5-Valve Test Procedure / Double Check Valve Assembly (Pressure Differential test)

PREPARING TO TEST THE ASSEMBLY	Test #1 TIGHTNESS OF # 2 SHUT OF VALVE
 1. Notify the customer 2. Inspect the area for safety 3. Determine if the assembly is Approved & Appropriate 4. Record Make, Model #, Serial # and Static Working Pressure on test report form 	 1. Turn Off Shut Off Valve # 2 2. Open TC # 4 3. Close TC # 2 - Pause to Allow Gauge to Readjust 4. Read the Gauge & Record (Example: Tight) *If the Pressure Differential Gauge Remains Steady, Record the #2 Shut Off Valve as Tight.
FLUSHING OF TEST COCKS	Test #2 TIGHTNESS OF #1 CHECK
 1. Place Test Adapters on Test Cocks (TC) 2, 3, and 4 2. Open TC # 1, Bleed, then Close 3. Open TC # 2, Bleed, then Close 4. Open TC # 3, Bleed, then Close 5. Open TC # 4, Bleed, then Close 6. Make sure all 5 valves on Gauge are closed 	 1. Close TC # 4 2. Close High Valve 3. Remove By-Pass Hose from TC #4 4. Open TC # 2 5. S-L-O-W-L-Y Open Low Side Bleed Valve to Cause Differential Reading to Rise – Then Close 6. Read the Gauge & Record Value The Pressure Differential Gauge Reading should be 1 PSID or Above.
ATTACHING THE TEST KIT	Test #3 TIGHTNESS OF # 2 CHECK
 1. Attach High Side Hose to TC # 2 2. Attach Low Side Hose to TC # 3 3. Open TC # 2 4. Open TC # 3 5. Open High Side Bleed Valve, Bleed Air, Then Close 6. Open Low Side Bleed Valve, Bleed Air, Then Close 7. Attach By-Pass Hose to TC # 4 8. Open High Side Valve (1/4 Turn) 9. Open By-Pass Valve 10. Loosen By-Pass Hose at TC # 4 to Bleed Air, Then Tighten 11. S-L-O-W-L-Y Open Low Side Bleed Valve to Cause Differential Reading to Rise – Then Close 	 1. Close TC # 2 2. Close TC # 3 3. Remove Low Side Hose from TC # 3 and place it on TC # 4 4. Remove High Side Hose from TC # 2 and Place it on TC # 3 5. Open TC # 3 6. Open High Side Bleed Valve – Bleed Air, Then Close 7. Open TC # 4 8. Open Low Side Bleed Valve – Bleed Air, Then Close 9. Read the Gauge & Record Value A) The Pressure Differential Gauge Reading Should be 1 PSID or Above.
	RESTORE SYSTEM
	 1. Close All Test Cocks 2. Remove Hoses 3. Open All Valves on the Test Kit and Drain Water 4. Restore Water by Opening # 2 Shut Off Valve on Assembly

<u>Detector Assemblies:</u> To verify flow through the bypass, open test cock #4 and the meter should move.

DCDA Type I: 1) Test main assembly as normal using approved DCVA procedures. Remember to isolate the bypass before testing main assembly. 2) Then test bypass assembly separately using approved DCVA procedures.

DCDA Type II: 1) Test mainline DCVA as normal using approved DCVA procedures, Remember to isolate bypass before testing main assembly. 2) Test bypass single check valve using normal approved check #2 test procedures.



5-Valve Test Procedure for a Double Check Valve Assembly (DCVA) (Direction of Flow test)

Preparation	Check Valve #2
 1. Notify customer 2. Inspect the area for safety 3. Determine if the assembly is Approved & Appropriate 4. Record Make, Model, Serial #, Size & Type 5. Install test adapter fittings (if required) 6. Flush TC # 1, 2, 3, 4 7. close all valves on gauge 	 1. Move vertical tube from TC #3 to TC #4* 2. Move high hose to TC #3 3. Open high bleed valve 4. Open TC #3 slowly 5. close high bleed valve when air stops 6. Open TC #4 to fill vertical tube 7. Close TC #4 8. Close shut-off valve #1 9. Center gauge with top of vertical tube 10. Open TC #4 11. Record status of check valve #2 (closed tight @ 1psid> or leaking)
Test #1: Check Valve #1	RECORD SHUT-OFF VALVES
 1. Install vertical tube on TC #3 2. Open High bleed valve on gauge 3. Attach high hose to TC #2 4. Open TC #2 slowly 5. Cless high blood valve when air stops 	 Record shut-off valve #1 & #2 o (closed tight or leaking)
 6. Open TC #3 to fill vertical tube 7. Close TC #3 8. Close shut-off valve #2 9. Record service line pressure (if Required) 10. Close shut-off valve #1 11. Center gauge with top of vertical tube 12. Open TC #3 13. Record status of check valve #1 (closed tight @ 1psid> or leaking) 14. Close TC #2 and TC #3 15. Open shut-off valve #1 	Final Close TC #3 & #4 Remove all hoses Open shut-off valve #1 Open shut-off valve #2 slowly

<u>Detector Assemblies</u>: To verify that there is flow through the bypass, open test cock #4 and meter should move.

DCDA Type I: 1) Test main assembly as normal using approved DCVA procedures. Remember to isolate the bypass before testing main assembly. 2) Then test bypass assembly separately using approved DCVA procedures.

DCDA Type II: 1) Test mainline DCVA as normal using approved DCVA procedures, Remember to isolate bypass before testing main assembly. 2) Test bypass single check valve using normal approved check #2 test procedures.



5 - Valve Test Procedure Pressure Vacuum Breaker(PVB) (Direction of Flow)

PREPERATION	STEP # 2 - Check Valve Value
 1. Notify the customer 2. Inspect the area for safety 3. Determine if the assembly is Approved & Appropriate 4. Record Make, Model #, Serial # and Static Working Pressure on test report form 5. Close All Valves on Test Gauge 6. Remove Low Side Hose from Gauge (if on gauge) 7. Remove Canopy and Clean Debris Around Air Inlet 8. Flush TC#1 9. Flush TC#2 10. Turn Off The # 2 Shut off Valve 11. Open High Side Bleed Valve 	 1. Attach High Side Hose to TC #1 2. SLOWLY Open TC # 1 3. Close High Side Bleed Valve 4. Turn Off The # 1 Shut off Valve 5. Center Gauge with PVB 6. SLOWLY Open TC # 2 and Record PSID Value When Water Stops Flowing from TC #2 (1.0 psid or greater) 7. Close TC #2 & TC #1 8. Remove Hose from TC#1
TEST # 1 : Air Inlet Opening	Restore system by:
 1. Attach high hose to TC #2 2. SLOWLY - Open TC #2 3. Close High Side Bleed Valve (when air stops) 4. Turn Off The # 1 Shut off Valve 5. Center Gauge with PVB 6. SLOWLY Open High Side Bleed Valve and Observe PSID Recording when Air Inlet Pops (1.0psid or better) 7. Close TC # 2 8. Turn on the # 1 Shut off Valve 	 1. Open the # 1 Shut off Valve First 2. Open the # 2 Shut off Valve



5-Valve Test Procedure for a Reduced Pressure Principal Backflow Preventer (RP)(Pres. Differential test)

Test#2 BACKPRESSURE ON # 2 CHECK VALVE
 I. If gauge is steady during test #1 and No Water is Dripping from the Relief Valve, the # 2 Check Valve is Considered to be Tight.
Test #3. DIFFERENTIAL VALUE ON # 1 CHECK VALVE (5psid>)
 1. Close the By-Pass Valve!!/Close the By-Pass Valve!! 2. Open TC # 2 3. Open Low Side Bleed Valve, to Cause Reading to Rise, Then Close Low Side Bleed Valve Read the Gauge and Record Value A) If the Pressure Differential Gauge Reading is 5 PSID or Above, Record the #1 Check Valve as tight.
Test #4. RELIEF VALVE OPENING POINT(2psid>)
□ 1. Place the Top of Your Hand Under the Relief □ 2. S-L-O-W-L-Y Open Low Valve □ 3. As Soon as You Feel the First Drop of Water on Your Hand. Read the Gauge and Record Value(2psid>) □ Close Low Control Valve
Test #5. TIGHTNESS OF # 2 CHECK (1psid>)
 1. Close TC # 2 2. Close TC # 3 3. Close TC # 4 4. Remove By-pass Hose from TC # 4 5. Remove Low Side Hose from TC # 3 and place it on TC # 4 6. Remove High Side Hose from TC # 2 and Place it on TC # 3 7. Open TC # 3 8. Open High Side Bleed Valve – Bleed Air, Then Close 9. Open TC # 4 10. Open Low Side Bleed Valve – Bleed Air, Then Close 9. Read the Gauge & Record Value (1pisd>)
RESTORE SYSTEM I. Close All Test Cocks 2. Remove Hoses 3. Open All Valves on the Test Kit and Drain Water 4. Restore Water by Opening # 2 Shut Off Valve on Assembly

Detector Assemblies:

RPDA Type I: 1) Test main assembly as normal using approved RP procedures. Remember to isolate the bypass before testing main assembly. 2) Then test bypass assembly separately using approved RP procedures.

<u>RPDA Type II:</u> 1) Test mainline RP as normal using approved RP procedures. Remember to isolate bypass before testing main assembly. 2) Test bypass single check valve using normal approved check #2 test procedures.

