

"Draft Guidance to Hazardous Waste Generators on the Elements of a Waste Minimization Program", 54 FR 25056, June 12, 1989.

"Waste Minimization Opportunity Assessment Manual", EPA/625/7 88/003, July 1988.

MODULE VIII. LAND DISPOSAL RESTRICTIONS

VIII.A. GENERAL RESTRICTIONS

R.61-79.268 identifies hazardous wastes that are restricted from land disposal and defines those limited circumstances under which an otherwise prohibited waste may continue to be placed on or in a land treatment, storage, or disposal unit. The Permittee shall maintain compliance with the requirements of R.61-79.268. Where the Permittee has applied for an extension, waiver or variance under R.61-79.268, the Permittee shall comply with all restrictions on land disposal under this Part once the effective date for the waste has been reached pending a final decision for such application.

VIII.B. LAND DISPOSAL PROHIBITIONS AND TREATMENT STANDARDS

VIII.B.1 <u>Restricted Waste Disposal Prohibition</u>

A restricted waste identified in R.61-79.268 Subpart C may not be placed in a land disposal unit without further treatment unless the requirements of R.61-79.268 Subparts C and/or D are met.

VIII.B.2 Storage Prohibition

The storage of hazardous wastes restricted from land disposal under R.61-79.268 is prohibited unless the requirements of R.61-79.268 Subpart E are met.

APPENDIX A – SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT UNIT / AREA OF CONCERN SUMMARY

NOTE: Additional detail for the SWMUs/AOCs listed in Appendix A can be found in Section J of the Approved Permit Application.

Appendix A-1		
List of All S	List of All Solid Waste Management Units (SWMUs), Areas of Concern (AOCs) and Hazardous Waste Management Units	
SWMU Number or AOC Letter	SWMU or AOC Name	
RFI #1	Excavated Underground Waste Oil Tank Location ¹	
RFI #2	Three (3) Excavated Emergency Spill Control Sumps ¹	
RFI #3	Waste Oil Pits and Associated Dust Suppression Areas ¹	
RFI #4	Old Scrap Area ¹	
NOTE: The four Administrative C as RFI #1 throug	SWMUs above were identified in the 3008(h) Order dated June 6, 1988 (US EPA Region IV Order #87-27-R). The number for these SWMUs were assigned in the 1992 Hazardous waste permit th RFI #4. For consistency purposes, the numbering is being retained in this permit.	
SWMU 1	Oil Dripping Sump #1 ¹	
SWMU 2	Wastewater Sump #2 ¹	
SWMU 3	Wastewater Tank (Washwater Tank in 3008(h) Order) ¹	
SWMU 4	Waste Oil Tank (Maintenance Shop Waste Oil Tank in 3008(h) Order) ¹	
SWMU 5	Container Storage Area (Drum Storage Building (Building #9) in 3008(h) Order) ¹	
SWMU 6	Catch Tank (Drum Storage Area) (2) (Spill Control Tanks for the Drum Storage Building in 3008(h) Order) ¹	
SWMU 7	Scrap Pile ¹	
SWMU 8	Waste Oil Storage Tanks (4) ¹	
SWMU 9	Leachate Storage Tanks (3) ¹	
SWMU 10	Absorbent Drying Plant ¹	
SWMU 11	Overnight Waste Parking Area ¹	

	Appendix A-1	
List of All Solid Waste Management Units (SWMUs), Areas of Concern (AOCs)		
and Hazardous Waste Management Units		
SWMU		
Number or AOC Letter	SWMU or AOC Name	
SWMU 12	Leachate Holding Tanks (3) ¹	
SWMU 13	Drum Solidification Building ¹	
SWMU 14	Catch Tanks (Drum Solidification Area) (3) (Spill Control Tanks for the Drum Solidification Building in 3008(h) Order) ¹	
SWMU 15	Section I Landfill	
SWMU 16	"Old" Sedimentation Pond ("Old" Siltation Pond in 3008(h) Order)	
SWMU 17	Section II Landfill	
SWMU 18	"New" Sedimentation Pond ("New" Siltation Pond in 3008(h) Order)	
SWMU 19	Bulk Solidification Unit ¹	
SWMU 20	Underground Waste Tank (formerly known as Underground Storage Tanks) ¹	
SWMU 21	Laboratory Sample Storage Area ¹	
SWMU 22	Septic Tanks (6) ¹	
SWMU 22A	1000-gallon Septic Tank With 100' of Drain Line ¹	
SWMU 22B	1000-gallon Septic Tank From Lift Station ¹	
SWMU 22C	1000-gallon Septic Tank with Modification to Drain Lines of 100 feet ¹	
SWMU 22D	2000-gallon Septic Tank with Modification to Drain Lines of 265 feet ¹	
SWMU 22E	1250-gallon Septic Tank ¹	
SWMU 22F	1000-gallon Septic Tank with Modification of Drain Lines to 100 feet ¹	
SWMU 23	Impacted Soils in Area of WT-22 ¹	
SWMU 24	SB-AA Impacted Area ¹	
SWMU 25	Impacted Soils in Area of WT-1 ¹	
SWMU 26	Impacted Soils in Area of WT-26 ¹	
SWMU 27	Impacted Soils in Area of WT-23 ¹	

Appendix A-1	
List of All Solid Waste Management Units (SWMUs), Areas of Concern (AOCs)	
and Hazardous Waste Management Units	
SWMU Number or AOC Letter	SWMU or AOC Name
SWMU 28	Spillage in Area of Monitoring Well WT-4 ¹
SWMU 29	Surface Runoff Behind Drum Storage Building ¹
SWMU 30	Section III Landfill
SWMU 31	WP-1 Building ¹
SWMU 32	WP-2 Building
SWMU 33	Central Tank Farm ²
SWMU 33A	CTF Tank #1
SWMU 33B	CTF Tank #2
SWMU 33C	CTF Tank #3
SWMU 33D	CTF Tank #4
SWMU 33E	CTF Tank #5
SWMU 33F	CTF Tank #6
SWMU 33G	CTF Tank #7
SWMU 33H	CTF Tank #8
SWMU 331	CTF Tank #9
SWMU 33J	CTF Tank #10
SWMU 34	Auxiliary Tank Farm ³
SWMU 34A	ATF Tank #1
SWMU 34B	ATF Tank #2
SWMU 35	Leachate Treatment System (LTS) Containment Building ⁴
SWMU 35A	LTS T-200 Leachate Treatment Mix Tank
SWMU 35B	LTS T-210 Leachate Treatment Sludge Tank
SWMU 35C	LTS T-300 Caustic Soda Storage Tank

Appendix A-1		
List of All S	List of All Solid Waste Management Units (SWMUs), Areas of Concern (AOCs)	
	and Hazardous Waste Management Units	
SWMU Number or AOC Letter	SWMU or AOC Name	
SWMU 35D	LTS T-400 Sulfuric Acid Storage Tank	
SWMU 35E	LTS T-500 Sludge Conditioning Chemical Storage Tank	
SWMU 35F	LTS T-550 Polymer Storage Tank	
SWMU 35G	LTS T-600 Leachate Treatment Filtrate Tank	
SWMU 35H	LTS T-700 Leachate Treatment Holding Tank	
SWMU 351	LTS T-900 Leachate Treatment Slurry Tank	
SWMU 35J	LTS FLT-600 Leachate Treatment Filter Press	
SWMU 35K	LTS D-601 Leachate Treatment Electric Sludge Dryer	
SWMU 35L	LTS E-800 Leachate Treatment Propane Fueled Evaporator	
SWMU 35M	LTS D-901 Leachate Treatment Electric Slurry Dryer	
SWMU 35N	LTS Filter Cake Roll-Off Container	
SWMU 350	LTS Dried Slurry Roll-Off Container	
SWMU 35P	LTS Liquid Slurry Tanker	

- ¹ Unit was excavated during the construction of the Landfill and the Primary Stormwater Sedimentation Basin.
- ² SWMU 33 is a tank farm that includes ten (10) tanks located within a common secondary containment area. The tank farm is identified as SWMU 33 with each tank identified as SWMUs 33A thru 33J.
- ³ SWMU 34 is a tank farm that includes two (2) tanks located within a common secondary containment area. The tank farm is identified as SWMU 34 with each tank identified as SWMUs 34A and 34B.
- SWMU 35 is a containment building that includes fourteen (14) components within the LTS Building and two components located outside, adjacent to the LTS Building (SWMUs 35C and 35D). The containment building is identified as SWMU 35 with each individual component identified as SWMUs 35A thru 35P.

Appendix A-2		
Units Re	Units Regulated Under R.61-79.264 (Hazardous Waste Management Units)	
SWMU Number or AOC Letter	SWMU or AOC Name	
SWMU 15	Section I Landfill	
SWMU 17	Section II Landfill	
SWMU 30	Section III Landfill	

Appendix A-3		
SWM	SWMUs and AOCs Requiring No Further Action At This Time (NFA)	
SWMU Number or AOC Letter	SWMU or AOC Name	
RFI #1	Excavated Underground Waste Oil Tank Location ¹	
RFI #4	Old Scrap Area ¹	
NOTE: The two S Administrative C as RFI #1 throug	SWMUs above were identified in the 3008(h) Order dated June 6, 1988 (US EPA Region IV)rder #87-27-R). The number for these SWMUs were assigned in the 1992 Hazardous waste permit 3h RFI #4. For consistency purposes, the numbering is being retained in this permit.	
SWMU 1	Oil Dripping Sump #1 ¹	
SWMU 2	Wastewater Sump #2 ¹	
SWMU 3	Wastewater Tank (Washwater Tank in 3008(h) Order) ¹	
SWMU 4	Waste Oil Tank (Maintenance Shop Waste Oil Tank in 3008(h) Order) ¹	
SWMU 5	Container Storage Area (Drum Storage Building (Building #9) in 3008(h) Order) ¹	
SWMU 6	Catch Tank (Drum Storage Area) (2) (Spill Control Tanks for the Drum Storage Building in 3008(h) Order) ¹	
SWMU 7	Scrap Pile ¹	
SWMU 8	Waste Oil Storage Tanks (4) ¹	
SWMU 9	Leachate Storage Tanks (3) ¹	
SWMU 10	Absorbent Drying Plant ¹	
SWMU 11	Overnight Waste Parking Area ¹	
SWMU 12	Leachate Holding Tanks (3) ¹	
SWMU 13	Drum Solidification Building ¹	
SWMU 14	Catch Tanks (Drum Solidification Area) (3) (Spill Control Tanks for the Drum Solidification Building in 3008(h) Order) ¹	
SWMU 16	"Old" Sedimentation Pond ("Old" Siltation Pond in 3008(h) Order)	
SWMU 18	"New" Sedimentation Pond ("New" Siltation Pond in 3008(h) Order)	
SWMU 19	Bulk Solidification Unit ¹	
SWMU 20	Underground Waste Tank (formerly known as Underground Storage Tanks) ¹	
SWMU 21	Laboratory Sample Storage Area ¹	

Appendix A-3	
SWMUs and AOCs Requiring No Further Action At This Time (NFA)	
SWMU Number or AOC Letter	SWMU or AOC Name
SWMU 22	Septic Tanks (6) ¹
SWMU 22A	1000-gallon Septic Tank With 100' of Drain Line ¹
SWMU 22B	1000-gallon Septic Tank From Lift Station ¹
SWMU 22C	1000-gallon Septic Tank with Modification to Drain Lines of 100 feet ¹
SWMU 22D	2000-gallon Septic Tank with Modification to Drain Lines of 265 feet ¹
SWMU 22E	1250-gallon Septic Tank ¹
SWMU 22F	1000-gallon Septic Tank with Modification of Drain Lines to 100 feet ¹
SWMU 29	Surface Runoff Behind Drum Storage Building ¹
SWMU 31	WP-1 Building ¹
SWMU 32	WP-2 Building
SWMU 33	Central Tank Farm ²
SWMU 33A	CTF Tank #1
SWMU 33B	CTF Tank #2
SWMU 33C	CTF Tank #3
SWMU 33D	CTF Tank #4
SWMU 33E	CTF Tank #5
SWMU 33F	CTF Tank #6
SWMU 33G	CTF Tank #7
SWMU 33H	CTF Tank #8
SWMU 331	CTF Tank #9
SWMU 33J	CTF Tank #10
SWMU 34	Auxiliary Tank Farm ³
SWMU 34A	ATF Tank #1
SWMU 34B	ATF Tank #2

Appendix A-3		
SWM	SWMUs and AOCs Requiring No Further Action At This Time (NFA)	
SWMU Number or AOC Letter	SWMU or AOC Name	
SWMU 35	Leachate Treatment System (LTS) Containment Building ⁴	
SWMU 35A	LTS T-200 Leachate Treatment Mix Tank	
SWMU 35B	LTS T-210 Leachate Treatment Sludge Tank	
SWMU 35C	LTS T-300 Caustic Soda Storage Tank	
SWMU 35D	LTS T-400 Sulfuric Acid Storage Tank	
SWMU 35E	LTS T-500 Sludge Conditioning Chemical Storage Tank	
SWMU 35F	LTS T-550 Polymer Storage Tank	
SWMU 35G	LTS T-600 Leachate Treatment Filtrate Tank	
SWMU 35H	LTS T-700 Leachate Treatment Holding Tank	
SWMU 351	LTS T-900 Leachate Treatment Slurry Tank	
SWMU 35J	LTS FLT-600 Leachate Treatment Filter Press	
SWMU 35K	LTS D-601 Leachate Treatment Electric Sludge Dryer	
SWMU 35L	LTS E-800 Leachate Treatment Propane Fueled Evaporator	
SWMU 35M	LTS D-901 Leachate Treatment Electric Slurry Dryer	
SWMU 35N	LTS Filter Cake Roll-Off Container	
SWMU 350	LTS Dried Slurry Roll-Off Container	
SWMU 35P	LTS Liquid Slurry Tanker	

¹ Unit was excavated during the construction of the Landfill and the Primary Stormwater Sedimentation Basin.

- ² SWMU 33 is a tank farm that includes ten (10) tanks located within a common secondary containment area. The tank farm is identified as SWMU 33 with each tank identified as SWMUs 33A thru 33J.
- ³ SWMU 34 is a tank farm that includes two (2) tanks located within a common secondary containment area. The tank farm is identified as SWMU 34 with each tank identified as SWMUs 34A and 34B.
- SWMU 35 is a containment building that includes fourteen (14) components within the LTS Building and two components located outside, adjacent to the LTS Building (SWMUs 35C and 35D).

The containment building is identified as SWMU 35 with each individual component identified as SWMUs 35A thru 35P.

	Appendix A-4
	SWMUs and AOCs Requiring Confirmatory Sampling (CS)
SWMU Number or AOC Letter	SWMU or AOC Name

Appendix A-5				
SWMUs and AOCs Requiring a RCRA Facility Investigation (RFI)				
SWMU Number or AOC Letter	SWMU or AOC Name			

Appendix A-6					
SWMUs and AOCs Requiring a Corrective Measures Study (CMS)					
SWMU Number or AOC Letter	SWMU or AOC Name				

Appendix A-7						
SWMUs and AOCs Requiring Corrective Action With Land Use Controls						
	(LUCS)					
SWMU Number or AOC Letter	SWMU or AOC Name	Description of Corrective Action	Description of LUC	Document Selecting Corrective Action and LUC		
RFI #2	Three (3) Excavated Emergency Spill Control Sumps	 Groundwater Monitoring Groundwater Recovery Compliance Monitoring of Pond A and Section I French Drain Outfall 	Restriction on Future Site Use (see Appendix I-2 (Hazardous Waste Site Post-Closure Notice) of the Approved Permit Application)	 Corrective Measures for Soil and Groundwater in Fulfillment of the 3008(h) Administrative Order on Consent, Solid Waste Management Units 2, 3, 4, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 27 Non-Landfill SWMU Compliance Monitoring Program, Section E.11 and Corrective Action Plan, Section E.12.a of the Approved Permit Application 		
RFI #3	Waste Oil Pits and Associated Dust Suppression Areas	 Groundwater Monitoring Groundwater Recovery Compliance Monitoring of Pond A and Section I French Drain Outfall 	Restriction on Future Site Use (see Appendix I-2 (Hazardous Waste Site Post-Closure Notice) of the Approved Permit Application)	 Corrective Measures for Soil and Groundwater in Fulfillment of the 3008(h) Administrative Order on Consent, Solid Waste Management Units 2, 3, 4, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 27 Non-Landfill SWMU Compliance Monitoring Program, Section E.11 and Corrective Action Plan, Section E.12.a of the Approved Permit Application 		

Appendix A-7					
SWMUs and AOCs Requiring Corrective Action With Land Use Controls					
	1	(LU	(CS)		
SWMU Number or AOC Letter	SWMU or AOC Name	Description of Corrective Action	Description of LUC	Document Selecting Corrective Action and LUC	
SWMU 23	Impacted Soils in Area of WT-22	 Groundwater Monitoring Groundwater Recovery Compliance Monitoring of Pond A and Section I French Drain Outfall 	Restriction on Future Site Use (see Appendix I-2 (Hazardous Waste Site Post-Closure Notice) of the Approved Permit Application)	 Corrective Measures for Soil and Groundwater in Fulfillment of the 3008(h) Administrative Order on Consent, Solid Waste Management Units 2, 3, 4, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 27 Non-Landfill SWMU Compliance Monitoring Program, Section E.11 and Corrective Action Plan, Section E.12.a of the Approved Permit Application 	
SWMU 24	SB-AA Impacted Area	 Groundwater Monitoring Groundwater Recovery Compliance Monitoring of Pond A and Section I French Drain Outfall 	Restriction on Future Site Use (see Appendix I-2 (Hazardous Waste Site Post-Closure Notice) of the Approved Permit Application)	 Corrective Measures for Soil and Groundwater in Fulfillment of the 3008(h) Administrative Order on Consent, Solid Waste Management Units 2, 3, 4, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 27 Non-Landfill SWMU Compliance Monitoring Program, Section E.11 and Corrective Action Plan, Section E.12.a of the Approved Permit Application 	

Appendix A-7					
SWMUs and AOCs Requiring Corrective Action With Land Use Controls (LUCs)					
SWMU Number or AOC Letter	SWMU or AOC Name	Description of Corrective Action	Description of LUC	Document Selecting Corrective Action and LUC	
SWMU 25	Impacted Soils in Area of WT-1	 Groundwater Monitoring Groundwater Recovery Compliance Monitoring of Pond A and Section I French Drain Outfall 	Restriction on Future Site Use (see Appendix I-2 (Hazardous Waste Site Post-Closure Notice) of the Approved Permit Application)	 Corrective Measures for Soil and Groundwater in Fulfillment of the 3008(h) Administrative Order on Consent, Solid Waste Management Units 2, 3, 4, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 27 Non-Landfill SWMU Compliance Monitoring Program, Section E.11 and Corrective Action Plan, Section E.12.a of the Approved Permit Application 	
SWMU 26	Impacted Soils in Area of WT-26	 Groundwater Monitoring Groundwater Recovery Compliance Monitoring of Pond A and Section I French Drain Outfall 	Restriction on Future Site Use (see Appendix I-2 (Hazardous Waste Site Post-Closure Notice) of the Approved Permit Application)	 Corrective Measures for Soil and Groundwater in Fulfillment of the 3008(h) Administrative Order on Consent, Solid Waste Management Units 2, 3, 4, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 27 Non-Landfill SWMU Compliance Monitoring Program, Section E.11 and Corrective Action Plan, Section E.12.a of the Approved Permit Application 	

Appendix A-7					
SWMUs and AOCs Requiring Corrective Action With Land Use Controls					
SWMU Number or AOC Letter	SWMU or AOC Name	Description of Corrective Action	Description of LUC	Document Selecting Corrective Action and LUC	
SWMU 27	Impacted Soils in Area of WT-23	 Groundwater Monitoring Groundwater Recovery Compliance Monitoring of Pond A and Section I French Drain Outfall 	Restriction on Future Site Use (see Appendix I-2 (Hazardous Waste Site Post-Closure Notice) of the Approved Permit Application)	 Corrective Measures for Soil and Groundwater in Fulfillment of the 3008(h) Administrative Order on Consent, Solid Waste Management Units 2, 3, 4, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 27 Non-Landfill SWMU Compliance Monitoring Program, Section E.11 and Corrective Action Plan, Section E.12.a of the Approved Permit Application 	
SWMU 28	Spillage in Area of Monitoring Well WT-4	 Groundwater Monitoring Groundwater Recovery Compliance Monitoring of Pond A and Section I French Drain Outfall 	Restriction on Future Site Use (see Appendix I-2 (Hazardous Waste Site Post-Closure Notice) of the Approved Permit Application)	 Corrective Measures for Soil and Groundwater in Fulfillment of the 3008(h) Administrative Order on Consent, Solid Waste Management Units 2, 3, 4, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 27 Non-Landfill SWMU Compliance Monitoring Program, Section E.11 and Corrective Action Plan, Section E.12.a of the Approved Permit Application 	

NOTE: All units listed in Appendix A-7 were excavated during the construction of the Landfill and the Primary Stormwater Sedimentation Basin.

APPENDIX B – RCRA FACILITY INVESTIGATION (RFI) WORKPLAN OUTLINE

I. RFI WORKPLAN REQUIREMENTS

The Permittee shall prepare a RCRA Facility Investigation (RFI) Workplan that meets the requirements of Part II of this appendix and the RFI Guidance, EPA-530/SW-89-031. This workplan shall also include the development of the following plans, which shall be prepared concurrently:

A. Project Management Plan

Permittee shall prepare a Project Management Plan that will include a discussion of the technical approach, schedules and personnel. The Project Management Plan will also include a description of qualifications of personnel performing or directing the RFI, including contractor personnel. This plan shall also document the overall management approach to the RCRA Facility Investigation.

B. Sampling and Analysis Plan(s)

The Permittee shall prepare a plan to document all monitoring procedures: field sampling, sampling procedures and sample analysis performed during the investigation to characterize the environmental setting, source, and releases of hazardous constituents, so as to ensure that all information and data are valid and properly documented. The Sampling Strategy and Procedures shall be in accordance with U.S. EPA Region 4 Environmental Compliance Branch's <u>Quality System and Technical Procedures</u> (most recent version). Any deviations from this reference must be requested by the applicant and approved by the Department. The Sampling and Analysis Plan must specifically discuss the following unless the SOP procedures are specifically referenced.

1. Sampling Strategy

- (a) Selecting appropriate sampling locations, depths, etc.;
- (b) Obtaining all necessary ancillary data;
- (c) Determining conditions under which sampling should be conducted;
- (d) Determining which media are to be sampled (e.g., groundwater, air, soil, sediment, subsurface gas);
- (e) Determining which parameters are to be measured and where;
- (f) Selecting the frequency of sampling and length of sampling period;
- (g) Selecting the types of samples (e.g., composites vs. grabs) and number of samples to be collected.

2. Sampling Procedures

- (a) Documenting field sampling operations and procedures, including;
 - (i) Documentation of procedures for preparation of reagents or supplies which become an integral part of the sample (e.g., filters, preservatives, and absorbing reagents);
 - (ii) Procedures and forms for recording the exact location and specific considerations associated with sample acquisition;
 - (iii) Documentation of specific sample preservation method;
 - (iv) Calibration of field instruments;
 - (v) Submission of field-biased blanks, where appropriate;
 - (vi) Potential interferences present at the facility;
 - (vii) Construction materials and techniques, associated with monitoring wells and piezometers;
 - (viii) Field equipment listing and sampling containers;
 - (ix) Sampling order; and
 - (x) Decontamination procedures.
- (b) Selecting appropriate sample containers;
- (c) Sampling preservation; and
- (d) Chain-of-custody, including:
 - (i) Standardized field tracking reporting forms to establish sample custody in the field prior to shipment; and
 - (ii) Pre-prepared sample labels containing all information necessary for effective sample tracking.

3. Sample Analysis

Sample analysis shall be conducted in accordance with Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods (SW-846) (most recent version). The sample analysis section of the Sampling and Analysis Plan shall specify the following:

- (a) Chain-of-custody procedures, including:
 - (i) Identification of a responsible party to act as sampling custodian at the laboratory facility authorized to sign for incoming field samples, obtain documents of shipment, and verify the data entered onto the sample custody records;

- (ii) Provision for a laboratory sample custody log consisting of serially numbered standard lab tracking report sheets; and
- (iii) Specification of laboratory sample custody procedures for sample handling, storage, and dispersement for analysis.
- (b) Sample storage;
- (c) Sample preparation methods;
- (d) Analytical Procedures, including:
 - (i) Scope and application of the procedure;
 - (ii) Sample matrix;
 - (iii) Potential interferences;
 - (iv) Precision and accuracy of the methodology; and
 - (v) Method detection limits.
- (e) Calibration procedures and frequency;
- (f) Data reduction, validation and reporting;
- (g) Internal quality control checks, laboratory performance and systems audits and frequency, including:
 - (i) Method blank(s);
 - (ii) Laboratory control sample(s);
 - (iii) Calibration check sample(s);
 - (iv) Replicate sample(s);
 - (v) Matrix-spiked sample(s);
 - (vi) "Blind" quality control sample(s);
 - (vii) Control charts;
 - (viii) Surrogate samples;
 - (ix) Zero and span gases; and
 - (x) Reagent quality control checks.
- (h) External quality control checks by the Department, including:
 - (i) Spikes and blanks at sampling events for which the Department or its technical representative provides oversight; and
 - (ii) The equivalent of a CLP data package for samples split with the Department or for which the Department specifically requests the package.

- (i) Preventive maintenance procedures and schedules;
- (j) Corrective action (for laboratory problems); and
- (k) Turnaround time.

C. Data Management Plan

The Permittee shall develop and initiate a Data Management Plan to document and track investigation data and results. This plan shall identify and set up data documentation materials and procedures, project file requirements, and project related progress reporting procedures and documents. The plan shall also provide the format to be used to present the raw data and conclusions of the investigation.

- 1. **Data Record -** The data record shall include the following:
 - (a) Unique sample or field measurement code;
 - (b) Sampling or field measurement location and sample or measurement type;
 - (c) Sampling or field measurement raw data;
 - (d) Laboratory analysis ID number;
 - (e) Property or component measures; and
 - (f) Result of analysis (e.g. concentration).
- 2. **Tabular Displays -** The following data shall be presented in tabular displays:
 - (a) Unsorted (raw) data;
 - (b) Results for each medium, or for each constituent monitored;
 - (c) Data reduction for statistical analysis, as appropriate;
 - (d) Sorting of data by potential stratification factors (e.g., location, soil layer, topography); and
 - (e) Summary data
- 3. **Graphical Displays -** The following data shall be presented in graphical formats (e.g., bar graphs, line graphs, area or plan maps, isopleth plots, cross-sectional plots or transits, three dimensional graphs, etc.):
 - (a) Display sampling location and sampling grid:
 - (b) Indicate boundaries of sampling area, and area where more data are required;
 - (c) Display geographical extent of contamination;
 - (d) Illustrate changes in concentration in relation to distances from the source, time, depth or other parameters; and

(e) Indicate features affecting inter media transport and show potential receptors.

II. RCRA FACILITY INVESTIGATION (RFI) REQUIREMENTS

The Permittee shall conduct those investigations necessary to: characterize the facility (Environmental Setting); define the source (Source Characterization); define the degree and extent of release of hazardous constituents (Contamination Characterization); and identify actual or potential receptors.

The investigations should result in data of adequate technical content and quality to support the development and evaluation of the corrective action plan if necessary. The information contained in previously developed documents such as a RCRA Part B Permit Application and/or RCRA Section 3019 Exposure Information Report may be referenced as appropriate, but must be summarized in both the RFI Workplan and RFI Report.

All sampling and analyses shall be conducted in accordance with the Sampling and Analysis Plan. All sampling locations shall be documented in a log and identified on a detailed site map.

A. Environmental Setting

The Permittee shall collect information to supplement and/or verify Part B information on the environmental setting at the facility. The Permittee shall characterize the following as they relate to identified sources, pathways and areas of releases of hazardous constituents from Solid Waste Management Units.

1. Hydrogeology

The Permittee shall conduct a program to evaluate hydrogeologic conditions at the facility. This program shall provide the following information:

- (a) A description of the regional and facility specific geologic and hydrogeologic characteristics affecting ground-water flow beneath the facility, including:
 - (i) Regional and facility specific stratigraphy: description of strata including strike and dip, identification of stratigraphic contacts;
 - (ii) Structural geology: description of local and regional structural features (e.g., folding, faulting, tilting, jointing, etc.);
 - (iii) Depositional history;
 - (iv) Regional and facility specific ground-water flow patterns; and
 - (v) Identification and characterization of areas and amounts of recharge and discharge.
- (b) An analysis of any topographic features that might influence the ground-water flow system.

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- (c) Based on field data, tests, and cores, a representative and accurate classification and description of the hydrogeologic units which may be part of the migration pathways at the facility (i.e., the aquifers and any intervening saturated and unsaturated units), including:
 - (i) Hydraulic conductivity and porosity (total and effective);
 - (ii) Lithology, grain size, sorting, degree of cementation;
 - (iii) An interpretation of hydraulic interconnections between saturated zones; and
 - (iv) The attenuation capacity and mechanisms of the natural earth materials (e.g., ion exchange capacity, organic carbon content, mineral content etc.).
- (d) Based on data obtained from groundwater monitoring wells and piezometers installed upgradient and downgradient of the potential contaminant source, a representative description of water level or fluid pressure monitoring including:
 - (i) Water-level contour and/or potentiometric maps;
 - (ii) Hydrologic cross sections showing vertical gradients;
 - (iii) The flow system, including the vertical and horizontal components of flow; and
 - (iv) Any temporal changes in hydraulic gradients, for example, due to tidal or seasonal influences.
- (e) A description of man-made influences that may affect the hydrology of the site, identifying:
 - (i) Local water-supply and production wells with an approximate schedule of pumping; and
 - (ii) Man-made hydraulic structures (pipelines, french drains, ditches, etc.).

2. Soils

The Permittee shall conduct a program to characterize the soil and rock units above the water table in the vicinity of contaminant release(s). Such characterization may include, but not be limited to, the following types of information as appropriate:

- (a) Surface soil distribution;
- (b) Soil profile, including ASTM classification of soils;
- (c) Transects of soil stratigraphy;
- (d) Hydraulic conductivity (saturated and unsaturated);
- (e) Relative permeability;

- (f) Bulk density;
- (g) Porosity;
- (h) Soil sorption capacity;
- (i) Cation exchange capacity (CEC);
- (j) Soil organic content;
- (k) Soil pH;
- (l) Particle size distribution;
- (m) Depth of water table;
- (n) Moisture content;
- (o) Effect of stratification on unsaturated flow;
- (p) Infiltration;
- (q) Evapotranspiration;
- (r) Storage capacity;
- (s) Vertical flow rate; and
- (t) Mineral content.

3. Surface Water and Sediment

The Permittee shall conduct a program to characterize the surface water bodies in the vicinity of the facility. Such characterization may include, but not be limited to, the following activities and information:

- (a) Description of the temporal and permanent surface water bodies including:
 - (i) For lakes and estuaries: location, elevation, surface area, inflow, outflow, depth, temperature stratification, and volume;
 - (ii) For impoundments: location, elevation, surface area, depth, volume, freeboard, and construction and purpose;
 - (iii) For streams, ditches, and channels: location, elevation, flow, velocity, depth, width, seasonal fluctuations, flooding tendencies (i.e., 100-year event), discharge point(s), and general contents.
 - (iv) Drainage patterns; and
 - (v) Evapotranspiration.
- (b) Description of the chemistry of the natural surface water and sediments. This includes determining the pH, total dissolved solids, total suspended solids, biological oxygen demand, alkalinity, conductivity, dissolved oxygen profiles,

nutrients, chemical oxygen demand, total organic carbon, specific contaminant concentrations, etc.

- (c) Description of sediment characteristics including:
 - (i) Deposition area;
 - (ii) Thickness profile; and
 - (iii) Physical and chemical parameters (e.g., grain size, density, organic carbon content, ion exchange capacity, pH, etc.)

4. Air

The Permittee shall provide information characterizing the climate in the vicinity of the facility. Such information may include, but not be limited to:

- (a) A description of the following parameters:
 - (i) Annual and monthly rainfall averages;
 - (ii) Monthly temperature averages and extremes;
 - (iii) Wind speed and direction;
 - (iv) Relative humidity/dew point;
 - (v) Atmospheric pressure;
 - (vi) Evaporation data;
 - (vii) Development of inversions; and
 - (viii) Climate extremes that have been known to occur in the vicinity of the facility, including frequency of occurrence (i.e. Hurricanes).
- (b) A description of topographic and man-made features which affect air flow and emission patterns, including:
 - (i) Ridges, hills or mountain areas;
 - (ii) Canyons or valleys;
 - (iii) Surface water bodies (e.g. rivers, lakes, bays, etc.); and
 - (iv) Buildings.

B. Source Characterization

For those sources from which releases of hazardous constituents have been detected, the Permittee shall collect analytical data to completely characterize the wastes and the areas where wastes have been placed, to the degree that is possible without undue safety risks, including: type, quantity; physical form; disposition (containment or nature of deposits); and facility characteristics affecting release (e.g., facility security, and engineering barriers). This shall include quantification of the following specific characteristics, at each source area:

1. Unit/Disposal Area Characteristics:

- (a) Location of unit/disposal area;
- (b) Type of unit/disposal area;
- (c) Design features;
- (d) Operating practices (past and present)
- (e) Period of operation;
- (f) Age of unit/disposal area;
- (g) General physical conditions; and
- (h) Method used to close the unit/disposal area.

2. Waste Characteristics:

- (a) Type of wastes placed in the unit;
 - (i) Hazardous classification (e.g., flammable, reactive, corrosive, oxidizing or reducing agent);
 - (ii) Quantity; and
 - (iii) Chemical composition.
- (b) Physical and chemical characteristics such as;
 - (i) Physical form (solid, liquid, gas);
 - (ii) Physical description (e.g., powder, oily sludge);
 - (iii) Temperature;
 - (iv) pH;
 - (v) General chemical class (e.g., acid, base, solvent);
 - (vi) Molecular weight;
 - (vii) Density;
 - (viii) Boiling point;
 - (ix) Viscosity;
 - (x) Solubility in water;
 - (xi) Cohesiveness of the waste; and
 - (xii) Vapor pressure.

- (c) Migration and dispersal characteristics of the waste such as:
 - (i) Sorption capability;
 - (ii) Biodegradability, bioconcentration, biotransformation;
 - (iii) Photodegradation rates;
 - (iv) Hydrolysis rates; and
 - (v) Chemical transformations.

The Permittee shall document the procedures used in making the above determinations.

C. Characterization of Releases of Hazardous Constituents

The Permittee shall collect analytical data on groundwater, soils, surface water, sediment, and subsurface gas contamination in the vicinity of the facility in accordance with the sampling and analysis plan as required above. These data shall be sufficient to define the extent, origin, direction, and rate of movement of contamination. Data shall include time and location of sampling, media sampled, concentrations found, conditions during sampling, and the identity of the individuals performing the sampling and analysis. The Permittee shall address the following types of contamination at the facility:

1. Groundwater Contamination

The Permittee shall conduct a groundwater investigation to characterize any plumes of contamination detected at the facility. This investigation shall at a minimum provide the following information:

- (a) A description of the horizontal and vertical extent of any plume(s) of hazardous constituents originating from within the facility;
- (b) The horizontal and vertical direction of contamination movement;
- (c) The velocity of contaminant movement;
- (d) The horizontal and vertical concentration profiles of hazardous constituents in the plume(s);
- (e) An evaluation of factors influencing the plume movement; and
- (f) An extrapolation of future contaminant movement.

The Permittee shall document the procedures used in making the above determinations (e.g., well design, well construction, geophysics, modeling, etc.).

2. Soil Contamination

The Permittee shall conduct an investigation to characterize the contamination of the soil and rock units above the saturated zone in the vicinity of any contaminant release. The investigation may include the following information:

- (a) A description of the vertical and horizontal extent of contamination;
- (b) A description of appropriate contaminant and soil chemical properties within the contaminant source area and plume. This may include contaminant solubility, speciation, absorption, leachability, exchange capacity, biodegradability, hydrolysis, photolysis, oxidation and other factors that might affect contaminant migration and transformation;
- (c) Specific contaminant concentrations;
- (d) The velocity and direction of contaminant movement; and
- (e) An extrapolation of future contaminant movement.

The Permittee shall document the procedures used in making the above determinations.

3. Surface Water and Sediment Contamination

The Permittee shall conduct a surface water investigation to characterize contamination in surface water bodies resulting from releases of hazardous constituents at the facility. The investigation may include, but not be limited to, the following information:

- (a) A description of the horizontal and vertical extent of any plume(s) originating from the facility, and the extent of contamination in underlying sediments;
- (b) The horizontal and vertical direction of contaminant movement;
- (c) The contaminant velocity;
- (d) An evaluation of the physical, biological and chemical factors influencing contaminant movement;
- (e) An extrapolation of future contaminant, movement; and
- (f) A description of the chemistry of the contaminated surface waters and sediments. This includes determining the pH, total dissolved solids, specific contaminant concentrations, etc.

4. Air Contamination

The Permittee shall conduct an investigation to characterize gaseous releases of hazardous constituents into the atmosphere or any structures or buildings. This investigation may provide the following information:
- (a) A description of the horizontal and vertical direction and velocity of contaminant movement;
- (b) The rate and amount of the release; and
- (c) The chemical and physical composition of the contaminant(s) released, including horizontal and vertical concentration profiles.

The Permittee shall document the procedures used in making the above determinations.

D. Potential Receptors

The Permittee shall collect data describing the human populations and environmental systems that are susceptible to contaminant exposure from the facility. Chemical analysis of biological samples and/or data on observable effects in ecosystems may also be obtained as appropriate. The following characteristics shall be identified:

- 1. Current local uses and planned future uses of groundwater:
 - (a) Type of use (e.g., drinking water source: municipal or residential, agricultural, domestic/non-potable, and industrial); and
 - (b) Location of ground water users, to include withdrawal and discharge wells, within one (1) mile of the impacted area.

The above information should also indicate the aquifer or hydrogeologic unit used and/or impacted for each item.

- **2.** Current local uses and planned future uses of surface waters directly impacted by the facility:
 - (a) Domestic and municipal (e.g., potable and lawn/gardening watering);
 - (b) Recreational (e.g. swimming, fishing);
 - (c) Agricultural;
 - (d) Industrial; and
 - (e) Environmental (e.g., fish and wildlife propagation).
- 3. Human use of or access to the facility and adjacent lands, including but not limited to:
 - (a) Recreation;
 - (b) Hunting;
 - (c) Residential;
 - (d) Commercial; and
 - (e) Relationship between population locations and prevailing wind direction.

- **4.** A general description of the biota in surface water bodies on, adjacent to, or affected by the facility.
- 5. A general description of the ecology within the area adjacent to the facility.
- **6.** A general demographic profile of the people who use, or have access to, the facility and adjacent land, including, but not limited to: age, sex, and sensitive subgroups.
- **7.** A description of any known or documented endangered or threatened species near the facility.

APPENDIX C – CORRECTIVE MEASURE STUDY (CMS) OUTLINE

The purpose of the CMS portion of the RCRA corrective action process is to identify and evaluate potential remedial alternatives for the releases of hazardous constituents that have been identified at the facility through the RFI or other investigations to need further evaluation. The scope and requirements of the CMS are balanced with the expeditious initiation of remedies and rapid restoration of contaminated media. The scope and requirements of the CMS should be focused to fit the complexity of the site-specific situation. It is anticipated that Permittee's with sites with complex environmental problems may need to evaluate a number of technologies and corrective measure alternatives. For other facilities, however, the evaluation of a single corrective measure alternative may be adequate. Therefore, a streamlined or focused approach to the CMS may be initiated. Information gathered during any stabilization or interim measures will be used to augment the CMS and in cases where corrective action goals are met, may be a substitute for the final CMS.

Regardless of whether a streamlined/focused or a detailed CMS is required, a CMS Workplan and CMS Report are generally required elements. The requirements for a full, detailed CMS are listed below. The Department has the flexibility not to require sections of the plan and/or report, where site-specific situations indicate that all requirements are not necessary. Additionally, the Department may require additional studies besides these discussed in order to support the CMS.

I. CORRECTIVE MEASURES STUDY (CMS) WORKPLAN

A. Elements of the CMS Workplan

The Corrective Measures Study (CMS) Workplan shall include at a minimum the following elements:

- 1. A site-specific description of the overall purpose of the CMS;
- 2. A description of the corrective measure objectives, including proposed target media cleanup standards (e.g., promulgated federal and state standards) and preliminary points of compliance or a description of how a risk assessment will be performed (e.g. guidance documents);
- 3. A description of the specific corrective measure technologies and/or corrective measure alternatives which will be studied;
- 4. A description of the general approach to investigating and evaluating potential corrective measures;

- 5. A detailed description of any proposed pilot, laboratory and/or bench scale studies;
- 6. A proposed outline for the CMS Report including a description of how information will be presented;
- 7. A description of overall project management including overall approach, levels of authority (include organization chart), lines of communication, project schedules, budget and personnel. Include a description of qualifications for personnel directing or performing the work;
- 8. A project schedule that specifies all significant steps in the process and when key documents (e.g., CMS Progress Reports, draft CMS Report) are to be submitted to the Department;
- 9. A detailed Public Involvement Plan.

II. CORRECTIVE MEASURES STUDY (CMS) REPORT

The detail of a CMS may vary based upon the complexity of the site, on-going Interim Measures, etc. However, the CMS Report may include the following elements:

A. Introduction/Purpose

The Permittee shall describe the purpose of the CMS Report and provide a summary description of the project.

B. Description of Current Situation

The Permittee shall submit a summary and an update to the information describing the current situation at the facility and the known nature and extent of the contamination as documented by the RCRA Facility Investigation (RFI) Report. This discussion should concentrate on those issues which could significantly affect the evaluation and selection of the corrective measures alternative(s). The Permittee shall provide an update to information presented in the RFI regarding previous response activities and interim measures that have or are being implemented at the facility. The Permittee shall also make a facility-specific statement of the purpose for the response, based on the results of the RFI. The statement of purpose should identify the actual or potential exposure pathways that should be addressed by corrective measures.

C. Establishment of Proposed Media Specific Cleanup Standards

The Permittee shall describe the proposed media cleanup standards and point of compliance. The standards must be background, promulgated federal and state standards or risk-derived standards. If media clean-up standards are not proposed, then the Department will unilaterally propose setting media clean-up standards to either background, promulgated federal and state standards or the most conservative risk-derived standards.

D. Identification, Screening and Development of Corrective Measure Technologies

1. Identification: List and briefly describe potentially applicable technologies for each affected media that may be used to achieve the corrective action objectives. Include a table that summarizes the available technologies.

The Permittee should consider innovative treatment technologies, especially in situations where there are a limited number of applicable corrective measure technologies.

2. Screening: The Permittee shall screen the corrective measure technologies to eliminate those that may prove infeasible to implement, that rely on technologies unlikely to perform satisfactorily or reliably, or that do not achieve the corrective measure objective within a reasonable time period. This screening process focuses on eliminating those technologies that have severe limitations for a given set of waste and site-specific conditions. The screening step may also eliminate technologies based on inherent technology limitations.

Site, waste, and technology characteristics that are used to screen inapplicable technologies are described in more detail below:

- a) Site Characteristics: Site data should be reviewed to identify conditions that may limit or promote the use of certain technologies. Technologies whose use is clearly precluded by site characteristics should be eliminated from further consideration.
- b) Waste Characteristics: Identification of waste characteristics that limit the effectiveness or feasibility of technologies is an important part of the screening process. Technologies clearly limited by these waste characteristics should be eliminated from consideration. Waste characteristics particularly affect the feasibility of in-situ methods, direct treatment methods, and land disposal (on/off-site).
- c) Technology Limitations: During the screening process, the level of technology development, performance record, and inherent construction, operation, and

maintenance problems should be identified for each technology considered. Technologies that are unreliable, perform poorly, or are not fully demonstrated may be eliminated in the screening process. For example, certain treatment methods have been developed to a point where they can be implemented in the field without extensive technology transfer or development.

3. Corrective Measure Development: The Permittee shall assemble the technologies that pass the screening step into specific alternatives that have the potential to meet the corrective action objectives for each media. Options for addressing less complex sites could be relatively straightforward and may only require evaluation of a single or limited number of alternatives. Each alternative may consist of an individual technology or a combination used in sequence (i.e., treatment train). Different alternatives may be considered for separate areas of the facility, as appropriate. List and briefly describe each corrective measure alternative.

E. Evaluation of a Final Corrective Measure Alternative

For each remedy which warrants a more detailed evaluation (i.e., those that passed through the screening step), including those situations when only one remedy is being proposed, the Permittee shall provide detailed documentation of how the potential remedy will comply with each of the standards listed below. These standards reflect the major technical components of remedies including cleanup of releases, source control and management of wastes that are generated by remedial activities. The specific standards are as follows:

- 1. Protect human health and the environment.
- 2. Attain media cleanup standards set by the Department.
- 3. Control the source of releases to reduce or eliminate, to the extent practicable, further releases that may pose a threat to human health and the environment.
- 4. Comply with applicable standards for management of wastes.
- 5. Other factors.

In evaluating the selected alternative or alternatives, the Permittee shall prepare and submit information that documents that the specific remedy will meet the standards listed above. The following guidance should be used in completing this evaluation.

1. Protect Human Health and the Environment

Corrective action remedies must be protective of human health and the environment. Remedies may include those measures that are needed to be protective, but are not directly related to media cleanup, source control or management of wastes. An example would be a requirement to provide alternative drinking water supplies in order to prevent exposures to releases from an aquifer used for drinking water purposes. Therefore, the Permittee shall provide a discussion of any short-term remedies necessary to meet this standard, as well as discuss how the corrective measures alternative(s) meet this standard.

2. Attain Media Cleanup Standards

Remedies will be required to attain media cleanup standards. As part of the necessary information for satisfying this requirement, the Permittee shall address whether the potential remedy will achieve the remediation objectives. An estimate of the time frame necessary to achieve the goals shall be included. Contingent remedies may be proposed if there is doubt if the initial remedy will be successful (e.g., contingent remedies to innovative technologies).

3. Control of Sources of Releases

The Permittee shall address the issue of whether source control measures are necessary, and if so, the type of actions that would be appropriate. Any source control measure proposed should include a discussion on how well the method is anticipated to work given the particular situation at the facility and the known track record of the specific technology.

4. Comply With any Applicable Standards for Management of Wastes

The Permittee shall include a discussion of how the specific waste management activities will be conducted in compliance with all applicable state and federal regulations (e.g., closure requirements, LDRs).

5. Other Factors

Five (5) general factors will be considered as appropriate by the Department in selecting/approving a remedy that meets the four (4) standards listed above. These five (5) decision factors include:

- a) Long-term reliability and effectiveness;
- b) Reduction in the toxicity, mobility or volume of wastes;
- c) Short-term effectiveness;

- d) Implementability; and
- e) Cost.

Examples of the type of information to include are provided below:

- a) Long-term reliability and effectiveness: The Permittee may consider whether the technology, or combination of technologies, have been used effectively under analogous site conditions, whether failure of any one technology in the alternative would have any immediate impact on receptors, and whether the alternative would have the flexibility to deal with uncontrollable changes at the site. Operation and maintenance requirements include the frequency and complexity of necessary operation and maintenance. In addition, each corrective measure alternative should be evaluated in terms of the projected useful life of the overall alternative and of its component technologies. Useful life is defined as the length of time the level of effectiveness can be maintained.
- b) Reduction in the toxicity, mobility or volume of wastes: As a general goal, remedies will be preferred that employ techniques that are capable of eliminating or substantially reducing the potential for the wastes in SWMUs and/or contaminated media at the facility to cause future environmental releases. Estimates of how the corrective measure alternative will reduce toxicity, mobility and/or volume of the waste is required and may be accomplished through a comparison of initial site conditions to expected post-corrective measures conditions.
- c) Short-term effectiveness: The Permittee shall evaluate each corrective measure alternative for short-term effectiveness. Possible factors to consider are fire, explosion, exposure to hazardous constituents and potential threats associated with the treatment, excavation, transportation and re-disposal or containment of the waste material.
- d) Implementability: Information to consider when assessing implementability include:
 - i. The administrative activities needed to implement the corrective measure alternative [e.g. permits, rights of way, etc.] and the length of time these activities will take;
 - ii. The constructability, time for implementation, and time for beneficial results;
 - iii. The availability of adequate off-site treatment, storage capacity, disposal services, needed technical services and materials; and

- iv. The availability of prospective technologies for each corrective measure alternative.
- e) Cost: The Permittee shall develop an estimate of the cost of each corrective measure alternative (and for each phase or segment of the alternative). The cost estimate shall include both capital and operation and maintenance costs. The capital costs shall include, but are not limited to, costs for: engineering, site preparation, construction, materials, labor, sampling/analysis, waste management/disposal, permitting, health and safety measures, etc. The operation and maintenance costs shall include labor, training, sampling and analysis, maintenance materials, utilities, waste disposal and/or treatment, etc. Costs shall be calculated as the net present value of the capital and operation and maintenance costs.

F. Justification and Recommendation of the Corrective Measure or Measures

The Permittee shall justify and recommend in the CMS Report a corrective measure alternative for consideration by the Department. Such a recommendation should include a description and supporting rationale for the preferred alternative that is consistent with the corrective action standards and remedy selection decision factors discussed above. In addition, this recommendation shall include summary tables that allow the alternative or alternatives to be understood easily. Trade-offs among health risks, environmental effects, and other pertinent factors shall be highlighted. The Department will select the corrective measure alternative or alternatives to be implemented based on the results presented in the CMS Report.

APPENDIX D – LAND USE CONTROL MANAGEMENT PLAN

DEFINITION

As used herein, the term "land use control" or "LUC" with regard to real property means any restriction or control that limits the use of and/or exposure to any portion of that property, including water resources, arising from the need to protect human health and the environment. The term encompasses "institutional controls", such as those involved in real estate interests, governmental permitting, zoning, public advisories, deed notices, and other "legal" restrictions. The term also includes restrictions on access, whether achieved by means of engineered barriers (e.g., fence or concrete pad) or by human means (e.g., the presence of security guards). Additionally, the term includes both affirmative measures to achieve the desired restrictions (e.g., night lighting of an area) and prohibitive directives (e.g., no drilling of drinking water wells for the duration of the corrective action). Considered altogether, the LUCs for a facility will provide a tool for how the property should be used in order to maintain the level of protectiveness that one or more corrective actions were designed to achieve.

PURPOSE

When land use controls (LUCs) are necessary to assure the reliability of land use assumptions, the Permittee must put appropriate procedures in place to ensure that such controls will be maintained for as long as necessary to keep the chosen remedy fully protective of human health and the environment. This Land Use Control Management Plan (LUCMP) was developed to assure the effectiveness and reliability of the required LUCs for as long as any LUCs continue to be required in order for the corrective action to remain protective and to serve as an enforceable document for any noncompliance. The requirements described herein are only applicable to those SWMUs and/or AOCs for which LUCs were selected as part of the final corrective action. The specific details for the implementation of the LUC should be outlined in the CMI Workplan (or other Corrective Action document approved by the Department). Appendix A-7 provides a list of SWMUs and/or AOCs for which LUCs are selected as part of the corrective action, a summary of the corrective action requiring LUC, and a reference to the document selecting the final corrective action.

The purpose of the LUCMP is to accomplish the following specific objectives for SWMUs and/or AOCs listed in Appendix A-7:

- To implement a process for the Permittee to periodically advise the Department of the continued maintenance of any LUCs and of any planned changes in land use which might impact these LUCs.
- To implement procedures for integrating all SWMUs and/or AOCs into the Facility Planning Process as applicable (e.g. Facility Management Plan).
- To implement procedures for integrating all SWMUs and/or AOCs into the Property Conveyance Process as applicable.
- To implement a process to inform current and future property users of environmental conditions at SWMUs and/or AOCs.

I. LUC INSPECTION - REVIEW - CERTIFICATION

The Permittee shall initiate the following specific actions:

- A. Conduct quarterly inspections/review of all SWMUs and/or AOCs identified in Appendix A-7. These inspections shall be for the purposes of verifying that all necessary LUCs have been implemented and are being properly maintained. The Permittee will be responsible for the following:
 - 1. Ensuring that all required inspections are performed.
 - 2. Ensuring that the Department is provided with thirty (30) days advance notice of, and opportunity to observe facility personnel as they conduct at least one of the quarterly inspections each year.
 - 3. Ensuring that the Department is notified in writing within thirty (30) days of any deficiencies noted.
 - 4. Ensuring that all appropriate measures are undertaken within thirty (30) days to correct any deficiencies and timely notification in writing to the Department detailing measures taken.
- B. Prepare and forward an annual report to the Department signed by the Permittee certifying the continued maintenance of all LUCs associated with those SWMUs and/or AOCs identified in Appendix A-7.

II. CHANGE IN LAND USE

The following shall constitute a change in land use:

- A. Any change in land that would be inconsistent with those specific exposure assumptions in the human health and/or ecological risk assessments or other criteria that served as the basis for selecting the LUCs as part of the final corrective action.
- B. Any activity that may disrupt the effectiveness of the LUC. Including but not limited to: excavation at a SWMU and/or AOC; groundwater pumping that may impact a groundwater mixing zone or groundwater corrective action or monitoring program; a construction project that may impact ecological habitat protected by the corrective action; removal of access control; removal of warning signs; or rezoning.
- C. Any activity that may alter or negate the need for the specific LUCs.

III. REQUEST FOR PERMIT MODIFICATION FOR LAND USE CHANGE

- A. The Permittee will provide written notification to the Department at least sixty days (60) (except in emergency situations- where notice should be given as soon as practicable) prior to implementation of any change in land use at the SWMUs and/or AOCs identified in Appendix A-7. A request for a permit modification will be provided for the purpose of obtaining the Department's concurrence with the Permittee's determination as to whether the contemplated change will or will not necessitate re-evaluation of the selected corrective action or implementation of specific measures to ensure continued protection of human health and the environment.
- B. No land use change should be implemented until the permit modification is effective. The request for modification will include the following at a minimum:
 - 1. An evaluation of whether the anticipated land use change will pose unacceptable risks to human health and the environment or negatively impact the effectiveness of the selected corrective action;
 - 2. An evaluation of the need for any additional corrective action or LUCs resulting from implementation of the anticipated land use change; and,
 - 3. A proposal for any necessary changes in the selected corrective action.

IV. FINANCIAL ASSURANCE

The Permittee's financial assurance responsibilities are addressed in Section I.6 of the Approved Permit Application.

V. REQUEST FOR PERMIT MODIFICATION FOR PROPERTY CONVEYANCE

Should the decision be made to transfer to any other agency, private person, or entity, either title to, or some lesser form of property interest (e.g., an easement, or right of way, etc.), SWMUs and/or AOCs identified in Appendix A-7, then the Permittee will ensure that at a minimum in accordance with R.61-79.270.42:

- A. The Department is provided with written notification at least ninety (90) days prior the initiation of the property conveyance process. Such notice shall indicate the following:
 - 1. The type of property conveyance (e.g., an easement, or right of way, etc.)
 - 2. The anticipated final date for the conveyance
 - 3. Future property owners
 - 4. A list of SWMUs and/or AOCs affected by the conveyance
 - 5. Mechanism(s) that will be used to maintain any LUCs which may need to remain in place after the property conveyance.
- B. All LUCs for SWMUs and/or AOCs identified in Appendix A-7 must be incorporated into the property conveyance documents so that the transferee(s) is given adequate notice of existing site condition(s). The details of the LUC provided in the property conveyance documents must be consistent with the details in the document where the final corrective action was selected.
- C. It is understood that for the planned conveyance of any SWMUs and/or AOCs identified in Appendix A-7, the Department will re-evaluate the continued appropriateness of any previously agreed upon LUC(s) based upon the level of assurance provided, to ensure that necessary LUCs will be maintained and enforced.

VI. IMPLEMENTATION OF LAND USE CONTROLS



APPENDIX E – FACILITY MAP

For every SWMU and/or AOC identified in Appendix A-7, the Permittee must provide the information listed below prior to implementing any LUC. This information should be presented in the CMI Workplan (or other Corrective Action document approved by the Department).

- A. SWMU and/or AOC Description: (e.g., provide survey plat map certified by a professional land surveyor)
- B. Location/Area Under Restriction: (e.g., northeast corner of the facility between buildings 250 and 260 as reflected on BMP page ____ / GIS index under IR Site ____).
- C. LUC(s) Implemented and Corresponding Objective(s): (e.g., installation of a fence to restrict public access, etc.)
- D. Corrective Action Selection Document: (e.g., CMS dated _____).
- E. Field Implementation Methods with Appropriate Figures: (e.g., engineering design drawings, etc.).
- F. Inspection Methods and Maintenance Procedures: (e.g., Monitoring well plan to include analytical suite, well identification, reporting format, etc.)
- G. Facility Planning Process: (e.g., a tracking system for facility employees to ensure proper maintenance of LUCs.)
- H. Schedule for Submitting a Contingency Plan to be Implemented in the Case that Corrective Action and LUCs are no Longer Effective: (e.g. procedure for notification and implementation corrective action in the event that pump and treat system is not achieving modeled goals, etc.)
- I. Corrective Action Completion LUC Termination Process: (e.g. Pump and treat system has achieved goals and prohibition of drilling of drinking water wells is no longer needed, etc.)
- J. Other Pertinent Information:

Attachment 2 – Response to Comments



SOUTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

Response to Comments

HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT PERMIT

Pinewood Site Custodial Trust

SCD 070 375 985

May 13, 2025

SUMMARY

The South Carolina Department of Environmental Services (SCDES) Bureau of Land and Waste Management (BLWM) received a renewal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) hazardous waste management permit application for post-closure care activities at the Pinewood Site on April 5, 2018. A draft permit was written by SCDES to comply with the South Carolina Hazardous Waste Management Regulations. The draft permit contained conditions for post-closure care of three (3) closed hazardous waste landfill units, collection and onsite treatment of landfill leachate, identification of solid waste management units (SWMUs) and areas of concern (AOC), and corrective action for those units.

The draft permit was public noticed on January 30, 2025. This notice initiated a sixty (60) day public review and comment period. The public comment period ended on April 4, 2025. All comments received during the public comment period are addressed in the following response to comments.

After consideration of all comments, a decision was made to issue the Hazardous Waste Management Permit to the Pinewood Site Custodial Trust.

COMMENTS AND RESPONSES

Conservation Voters of South Carolina Comment

Zach Bjur, Land, Water and Ocean Project Manager for the Conservation Voters of South Carolina, provided a written comment in an email dated February 27, 2025. The comment is extracted directly from the text of the email for brevity:

Comment

We've had a number of inquiries regarding the Hazardous Waste Permit Renewal at Pinewood. I've looked over the draft and understand that this will result in a continuation of existing waste management practices. Is there enough funding to maintain the site until 2103?

<u>Response to Comment</u>: For clarification, the draft Hazardous Waste Management Permit is for Post Closure Care of the closed landfill. Waste is no longer going into the landfill.

With regards to the financial health of the Trust, the Pinewood Site Custodial Trust (PSCT) is the Trustee for the site. SCDES works hand in hand with the Trustee to manage the funds that are set aside from both the bankruptcy settlement and appropriations from the South Carolina General Assembly. The Trustee has a fiduciary responsibility to maintain the site in a financially responsible manner for the citizens of the state. PSCT continuously looks for efficiencies and cost savings for site operations so that we can ensure adequate funding for the life of the post closure care.

No change in the Permit is required.

Robert Kerr, Pinewood Trustee, Comment

Robert Kerr, Trustee of the Pinewood Site Custodial Trust (PSCT), provided a written comment in an email dated April 1, 2025. The comment is extracted directly from the text of the email for brevity:

Comment

Specifically, Section I.E.9(a) under the heading "Monitoring Records" of the Permit states: "Laboratory methods must be those specified in the most recent edition of Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste: Physical/Chemical Methods (SW-846), or an equivalent method approved by the Department, and must be performed by a laboratory

certified for each specific parameter pursuant to the State Environmental Laboratory Certification Regulations, R.61-81 and R.61-79.260.11. [R.61-79.270.30(j)(1)]

Pinewood Site's monitoring programs include analysis for an extensive list of individual parameters, including those associated with waste and contaminated media for waste characterization and off-site disposal purposes. It has been our experience that for reasons beyond the PSCT's control, during any given monitoring period there may be a limited number of monitoring parameters where a State-certified laboratory method is either unavailable or impracticable to use. To address this situation, we request a provision be added to the Permit to allow PSCT the use of alternative, non-State certified laboratory methods for monitoring certain parameters on a case-by-case basis, and upon written request with justification, and with prior approval of SCDES.

PTI believes this revision is needed to afford the PSCT the ability to maintain compliance with the Permit without compromising the overall environmental monitoring programs of the Pinewood Site.

Response to Comment

SCDES acknowledges the possible scenarios provided in the comment; however, Condition I.E.9 is standard language included in all RCRA permits issued by the Department. If the situation would arise, SCDES will consider those scenarios on a case-by-case basis.

No change in the Permit is required.

Smith Gardner, Inc. Comment

Bobby Wolf, P.G. and Kevin Anderson, P.G. of Smith Gardner, Inc. provided a written comment in a letter dated January 29, 2025. The comment is extracted directly from the text of the letter for brevity:

<u>Comment</u>

Specifically, **Section V.I.4** of the draft Permit states..." For those constituents that have established Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCL) or Regional Screening Levels (RSL), the analytical method chosen must be capable of achieving a Practical Quantitation Limit (PQL) below the established MCL or RSL. For those constituents which do not have an established MCL or RSL, the analytical method must achieve the lowest reasonably achievable PQL based on instrumentation and analytical method."

It has been S+G's experience that it may not be possible for the contract laboratory to achieve a PQL below a chemical constituent's RSL. Typically, the RSL values are much

lower than establish MCLs [for constituents with MCLs] and S+G has had cases where the contract laboratory was not able to achieve a PQL below an RSL value. S+G requests that in these cases, the lowest reasonably achievable PQL based on the contract laboratory's instrumentation and analytical method be allowed.

Response to Comment

Agreed. In cases where RSLs are very low, SCDES is willing to accept the lowest reasonably achievable PQL based on the contract laboratory's instrumentation and analytical method in lieu of the RSL.

No change in the Permit is required.

Celeste V. Brunson Comments

Celeste V. Brunson provided written comments in a letter dated February 10, 2025. The comments are extracted directly from the text of the letter for brevity:

Comment 1

I have concerns that it is more than twenty years since the site's owner/operator ceased operations and this is the first I'm hearing of any post-closure care activity being sought. You mean to tell me that a permit is just being filed to conduct post-closure care; manage and treat leachate collected from the units; and identify areas of concern. According to federal regulations, post-closure care should have been initiated by now, in a timely fashion, after completion of the closure of the units years ago (see 40 CFR 264/265.117). Post-closure care is supposed to continue after that initial period.

It looks like the first time any sort of monitoring report was done is February, 2017 and that was for air emissions, as shown at the

website, <u>www.thepinewoodsite.com/regulatory-reports</u>. The first time groundwater was monitored looks like in 2021. The pinewood site was closed in 2006 so why did it take so long to begin any monitoring activities?

I certainly hope that the post-closure care process will get done efficiently. Since many hazardous substances degrade slowly or do not degrade at all, the continued existence of hazardous substances in the units may have the potential to impact human health and the environment in the future if post-closure care is not maintained. Even if there is no current showing of actual releases of toxins, significant factors can change over time, especially considering climate change. Thus, continued monitoring and maintenance activities may be appropriate.

Response to Comment 1

Post-closure care began in 2000 when the site stopped receiving waste and closed. Post-closure care will continue under the requirements of the South Carolina Hazardous Waste Management Act, South Carolina Hazardous Waste Regulations, R.61-79.264, and the facility permit. Groundwater has been monitored at the site for more than 45 years and began before the site became a RCRA facility in 1980.

No change in the Permit is required.

Comment 2

I would like to know from the post-closure care process of the three units in question whether there is any potential for adverse impact from releases at the Site. Is the waste in a stable state? Is the waste highly toxic and does it convert into substances that are less toxic or totally non-toxic? What protocol will SCDES follow to ensure full compliance with Federal laws regarding post-closure, such as 40 CFR Parts 264, 265, 270, and 271?

Hopefully, SCDES will utilize the guidelines provided by the United States Environmental Protection Agency to monitor and evaluate the post-closure period. This is a link to some guidelines available

online: <u>https://www.epa.gov/hwpermitting/guidelines-evaluating-and-adjusting-post-</u> closure-care-period-hazardous-waste-disposal.

Response to Comment 2

A robust groundwater monitoring system consisting of 256 wells ranging in depth from 16 feet to 175 feet feet deep is sampled quarterly for the purpose of detecting releases from the landfill.

The landfill sections were designed to receive hazardous waste, most of which meets the RCRA definition of toxic. Adverse impacts to the environment from the wastes are prevented by a cap over the landfill to limit infiltration and prevent exposure to the waste. The integrity of the cap is routinely inspected as part of post-closure care.

The South Carolina Hazardous Waste Regulations, R.61-79, are equivalent to the Federal Hazardous Waste Management Regulations regarding post-closure care (Subtitle C). SCDES is authorized by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) to implement the Hazardous Waste Management Regulations.

No change in the Permit is required.

Comment 3

I own property in close proximity to the Pinewood landfill, and am concerned about groundwater; air emissions; and any impact on the large Lake that borders the landfill, Lake Marion. That lake is an important source of fish for thousands of people in the region. Did you know that Lake Marion is one of the 50 largest lakes in the United States and the largest lake in the State of South Carolina, stretching across five counties? It covers almost 110,000 acres of farmlands, former marshes, and river valley landscape. It covers a 315-mile shoreline. Lake Marion is a source for the Santee Cooper Reservoir. It is no doubt a very major Lake to be concerned about. Especially in these days when there are many lakes around the country and the globe drying up due to climate changes.

Response to Comment 3

SCDES agrees with your concerns of potential impacts to Lake Marion. The postclosure care program for the site includes groundwater and surface water monitoring to ensure that any release from the landfill would not impact Lake Marion.

No change in the Permit is required.

Comment 4

Groundwater monitoring should consist of a means of detecting leachate releases and groundwater contamination per the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA). A study as to possible changes in land or groundwater use such as climatic change impact; introduction of agricultural irrigation; or shift of gradients resulting from tidal or rainwater flooding influences should be conducted. Specific post-closure care requirements consist of maintaining the integrity and effectiveness of the final cover system; leachate collection system; groundwater monitoring system; and methane gas monitoring system. The owner/operator of a closed landfill must prepare a written post-closure care plan that provides the following:

-A description of all required monitoring and maintenance activities, including the frequency with which each activity will be performed.

-The name, address, and telephone number of the person to contact during the postclosure care period.

-A description of planned uses of the land during the post-closure care period.

Any use of the land during this period must not disturb the integrity or operation of any

of the waste containment systems or the monitoring systems. At the end of the postclosure care period, the owner/operator must certify that the post-closure care has been completed in accordance with the official post-closure care plan. This certification must be signed by an independent, registered professional engineer or the state director. Once signed, the certification is placed in the facility's operating record.

Response to Comment 4

SCDES concurs with the post-closure activities provided in this comment and notes they are all included as requirements specified in the permit application and conditions of the facility permit.

No change in the Permit is required.

Comment 5

I am also concerned that the Pinewood Site Trust and Safety Kleen is using the pursuit of a permit to conduct post-closure care as a prelude to seeking a renewal permit or some sort of adjustment to the original permit later on based on some grounds that there is a newly constructed or modified facility in the area; or some other prelude excuse to start up waste management operations. Hopefully, no future permits will be granted for waste management purposes. People should research ways on how to utilize acreage for the production of alternative sustainable energy sources. For instance, some closed landfills around the United States have been converted into solar farms for the production of solar energy. There are municipalities around America utilizing closed acreage for the production of electricity. The exploration of alternative energy sources should include a study on the impact to Lake Marion and the citizens of South Carolina.

Response to Comment 5

SCDES is not aware of any plans to reopen the Pinewood Site for disposal of wastes of any kind. The purpose of the permit is only to regulate post-closure care of site.

No change in the Permit is required.

Comment 6

I have concerns about the possible occurrence of various types of cancers around the Pinewood Site. It is common medical knowledge that cancer can be caused by certain toxins either in the water or air. Thus, I have concerns about the levels of toxins in the local groundwater and the air toxic emissions.

Response to Comment 6

SCDES does not have any knowledge regarding occurrences of any cancer or studies of cancer occurrences around the Pinewood Site.

A robust groundwater monitoring system at the site includes 256 monitoring wells ranging in depth from 16 feet to 175 feet deep. Monitoring wells are sampled quarterly for the purpose of detecting releases from the landfill. No releases have been detected from any of the landfill sections.

Drinking water wells near the Pinewood Site have been sampled in the past. Results of sampling do not indicate these wells were impacted by the landfill.

Air emissions from activities at the Pinewood Site are regulated by SCDES's Bureau of Air Quality under the site's Bureau of Air Quality Permit, Number CM-2140-0017 v2.0.

No change in the Permit is required.

Celeste V. Brunson Comment

Celeste V. Brunson provided written comments in a second letter dated March 15, 2025. The comments are extracted directly from the text of the letter for brevity:

Comment 1

Whether there is any potential for adverse impact from releases at the Site (the entire site and not just the three units)?

Response to Comment 1

There is groundwater contamination at the site unrelated to the three landfill sections and was caused by other site activities. The contamination is confined to a small area and is not near the property boundary. It is being cleaned up in accordance with a plan approved by SCDES and documented in the Draft Permit.

Groundwater monitoring of the landfill sections conducted from 1980 to the present do not indicate a release into groundwater.

No change in the Permit is required.

Comment 2

Is the waste in a stable state? If so, please describe how the engineers have made that assessment? Also, provide the exact website url for the report at <u>thepinewoodsite.com</u> which indicates stability, if that is the assessment.

Response to Comment 2

Prior to being placed in the landfill cells, all wastes had to be stabilized in accordance with land disposal restrictions of the S.C. Hazardous Waste Management Regulations, R.61-79.268.

No change in the Permit is required.

Comment 3

Is the waste highly toxic?

Response to Comment 3

Wastes that are classified as "toxic" as defined in the S.C. Hazardous Waste Management Regulations were disposed of in the landfill sections.

No change in the Permit is required.

Comment 4

What types of substances does the waste convert to?

Response to Comment 4

Since the waste is encapsulated beneath a cap, it is impossible to directly evaluate the conversion of waste and its byproducts.

No change in the Permit is required.

Comment 5

What types of substances have been found thus far in the local groundwater that developed from the waste source at the Pinewood Site?

Response to Comment 5

There have been detections of constituents in groundwater in monitoring wells around the landfill sections. With a large monitoring well system consisting of 256 wells and considering that groundwater has been monitored quarterly for more than 45 years, it is not unusual for such a groundwater monitoring system to detect constituents periodically. There are procedures established in the S.C. Hazardous Waste Management Regulations and in the Hazardous Waste Permit for responding when a constituent is detected. To date, there has not been a confirmed release to groundwater from the landfill sections at the site.

No change in the Permit is required.

Comment 6

What types of tools or equipment are being utilized to test the local groundwater (not just the land area where the landfill sits) but the groundwater within at least a 50 mile radius?

Response to Comment 6

Groundwater monitoring is conducted on the Pinewood Site. There is a robust system of 256 monitoring wells that are sampled quarterly. Private wells located near the site have been sampled previously and no chemicals related to the landfill were detected.

No change in the Permit is required.

Comment 7

What types of substances are in the air as a result of the waste at the Pinewood Site?

Response to Comment 7

The Pinewood Site holds a permit issued by the Bureau of Air Quality, Number CM-2140-0017 v2.0. Information on toxin testing at the Pinewood Site, if conducted, would be available through the SCDES Bureau of Air Quality. No change in the Permit is required.

Comment 8

What are the predictions as to the impact of climate change including rainwater flooding to the Pinewood Site and possible exasperation of the release of toxins?

Response to Comment 8

SCDES has no plans to conduct the studies or issue the predictions mentioned in this comment.

No change in the Permit is required.

Comment 9

What types of studies are planned for impact analysis of climate conditions such as high temperatures; extreme cold; and flooding?

Response to Comment 9

SCDES has no plans to conduct the studies mentioned in this comment.

No change in the Permit is required.

Comment 10

Is there a leachate collection system or monitoring of leachate releases and how often is it done?

Response to Comment 10

Each landfill section has a leachate collection system. Leachate is continuously removed from the landfill sections and treated in the Leachate Treatment System. Monitoring reports for the Leachate Treatment System are submitted monthly and an annual report is submitted that lists the chemicals found in the leachate.

No change in the Permit is required.

Comment 11

Does the State of South Carolina hold the deed to the "Pinewood Site Custodial Trust" land site or is the deed still in the holdings of Safety Kleen/GSX?

Response to Comment 11

In 2000, the last operator of the Pinewood Site, Safety Kleen, stopped receiving wastes and filed for bankruptcy. In 2003, a settlement agreement between Safety Kleen and SCDES's predecessor agency established the Pinewood Site Custodial Trust (PSCT) and transferred the Site's real and personal property from Safety Kleen to the Trustee of the PSCT. The Trustee of the PSCT holds the Site permit and performs measures necessary to comply with the permit on behalf of the State of South Carolina.

No change in the Permit is required.

Comment 12

How long will the Trustees of the Pinewood Site Custodial Trust be responsible for collecting data and generating reports?

Response to Comment 12

The post-closure care activities described in the permit application and facility permit, including the data collection and report generation of the post-closure care program, will likely continue after the 100-year post-closure period ends on December 31, 2105.

No change in the Permit is required.

Comment 13

What are the known cancer rates in the area surrounding the Pinewood site?

Response to Comment 13

SCDES does not have any knowledge regarding occurrences of any cancer or studies of cancer occurrences around the Pinewood Site.

No change in the Permit is required.

Comment 14

What types of tools or equipment is utilized to test for toxins in the air in the local area around the Pinewood site?

Response to Comment 14

The Pinewood Site holds a permit issued by the SCDES Bureau of Air Quality, Number CM-2140-0017 v2.0. Information on toxin testing at the Pinewood Site, if conducted, would be available through the Bureau of Air Quality.

No change in the Permit is required.

Comment Number 15

What type of monitoring or detection is conducted for methane gas emissions? If it has been done in the past, what are the methane gas emission levels?

Response to Comment 15

The permit does not require methane monitoring because the waste in the landfill does not produce methane gas such as would be seen at a municipal landfill.

No change in the Permit is required.